# Trinity Lx

Night Time Setback (Time of Day)
Lx800 Only

BONUS

**NEW FEATURES** 

Second Central Heat Input Internal Lead-Lag Control System Sensor Modulation Sensor Alternatives Warm Weather Shutdown



Model Numbers: Lx150-800 Version Date: 2011-03-11

# INSTALLATION AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR TRINITY LX SERIES BOILERS AND WATER HEATERS

This manual to be read in conjunction with the following documents which provide specific instructions for controller setup, plumbing and wiring:



Appendix B - Boiler Applications: Plumbing and Wiring

Appendix C - Water Heater Applications: Plumbing and Wiring











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#### HAZARD SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

12.0 ANNUAL MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION ......

13.0 PARTS LIST .....

14.0 TROUBLESHOOTING .....



Danger Sign: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.

Lx800



Warning Sign: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.



Caution Sign plus Safety Alert Symbol: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



Caution Sign without Safety Alert Symbol: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

NOTICE

Notice Sign: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

This Appliance must be installed by a licensed and trained Heating Technician or the **Warranty is Void.** Failure to properly install this unit may result in property damage, serious injury to occupants, or possibly death.

#### Read Before Proceeding



If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, serious injury or death.

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY, READ BEFORE OPERATING

- A) This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- B) BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch.
- Do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C) Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D) Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

#### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above very carefully.
- 2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
- 3. This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- 4. Turn the manual gas valve to the OFF position. Remove front access panel.
- 5. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
- 6. Turn the manual gas valve ON. Wait an additional five (5) minutes smelling for gas.
- 7. Replace the front access panel.
- 8. Set thermostat to highest setting. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.
- 9. Ignition sequence is automatic. Combustion will occur after a brief fan purge.
- 10. If ignition does not occur, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

#### TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE APPLIANCE

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above very carefully.
- 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance
- 3. Turn the manual gas valve to the OFF position

Crystalline Silica - Certain components confined in the combustion chamber may contain this potential carcinogen. Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, serious injury (exposure to hazardous materials) or death. Refer to Section 12.0 for information on handling instructions and recommended personal protective equipment. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier (who must read and follow the supplied instructions before installing, servicing, or removing this appliance. This appliance contains materials that have been identified as carcinogenic, or possibly carcinogenic, to humans).

**Void Warranty** - This Appliance must have water flowing through it whenever the burner is on or it will damage the unit and void the warranty. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

**Installation and Operation Instructions** – These instructions apply to the installation **IMPORTANT** and operation of Trinity Lx150-800 units and covers instructions that are common-toboth boiler and water heater applications. Troubleshooting instructions for the controller and display are covered in Appendix A. Appliance-specific plumbing and wiring instructions for Boilers and Water Heaters are covered in Appendix B and C, respectively.

**Terminology** – The following terms in the instruction manuals are used to differentiate between which instructions are common-to-both and which are appliance-specific. The term "APPLIANCE" applies to both kinds of water heating appliances (boilers and water heaters) and is used when conveying instructions which are common-to-both. The term "BOILER" or "WATER HEATER" is used when conveying instructions which are appliance-specific or specific to one or the other, but not both.

**Table 1-1 Instruction Manuals** 

Appliance	Model No.		nmon-to-Both nity Lx Series)	Appliance-Specific (Application Based)		
Boiler	Lx150-800	Installation and Operation Instructions	Appendix A - Controller and Touchscreen Display Instructions	Appendix B Boiler Applications: Plumbing and Wiring Instructions	n/a	
Water Heater	Lx200-800	Installation and Operation Instructions	Appendix A -Controller and Touchscreen Display Instructions	n/a	Appendix C Water Heating Applications: Plumbing and Wiring Instructions	

- A conversion kit is required to convert models Lx150-400 so they will safely operate with Propane Gas.
- No conversion kit is required to operate the Lx500 on Propane (LP), see Section 9.0 for specific instructions.
- Do not convert the Lx600, Lx700 or Lx800 to Propane (LP). Operate with Natural Gas only.

#### **General Installation Requirements**

The installation of your NTI Trinity Lx gas appliance must conform to the requirements of this manual, your local authority, and the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1 and or CAN/CGA B149 Installation Codes. Where required by the Authority, the installation must conform to the standard for "Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers ANSI/ASME CSD-1.

This document pertains to the correct installation and operation of NTI Trinity boiler models Lx150, Lx150E, Lx200, Lx300, Lx400, Lx500, Lx600, Lx700 and Lx800. The instructions detailed in this document supersede any and all previous instructions provided by NTI, written or otherwise. Each unit is provided with various manuals and a Natural to LP Conversion Kit for applicable models. Refer to notes and list of Instruction Manuals in Table 1-1.



Lx 600-700-800 models are not approved for operation with Propane (LP Gas). Failure to comply with these instructions will result in property damage, serious injury or death.



Read and understand this entire document prior to proceeding with the installation of the Trinity Lx. Failure to follow the instructions outlined in this document will result in property damage, serious injury or death.

#### **User Responsibilities**

This appliance must be installed and serviced by a qualified installer or service technician. This appliance must be serviced and inspected annually when operating in normal residential applications. Demanding applications or extreme conditions (i.e. commercial) may require more frequent service and inspection. As the User/Owner of this equipment, you are responsible for ensuring the maintenance is performed at the required intervals.



Failure to have the appliance properly serviced and inspected on a regular basis by a qualified service technician may result in property damage, serious injury or death.



Failure to keep the Vent and Combustion Air Intake clear of ice, snow, and other debris may result in property damage, serious injury, or death.

#### Installer Responsibilities

A qualified installer is a licensed person who has appropriate training and a working knowledge of the applicable codes, regulations, tools, equipment and methods necessary to install a boiler or water heater. The Installer assumes all responsibility for a safe installation and that it meets the requirements of the Trinity instruction manuals, as well as National and local codes. It is also the installer's responsibility to inform the User/Owner of their obligation with respect to the description under "User Responsibilities". Failure to follow this warning could result in fire, serious injury, or death.

#### **ATTENTION: LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM (LP) PROPANE**

The Trinity Lx is factory set to operate with Natural Gas. BEFORE OPERATING WITH PROPANE, the specified LP Conversion Kit must be installed to convert the appliance so it will operate safely with LP Propane. The Lx600, Lx700 and Lx800 operate with Natural Gas only; DO NOT convert these models to Propane. Listed below are the NTI applicable models and their corresponding Natural to LP Propane Conversion Kit number.

Liquefied Petroleum (LP) propane gas is heavier than air; therefore, it is imperative that your Trinity Lx appliance is not installed in a pit or similar location that will permit heavier than air gas to collect. Local Codes may require appliances fueled with LP gas be provided with an approved means of removing unburned gases from the room. Check your local codes for this requirement.

	Natural to LP Propane Conversion Kit	
NTI Series	Model Number	Kit Number
Trinity Lx	150, 150E, 200, 300	82650-1
Trinity Lx	400	83017-1
Trinity Lx	500	84386-1

Failure to use the appropriate Natural to LP Conversion Kit when operating the Trinity Lx with Propane will result in extremely dangerous burner operation leading to property damage, serious injury or death. Refer to section titled ATTENTION: LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM (LP) **PROPANE** for applicable models and corresponding conversion kit numbers.

#### Appliance Vent / Air-Intake Piping

The Trinity Lx is a "Direct Vent" appliance requiring a "Special Venting System". Vent and Combustion-Air Intake piping must be piped to the outdoors, using the vent material and rules outlined in these instructions. Failure to follow instructions will result in serious injury or death.

#### **New Features**

Second Central Heat Input - The Trinity Lx can be used as a stand alone unit with a lone heat input or with two heat inputs. To configure units for two heat inputs refer to "Second Central Heat Input vs Multiple Boiler Application Settings" in Appendix A and "Stand Alone Boiler Applications" in Appendix B.

Internal Lead-Lag Control - The Trinity Lx controller has the internal capacity to stage or lead-lag up to 8 boilers or water heaters configured in a cascade by "daisy chaining" the controller units together. Refer to "Second Central Heat Input vs Multiple Boiler Application Settings" in Appendix A for controller setup and Appendix B or C for application specific plumbing and wiring instructions.



Modbus Address - In Lead Lag installations, each controller's Modbus Address must be assigned by the installer. Refer to "System Identification & Access" in Appendix A.

System Sensor - Each LX is provided with an optional system water temperature sensor that allows the system supply or return temperature to be regulated directly. Refer to "Low Voltage Connections" in Appendix B. Not used for Water Heater Applications.

Modulation Sensor Alternatives - New LX models provide increased accuracy and control of a unit's water temperature by allowing installers to select the desired modulation sensor for a given demand. Refer to "Modulation Sensor" in Appendix B or C.

Warm Weather Shutdown - When enabled, this feature will "prevent" Central Heat operation when the outdoor temperature exceeds the WWSD setpoint and "permit" Central Heat operation if the outdoor temperature drops below the WWSD setpoint by 4°F. For set up details refer to the "Warm Weather Shutdown Configuration" in Appendix A - Controller and Touchscreen Display. Not used for water heater applications.

#### IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS ONLY

- (a) For all horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned and operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:
  - 1. INSTALLATION OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS At the time of installation of the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment, the installing plumber or gas fitter shall observe that a hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm and battery back-up is installed on the floor level where the gas equipment is to be installed and on each additional level of the dwelling, building or structure served by the equipment. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to secure the services of qualified licensed professionals for the installation of hard wired carbon monoxide detectors.
    - a. In the event that the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment is installed in a crawl space or an attic, the hard wired carbon monoxide detector with alarm and battery back-up may be installed on the next adjacent floor level.
    - b. In the event that the requirements of this subdivision can not be met at the time of completion of installation, the owner shall have a period of 30 days to comply with the above requirements; provided, however, that during said 30 day period a battery operated carbon monoxide detector with an alarm shall be installed.
  - 2. APPROVED CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.
  - 3. <u>SIGNAGE</u> A metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight (8) feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal for the horizontally vented gas fueled heating appliance or equipment. The sign shall read, in print size no less than one-half (1/2) inch in size, "GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL **OBSTRUCTIONS**" (plate included with appliance).
  - 4. INSPECTION The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4.
- (b) EXEMPTIONS: The following equipment is exempt from 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4:
  - 1. The equipment listed in Chapter 10 entitled "Equipment Not Required To Be Vented" in the most current edition of NFPA 54 as adopted by the Board; and
  - 2. Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in a room or structure separate from the dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes.
- (c) MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM PROVIDED: When the manufacturer of Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas equipment provides a venting system design or venting system components with the equipment, the instructions provided by the manufacturer for installation of the equipment and the venting system shall include:
  - 1. Detailed instructions for installation of the venting system design or the venting system components; and
  - 2. A complete parts list for the venting system design or venting system.
- (d) MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM NOT PROVIDED: When the manufacturer of a Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment does not provide the parts for venting the flue gases, but identifies "special venting systems", the following requirements shall be satisfied by the manufacturer.

#### 2.0 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2-1 Specifications Lx150-300

DESCRIPTION	Lx150	Lx150E	Lx200	Lx300		
CSA Input Modulation <sup>1</sup> btu/hr [kw]	30,000-150,000 <sup>2</sup> [8.8-44.0]	30,000-150,000 [8.8-44.0]	40,000-199,000 [11.7-58.3]	55,000-275,000 [16.1-80.5]		
DOE Heating Capacity <sup>1, 3</sup> btu/hr [kw]	136,000 [39.8]	139,000 [40.7]	182,000 [53.3]	251,000 [73.5]		
Net I=B=R Rating <sup>1,3</sup> btu/hr [kw]	118,000 [34.8]	121,000 [35.4]	158,000 [46.3]	213,000 [62.4]		
DOE AFUE <sup>3</sup> %	95.1	97.0	95.1	95.1		
Recovery Rating @ 100°F Rise, gal/hr	-	-	224	310		
Water Connections - NPT, in.	1 4	1	1	1-1/4		
Gas Connection - NPT, in.	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2		
Vent/Air-Intake Pipe Dia. respectively, in. [mm] <sup>5</sup>	3 <sup>7</sup> or 4 [ 76 or 102]	3 <sup>7</sup> or 4 [ 76 or 102]	3 <sup>7</sup> or 4 [ 76 or 102]	4 or 6 [102 or 152]		
Vent/Air-Intake, Max. Length, ft. [m]	105 <sup>7</sup> [32]	105 <sup>7</sup> [32]	105 <sup>7</sup> [32]	100 [30.5]		
Dimensions H x W x D in. [mm]	29.5x17x18.5 [749x432x470]	29.5x17x18.5 [749x432x470]	29.5x17x18.5 [749x432x470]	36x17x21.5 [915x432x546]		
Approx. Appliance Weight with Water, lbs [kg]	100 [45.3]	125 [56.7]	125 [56.7]	180 [81.6]		
Electrical Rating 120V / 1 Phase / 60 Hz / 12A						

Table 2-2 Specifications Lx400-800

DESCRIPTION 1 400 1 500 1 700 6 1 700 6 1 700 6											
DESCRIPTION	Lx400	Lx500	Lx600 <sup>6</sup>	Lx700 <sup>6</sup>	Lx800 <sup>6</sup>						
CSA Input Modulation <sup>1</sup>	75,000-399,000	100,000-500,000	120,000-600,000	160,000-700,000	160,000-800,000						
btu/hr [kw]	[21.9-117]	[29.3-146]	[35.1-176]	[46.9-205]	[46.9-234]						
Heating Capacity <sup>1</sup>	374,000	468,000	562,000	655,000	749,000						
btu/hr [kw]	[109.6]	[137]	[164]	[192]	[219.5]						
Steady State Efficiency Rating %	94.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	94.0						
Recovery Rating @ 100°F Rise, gal/hr	450	564	677	789	902						
Water Connections - NPT, in.	1-1/4	2	2	2	2						
Gas Connection - NPT, in.	3/4	3/4	1	1	1						
Vent/Air-Intake Pipe Dia.	4 or 6	4 9 or 6	4 9 or 6	4 <sup>8</sup> or 6	4 <sup>8</sup> or 6						
respectively, in. [mm] <sup>5</sup>	[102 or 152]	[102 or 152]	[102 or 152]	[102 or 152]	[102 or 152]						
Vent/Air-Intake,	100	100 9	100 9	100	100						
Max. Length, ft. [m]	[30.5]	[30.5]	[30.5]	[30.5]	[30.5]						
Dimensions H x W x D	36x17x24	43x17x32.5	37x17x47.5	37x17x63.5	37x17x63.5						
in. [mm]	[915x432x610]	[1092x432x825]	[938x432x1206]	[938x432x1613]	[938x432x1613]						
Approx. Appliance Weight with Water, lbs [kg]	225 [102]	320 [145]	380 [172]	425 [193]	475 [215]						
Electrical Rating		120	V / 1 Phase / 60 Hz /	12A							

## Notes for Tables 2-1 and 2-2:

- <sup>1</sup> Listed Input and Output ratings are at minimum vent lengths at Sea Level. Numbers will be lower with longer venting and/or altitudes greater then 2000 feet [610 m].
- The maximum output when operating on LP-Gas is limited to 145,000 Btu/hr [42.5 kW].
- <sup>3</sup> Based on rating plate input capacities, using standard test procedures prescribed by the U.S. Department of Energy. Ratings have been confirmed by AHRI (GAMA), excluding Lx400 and Lx800.
- <sup>4</sup> Units sold in Canada are 3/4" NPT.
- <sup>5</sup> Trinity Lx require a special venting system, use only vent materials and methods detailed in these instructions.
- <sup>6</sup> Models Lx600, Lx700 and Lx800 operate with Natural Gas only.
- Models Lx150-200, when using 3" venting on LP, max. equivalent length = 50 feet.
- <sup>8</sup> Only 6" exhaust vent is permissible for the Lx700 and Lx800. Air intake pipe can be 4" or 6".
- <sup>9</sup> Models Lx500 and Lx600 are limited to 30' of 4" or 90' of 6"exhaust venting when using the Indoor Combustion Air Kit.

#### **High Altitude Operation**

The Trinity is designed to operate at its maximum listed capacity in installations less than or equal to 2000 ft [610 m] above Sea Level. Since the density of air decreases as elevation increases, maximum specified capacity should be de-rated for elevations above 2000 ft [610 m] in accordance with Table 2-3.

Table 2-3 De-rate % for High Altitudes

Elevations	2000 ft [610 m]	3000 ft [914 m]	4000 ft [1219 m]	4500 ft [1372 m]	5000 ft [1524 m]
In Canada <sup>1</sup>	de-rate by 5%	de-rate by 5%	de-rate by 5%	de-rate by 5%	de-rate % may vary
In USA <sup>2</sup>	-	de-rate by 4%	de-rate by 8%	-	de-rate by 12%

Combustion – At elevations above 2000 feet, the combustion of the appliance must be **A** WARNING checked with a calibrated combustion analyzer to ensure safe and reliable operation. It is the Installers responsibility to check the combustion and to adjust the combustion in accordance to **Section 9.0.** Failure to follow these instructions may result in property damage, serious injury, or death.

Canada: Altitudes between 2000-4500 ft [610-1372 m], de-rate by 5%. Consult local authorities for de-rating capacities for altitudes above 4500 ft [1372 m].

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  USA: De-rate capacity by 4% for every 1000 ft [305 m] over 2000 ft [610 m].

#### 3.0 APPLIANCE LOCATION

In all cases, the Trinity Lx must be installed indoors in a dry location where the ambient temperature must be maintained above freezing and below 100°F [38°C]. Gas components must be protected from dripping, spraying water, or rain during operation and servicing. Consider the proximity of system piping, gas and electrical supply, condensate disposal drain, and proximity to vent termination when determining the best appliance location.



Water or flood damaged components must be replaced immediately with new factoryapproved components as failure to do so may result in fire, serious injury, or death.

#### Floor Mounting

The Trinity Lx can be mounted directly on combustible flooring, with the exception of carpeting. Installing the appliance on carpeting is not permissible. Ensure the appliance is mounted above any anticipated flood level. Models Lx150-400 come equipped with stationary, low profile legs. Lx500-800 models include factory supplied/field installed leveling legs. Once the unit is removed from the pallet, thread the leveling legs into the allocated threaded inserts in the bottom of the unit.

#### **Appliance Area Ventilation Air Openings**

If appliance area clearances are less then the recommended clearances specified in Table 3-1, the appliance area must be ventilated. Each ventilation air opening must meet the minimum requirements of 1 in<sup>2</sup> per 1000 Btu/hr, but not less then 100 in<sup>2</sup>. The lower ventilation opening must be located within 6" of the floor while the upper opening must be located 6" from the top of the space. The Lx500-800 has an optional Indoor Combustion Air Kit that can be installed in lieu of direct vent air intake piping. Note that the Indoor Combustion Air option is not to be used in conjunction with closet or alcove installations. See "Mechanical Room Installations" below.



If the "Appliance Area" does not meet all of the recommended clearances listed in Table 3-1, it is considered a Closet or Alcove. The use of PVC venting (exhaust and air-intake) is not permitted within the Closet or Alcove. See Table 4-3 for a list of approved materials.

#### **Closet Installations**

For closet installations, it is necessary to provide two ventilation air openings as shown in Figure 3-1(a), (b) and (c), each providing a minimum area equal to 1 in<sup>2</sup> per 1000 Btu/hr, but not less then 100 in<sup>2</sup> and within 6" of the top and bottom of the closet door. See Table 3-1for minimum recommended clearances.

#### **Alcove Installations**

Alcove installations have the same minimum clearances as closet installations, except the front must be completely open to the room at a distance no greater then 18" [457 mm] from the front of the appliance and the room is at least three (3) times the size of the alcove. Provided these conditions are met, the appliance requires no extra ventilation air openings to the space. See Table 3-1for minimum recommended clearances.

#### **Residential Garage Installations**

When installed in a residential garage, mount the appliance a minimum of 18" [457 mm] above the floor. Locate or protect the appliance so it cannot be damaged by a moving vehicle. Check with your local authorities for other possible regulations pertaining to the installation of an appliance in a garage.

#### **Mechanical Room Installations (Commercial)**

The Trinity Lx500-800 is certified for use as a Direct Vent System, where flue gas and combustion air piping are connected directly to the appliance. In addition, it is the only Lx model certified for use with an Indoor Combustion Air System where flue gas piping is connected directly to the appliance, but combustion air is drawn directly from the room. Room supplied combustion air systems are subject to additional codes requirements such as pre-ignition interlocks with motorized dampers or auxiliary proving circuits when operating in rooms with mechanical exhaust fans. See Table 4-1 for combustion air contamination sources to avoid, Table 4-5 for a list of design considerations and installation guidelines, and Figure 4-13 for Kit details.

#### **Wall Mounting Installations (Optional)**

Lx150-400 models are shipped with wall mounting brackets to provide installers with the option of wall mounting the appliance. The Lx500-800 are not available as a wall mountable unit. Refer to Figures 3-3(a) and 3-3(b) for instructions and illustrations on wall mounting applicable models. Note that Water Heaters require "Mandatory Wall Mounting Protection". Refer to Section 1.0 in Appendix C, "Water Heater Applications: Plumbing & Wiring Instructions" for further details.



Left Side 12" [305 mm]

#### Figure 3-1(a) Lx150-200 Models

## **Closet Installation, Minimum Clearances** Piping must be CPVC Top 12" [305 mm] 1" [25 mm] clearance for hot water and vent pipes 6" [152 mm] max. above vent opening Ventilation Air Opening Ventilation Air Openings 1 in<sup>2</sup> per 1000 Btu/hr, min. 100 in<sup>2</sup> are not required if the appliance area meets the listed Recommended Removable Surface or Closet Door Clearances in Table 3-1. Ventilation Air Opening 1 in<sup>2</sup> per 1000 Btu/hr, min. 100 in<sup>2</sup> 6" [152 mm] max. below vent opening Right Side 4" [102 mm]

#### Figure 3-1(b) Lx300-400 Models

## **Closet Installation, Minimum Clearances** Piping must be CPVC Top 12" [305 mm] 1" [25 mm] clearance for hot water and vent pipes 6" [152 mm] max. above vent opening Ventilation Air Opening 1 in<sup>2</sup> per 1000 Btu/hr, min. 100 in<sup>2</sup> Removable Surface or Closet Door Ventilation Air Openings Ventilation Air Opening are not required if the 1 in<sup>2</sup> per 1000 Btu/hr, min. 100 in<sup>2</sup> appliance area meets the listed Recommended 6" [152 mm] max. below vent opening Clearances in Table 3-1. Right Side 12" [305 mm] Front 6" [152 mm] - Boilers Left Side 12" [305 mm] Front 36" [915 mm] - Water Heaters S



Front 6" [152 mm] - Boilers

Front 36" [915 mm] - Water Heaters

Closet/alcove installations in US and Canada require approved <u>CPVC</u> vent and air-inlet pipe, fittings, cements and primers (Table 4-3).

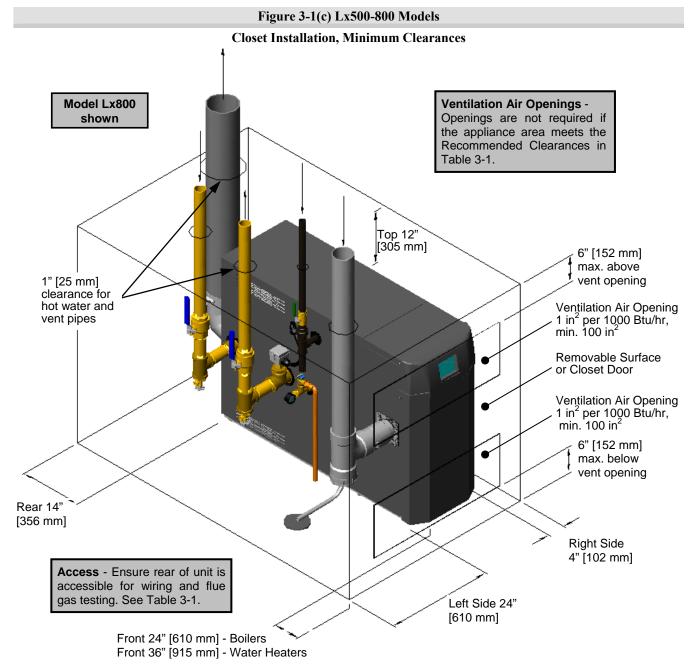


Table 3-1 Minimum Clearances for Installation and Service

Model No.	Clearances	Dimensions - inches [mm]								
Model No.	Clearances	Front	Top	Left Side	Right Side	Rear	Flue Pipe			
Trinity Lx150-200	Minimum	24 [610] <sup>1,3</sup>	12 [305]	12 [305]	4 [102]	0	1 [25]			
Tillity Lx130-200	Recommended	24 [610]	24 [610]	24 [610] <sup>2</sup>	4 [102]	0	1 [25]			
Trinity Lx300-400	Minimum	24 [610] <sup>1,3</sup>	12 [305]	12 [305]	12 [305]	0	1 [25]			
Tillity Lx300-400	Recommended	24 [610]	24 [610]	24 [610] <sup>2</sup>	12 [305]	0	1 [25]			
Trivity I 500 0004	Minimum	24 [610] <sup>1,3</sup>	12 [305]	24 [610]	4 [102]	14 [356]	1 [25]			
Trinity Lx500-800 <sup>4</sup>	Recommended	24 [610]	24 [610]	30 [762]	24 [610]	18 [458]	1 [25]			

#### **Notes:**

- <sup>1</sup> 6" if surface is removable allowing 24" [610 mm] clearance (i.e. closet installation). See Ventilation Air Opening dimensions in Figure 3-1.
- <sup>2</sup> Clearances can be as low as 12" [305 mm] if the right side has a clearance of 24" [610 mm].
- <sup>3</sup> Water Heaters require a minimum clearance of 36" [915 mm] in front for burner access (Lx200-800).
- For the Lx500-800, ensure rear of unit is accessible for wiring and flue gas testing.

# Figure 3-2(a) Lx150-200 Models Wall Mounting Installations

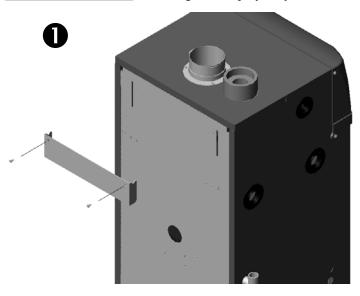
- Remove the upper wall mount bracket from the back of the appliance.
- Secure the upper wall mount bracket to a solid wall using field supplied lag screws (anchors when mounting on a concrete wall) that are adequate to support the weight of the appliance. Ensure the bracket is mounted in the level position. Refer to Table 2-1 Specifications for appliance weight.
- Mount the appliance to the bracket by aligning the slots in the back of the appliance with the hooks protruding from the wall bracket. The top of the slots must rest at the bottom of the groove in the hooks of the wall mount bracket.
- 4 Pull the bottom of the unit away from the wall to allow the installation of the lower wall mount bracket (included with appliance). The bracket will snap into place using the slots provided in the bottom of the unit (ensure the snaps lock into place, once installed the bracket should not be easily removed).

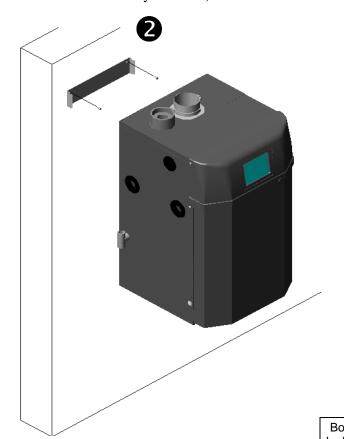


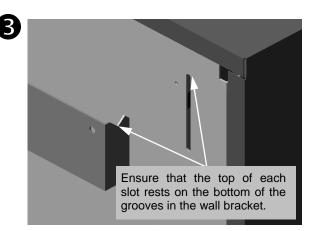
Failure to follow instructions may result in fire, serious injury, or death.

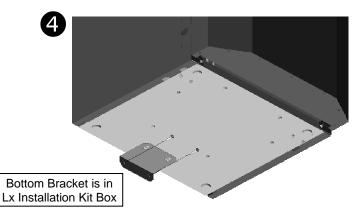


This unit requires two people to lift it or damage and injury may result.









IMPORTANT

Water Heaters require "Mandatory Wall Mounting Protection". Refer to Section 1.0 in Appendix C, "Water Heater Applications: Plumbing & Wiring Instructions".

#### Figure 3-2(b) Lx300-400 Models Wall Mounting Installations

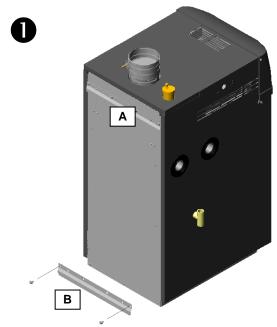
- While leaving the upper bracket intact (A), remove the wall mount bracket attached to the bottom-back of the appliance (B). Save the mounting hardware for Step 4.
- **2** Secure the wall mount bracket, removed from the bottom of the boiler in Step 1, to a solid wall using field supplied lag screws (anchors when mounting to a concrete wall) that are adequate to support the weight of the appliance (refer to Table 2-1 Specifications). Ensure the wall mount bracket is mounted level and flush to the wall with mounting holes on the bottom, flange pointed upward and angled away from the wall.
- **3** Mount the appliance to the wall by aligning the upper bracket (A) with the wall mount bracket (B). Slide the upper bracket down over the wall mount bracket until it hooks.
- **4** Once the appliance is resting securely on the upper bracket, secure the bottom bracket to the underside of the appliance using the mounting hardware removed in Step 1; then, anchor the bottom bracket to the wall as shown.

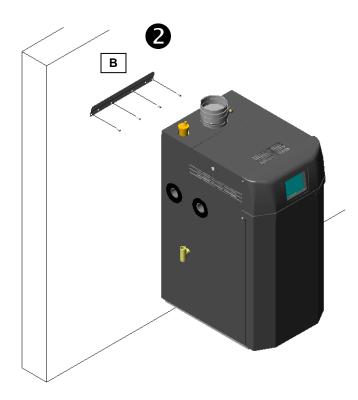


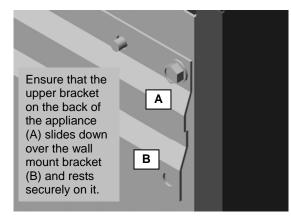
Failure to follow instructions may result in fire, serious injury, or death.

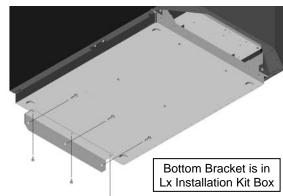


This unit requires two people to lift it or damage and injury may result.









Water Heaters require "Mandatory Wall Mounting Protection". Refer to Section 1.0 in Appendix C, "Water Heater Applications: Plumbing & Wiring Instructions".

#### 4.0 GENERAL VENTING

Lx Series

The Trinity Lx is a "Direct Vent" appliance requiring a "Special Venting System" designed for pressurized venting. Both the Vent and Air-Intake piping must be piped to the outdoors, using the vent material and rules outlined in this section. Under no conditions may this unit vent gases into a masonry chimney, unless it is vacant, and utilizes the approved venting material and rules described in this section. Installations must comply with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (U.S.) or CSA B149.1 (Canada) and local requirements.



Vent and Air-Intake to be piped separately. The Trinity Lx cannot share a common vent or air-intake with multiple appliances. Failure to comply will result in serious injury or death.

#### **Combustion Air-Intake Contamination**

Be careful not to locate the Air-Intake termination in an area where contaminants can be drawn in and used for combustion. Combustion air containing dust, debris or air-borne contaminants will drastically increase the required maintenance and may cause a corrosive reaction in the Heat Exchanger which could result in premature failure, fire, serious injury, or death. See Table 4-1 for a list of areas to avoid when terminating air-intake piping:

Table 4-1 Corrosive Products and Contaminant Sources

Products to Avoid	Contaminated Sources to Avoid
Antistatic fabric softeners, bleaches, detergents, cleaners	Laundry facilities
Perchloroethylene (PCE), hydrocarbon based cleaners	Dry cleaning facilities
Chemical fertilizer, herbicides/pesticides, dust, methane gas	Farms or areas with livestock and manure
Paint or varnish removers, cements or glues, sawdust	Wood working or furniture refinishing shops
Water chlorination chemicals (chloride, fluoride)	Swimming pools, hot tubs
Solvents, cutting oils, fiberglass, cleaning solvents	Auto body or metal working shops
Refrigerant charge with CFC or HCFC	Refrigerant repair shops
Permanent wave solutions	Beauty shops
Fixer, hydrochloric acid (muriatic acid), bromide, iodine	Photo labs, chemical / plastics processing plants
Cement powder, crack fill dust, cellulose, fiber based insulation	Concrete plant or construction site



Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance. Failure to follow instructions may result in serious injury or death.

#### Flammable Solvents and Plastic Piping

Due to the extremely flammable characteristics of most glues, cements, solvents and primers used in the process of joining plastic vent and air-inlet pipe, explosive solvent vapors must be evacuated from the vent and air-intake prior to start-up. Avoid using excess cement or primer that may lead to pooling inside the pipe assembly. Freshly assembled piping assembly should be allowed to cure for a minimum of 8 hours before applying power to the gas fired appliance. Refer to Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for Plastic Venting in this section.



Flammable Cements and Primers – It is the installers' responsibility to familiarize themselves with the hazards associated with explosive solvents and to take all precautions to reduce these risks. Failure to follow these instructions can cause explosions, property damage, injury or death.

#### **Near Appliance Vent/Air-Intake Piping**

Each Trinity Lx is equipped with a short piece of approved CPVC vent pipe. Insert one end into the appliance flue outlet adapter and cement the other to field venting (see Table 4-3 for approved venting material). The CPVC vent pipe should extend fully into the appliance flue outlet adapter (see Table 4-2). **DO NOT** insert PVC pipe directly into the flue outlet connection as it can deform from the clamping force of the gear clamp. Ensure that the venting system does not apply a load or strain on the appliance flue outlet adapter. The manufacturer recommends using two elbows to create a "swing joint" to reduce potential strain on vent piping and cemented joints. See Figures 4-1 through 4-3 for illustrations.



Gasket Seating - Improper seating can cause leakage and eventual failure of the sealing gasket. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.

#### Figure 4-1(a) Lx150-200 Model Figure 4-1(b) Lx150-200 Model **Near Appliance Venting (CPVC)** Near Appliance Venting (PVC) **Swing Joint Swing Joint** to attain slope in to attain slope in horizontal runs horizontal runs Air Inlet **Air Inlet** 3" Pipe ' 3" Pipe Exhaust Vent - 3" PVC, **Exhaust Vent** (check local codes and 3" CPVC Table 4-3) Coupling Coupling 3" PVC Coupling Flue Outlet 3" Removable 3" Removable Stainless Steel Adapter **Transition Piece** (field supplied) (field supplied) (factory supplied) 3" CPVC, minimum 5" long (factory supplied) LUE OUTLET **Mandatory Vent Pipe Transition Piece** See Table 4-2. Figure 4-2(b) Lx300-400 Models Figure 4-2(a) Lx300-400 Models Near Appliance Venting (PVC) **Near Appliance Venting (CPVC) Swing Joint** Mandatory Vent Pipe **Swing Joint** to attain slope in **Transition Piece** to attain slope in horizontal runs See Table 4-2. horizontal runs **Exhaust Vent** 4"/6" CPVC **Exhaust Vent** 4"/6" PVC (check local codes and Table 4-3) Coupling 4"/6"x4" PVC **Transition Piece** 4" CPVC, minimum 4" Flue Outlet Flue Outlet long (factory supplied) Stainless Steel Adapter Stainless Steel Adapter (factory supplied) (factory supplied) Air-Inlet Air-Inlet 4" Pipe ' 4" Pipe \* Coupling Coupling 4" Removable 4" Removable (factory supplied) (factory supplied) 90° elbow typical, or tee and 90° elbow typical, or tee and

drain cap option for easy cleanouts

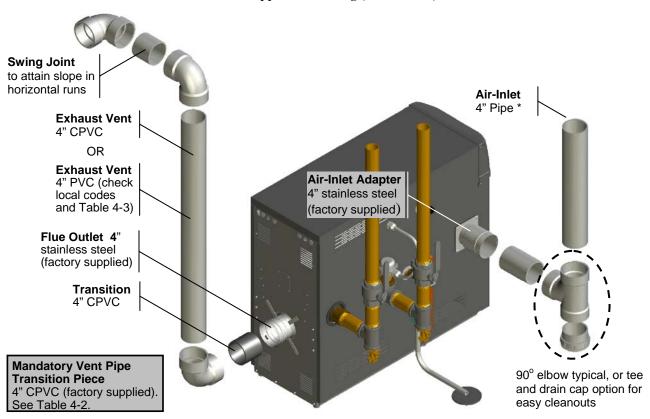
drain cap option for easy cleanouts

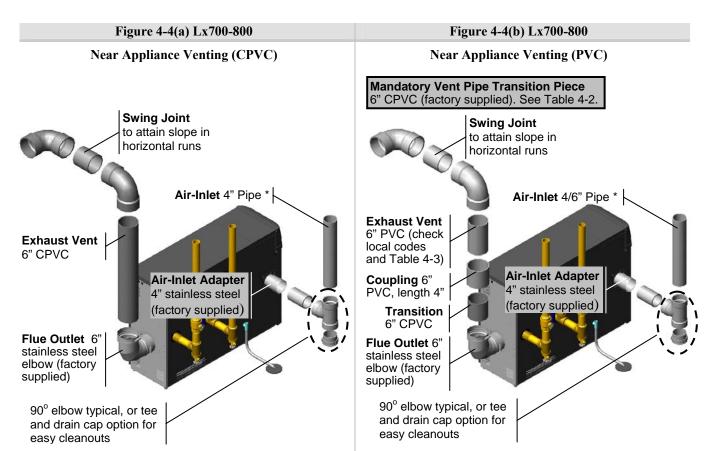


<sup>\*</sup> Air-Inlet - check with applicable local codes for acceptable pipe material.

#### Figure 4-3(a) Lx500-600

#### **Near Appliance Venting (CPVC/PVC)**





<sup>\*</sup> Air-Inlet - check with applicable local codes for acceptable pipe material.



Exhaust venting must be supported to reduce strain on piping joints. Failure to follow these instructions may result in result in damage, serious injury or death.



In Canada, the first 3 ft (915 mm) of vent piping must be readily accessible for inspection.

Table 4-2 Mandatory Vent Pipe Transition Piece

Model No. CPVC Vent Pipe Size		CPVC Transition Vent Pipe Length	Full Insertion Depth
Trinity Lx150-200	3"	Minimum 5" [127 mm]	2-7/8" [73 mm]
Trinity Lx300-600	4"	Minimum 4" [100 mm]	1-7/8" [48 mm]
Trinity Lx700-800	6"	Minimum 6" [152 mm]	2-1/2" [63 mm]

#### **Vent/Air-Intake Pipe Material**

Table 4-3 Acceptable Vent and Air-Intake Pipe Material

Items 1	Materials <sup>2, 3</sup>	Installation	n Standards	A WAD
Items	Materials	<b>United States</b>	Canada <sup>4</sup>	A WAR
	PVC - DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2265		All Vent and
Vent Piping and Fittings	PVC Schedule 40	ANSI/ASTM D1785	A 11	materials installe
	CPVC Schedule 40	ANSI/ASTM F441	All venting material in Canada must be	fired appliances i must meet the listed in Table 4
and I ittings	AL29-4C	UL-1738	ULC S636 approved.	
	Polypropylene (PP)	n/a	See Note 4 below for	to comply could
Pipe Cement	PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	appropriate temperature applications.	fire, serious injur
Tipe Cement	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	аррисаноны.	
Primers	PVC / CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F656		



Air-Intake led on gas in CAN/US Standards 4-3. Failure ld result in ry or death.

- Refer to Table 4-4 for Allowable Vent and Air-Intake Pipe Sizes and Lengths.
- <sup>2</sup> PVC venting (exhaust and air-intake) is not permitted within the Closet/alcove of a Closet/alcove installation.
- <sup>3</sup> The Air-Intake does not require high temperature pipe material. Check applicable local codes for acceptable materials.
- ULC S636 PVC is approved for flue gas temperatures up to 149°F (65°C) and must only be used for low temperature applications. High temperature applications requiring appliance supply water temperatures greater than 140°F (60°C) must use ULC S636 CPVC, PP or AL29-4C.

#### Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for Plastic Venting



Do not apply power to the appliance prior to Step 4 in the Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for Plastic Venting.



Spark Igniter Cable - Maintain a minimum 2" separation between spark igniter circuit and conductors. Failure to follow instructions may result in component failure, injury or death.

- 1) Working with the power turned off to the appliance, completely install the vent and air intake system, securely cementing joints together. If possible, allow primers/cements to cure for 8 hours before firing the burner. If curing time is less than 8 hours, proceed with Steps 2 through 6.
- 2) Maintain the appliance gas supply shut-off valve in the off position.
- 3) Disconnect electrical leads to the Hot Surface or Spark Igniter. Ensure the cables are placed in a fashion where they will not arc to ground or other conductor. Refer to warning regarding Spark Igniter Cable.
- 4) Turn power on to the appliance and apply a heat demand.
- 5) Allow for 3 complete trials for ignition, consisting of pre and post purge of the combustion blower, until an ignition lockout occurs. Repeat the process two more times (i.e. 9 complete ignition sequences in total).
- 6) Turn power off and reconnect the electrical leads to the Igniter.

#### **Vent and Air-Intake Pipe Length Determination**

Use Table 4-4 to determine the maximum pipe length that can be used. The table calculates sweep, 90° elbows, and 45° elbows at 5 equivalent feet [1.52 m] each. Note: models Lx150-200 have limitations when operating with Propane Gas (LP).

**Example:** An Lx200 can be installed with 105 equivalent feet [32 m] of air-intake piping and 105 equivalent feet [32 m] of vent piping when operating with Natural Gas. When operating with Propane Gas (LP), the maximum vent length in equivalent feet is limited to 50' (3" pipe).

NOTICE

The length of one vent pipe (intake or exhaust) may not exceed the length of the other vent pipe by more than 20 equivalent feet (6.1 m).

Table 4-4 Allowable Vent and Air-Intake Pipe Size and Lengths

Model	Pipe Size	Gas	Length	N	lumber o	of Elbows	s (90's or	45's) an	d Equiva	alent Fee	t [Meters	s]
Model	Tipe Size	Gas	ft. [m]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Y 150	3"	LP	50 [15.2]	45 [13.7]	40 [12.2]	35 [10.7]	30 [9.1]	25 [7.6]	20 [6.1]	15 [4.6]	10 [3.0]	5 [1.5]
Lx150 Lx150E Lx200	3"	NG	105 [32]	100 [30.5]	95 [28.9]	90 [27.4]	85 [25.9]	80 [24.4]	75 [22.9]	70 [21.3]	65 [19.8]	60 [18.3]
LX200	4"	NG & LP	105 [32]	100 [30.5]	95 [28.9]	90 [27.4]	85 [25.9]	80 [24.4]	75 [22.9]	70 [21.3]	65 [19.8]	60 [18.3]
Lx300 Lx400	4" or 6"	NG & LP	100 [30.5]	95 [28.9]	90 [27.4]	85 [25.9]	80 [24.4]	75 [22.9]	70 [21.3]	65 [19.8]	60 [18.3]	55 [16.8]
Lx500	4" or 6" <sup>3</sup>	NG & LP	100 [30.5]	95 [28.9]	90 [27.4]	85 [25.9]	80 [24.4]	75 [22.9]	70 [21.3]	65 [19.8]	60 [18.3]	55 [16.8]
Lx600	4"or 6" <sup>3</sup>	NG <sup>2</sup>	100 [30.5]	95 [28.9]	90 [27.4]	85 [25.9]	80 [24.4]	75 [22.9]	70 [21.3]	65 [19.8]	60 [18.3]	55 [16.8]
Lx700 Lx800	6"1	NG <sup>2</sup>	100 [30.5]	95 [28.9]	90 [27.4]	85 [25.9]	80 [24.4]	75 [22.9]	70 [21.3]	65 [19.8]	60 [18.3]	55 [16.8]

#### **Notes:**

Indoor Combustion Air Kit and Venting Restrictions - Models Lx500 and 600 are **A** WARNING limited to 30' equivalent of 4" or 90' equivalent of 6" exhaust vent when using the optional Indoor Combustion Air Kit. When transitioning from 4" to 6", the 4" venting used must be counted 3 times to convert to an equivalent length in 6".

**Example:** An application uses one 90° elbow and 5 feet of 4" venting before converting to 6"; therefore, the 4" venting has an equivalent length of 30' [(5'+5') x 3] of 6" venting; thus allowing an additional 60' equivalent of 6" venting (Note: Example is only true with Lx500 and Lx 600 using optional Indoor Combustion Air Kit).

#### **Venting and Air Intake Options**

Venting options include direct vent, with or w/o termination kits, and one-pipe concentric vent systems. Direct Vent is the standard air intake method; however, Lx500-800 models have the option to draw combustion air directly from the room using the NTI Indoor Combustion Air Kit (part number 84093). See Table 4-5 through 4-7 for a list of Kits and Figures 4-5 to 4-15 for application illustrations.

PVC In Canada - Authorities in some jurisdictions are not allowing the use of any PVC IMPORTANT venting materials with condensing boilers, even if System 636 certified. Check with the local safety inspector to verify compliance prior to installing a PVC Concentric Vent Kit with a Trinity appliance.



**Side Wall Options** - Due to potential moisture loading (build-up) along the exterior wall, sidewall venting may not be the preferred venting option. See Figs 4-5(b), 4-6(b), 4-9(b).

Only 6" exhaust vent is permissible for the Lx700-800. Air intake pipe can be 4" or 6" (6" is recommended).

Models Lx600, Lx700 and Lx800 operate with Natural Gas only.

Models Lx500-Lx600 are limited to 30' of 4" or 90' of 6" exhaust venting when using the Indoor Combustion Air Kit.

**Optional Vent Termination Kits** - Kits certified with NTI appliances are listed in Table 4-5 and available from IPEX and/or NTI. For more information on System 636 Concentric Vent Kits or wholesaler locations contact IPEX directly. **USA:** 1-800-463-9572 or www.IPEXamerica.com | **CAN:** 1-866-473-9462 or www.ipexinc.com.

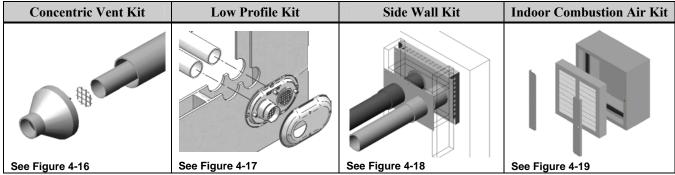
**Table 4-5 Optional Vent Termination Kits** 

Model 1,2,4	NTI	IPEX	Description	Vent Kit	Kit	Vent (	Option
Widdei	P/N	P/N	Description	Material	Connection	Roof	Wall
Lx150-200	82666	n/a	Concentric Vent Termination Kit (US) 3,7	PVC	3"	✓	✓
Lx150-200	n/a	196006	Concentric Vent Termination Kit (CAN) 5,8	ULC S636	3"	<b>\</b>	<b>1</b>
Lx300-800	84355	196021	Concentric Vent Termination Kit (CAN)	PVC	4"	<b>Y</b>	•
Lx150-200	n/a	197009	Concentric Vent Termination Kit (CAN) 5,8	ULC S636 CPVC	3"	✓	✓
Lx150-200	84357	196985	Low Profile Termination Kit <sup>6</sup>	DVC	3"	X	<b>✓</b>
Lx300-800	84358	196986	(Flush Mount)	PVC	4"	^	•
Lx300-800	83236	n/a	Side Wall Termination Kit <sup>6</sup> (Flush Mount)	Stainless Steel	4"	×	✓

#### **Notes:**

- <sup>1</sup> Instructions included with termination kits contain more detailed assembly and installation instructions.
- <sup>2</sup> Clearance requirements in this manual supersede those of the instructions included with the vent terminal.
- <sup>3</sup> York part number 1CT0303 for NTI Kit part number 82666.
- <sup>4</sup> Terminal <u>MUST</u> be cemented together and to the vent pipes during installation.
- <sup>5</sup> Certified to ULC System 636.
- <sup>6</sup> Must reduce down to 4" pipe at side wall termination kit if using 6" venting.
- <sup>7</sup> NTI Kit part number 82666 (York part number 1CT0303) is no longer approved for use in Canada.
- <sup>8</sup> Vent Screens sold separately for IPEX Concentric Vent Kits (3" vent screen P/N 196051; 4" vent screen P/N 196052).

Table 4-6 Vent and Air Intake Optional Kits



**Optional Air Intake Kit -** Lx500-800 can draw combustion air from the room using the Indoor Combustion Air Kit certified with the appliance. If using this Kit, see Table 4-1 Contaminant Sources and Table 4-8 Guidelines.

Table 4-7 Optional Air Intake Kit

	NTI		ICA Kit	Indoor	Vent Option	
Model	P/N	Description	Material	Combustion Air Kit	Doof	
Lx500-800	84093	Indoor Combustion Air Kit	Stainless Steel	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

#### General notes:

- <sup>1</sup> Exhaust vent can be side-wall or roof terminated. See Figure 4-8(a) and (b).
- <sup>2</sup> Models Lx500 and 600 are limited to 30' of 4" or 90' of 6" exhaust venting when using the Indoor Combustion Air kit.
- <sup>3</sup> Lightoff and Minimum modulation rates must be adjusted as per Figures 4-11 and 4-21 in Appendix A.
- <sup>4</sup> Kit includes assembly instructions, interlock connection instructions to unit, mounting hardware, and MERV 7 filter.
- <sup>5</sup> Additional code requirements for room supplied combustion air are summarized in Table 4-8.

**DANGER** If using the Indoor Combustion Air Kit in lieu of a direct vent air-intake, there are additional code requirements to ensure adequate air for combustion at <u>high fire</u> and to prove air flow during equipment operation. Failure to follow the instructions will result in serious injury or death.

Figure 4-5(a) All Models (Lx200 shown)

**Concentric Side Wall Termination (Optional Kit)** 

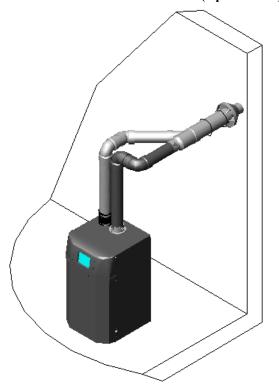
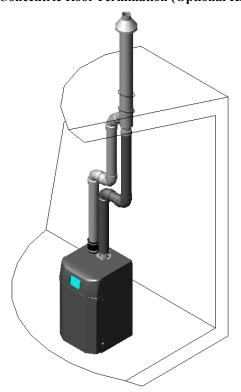


Figure 4-5(b) All Models (Lx200 shown)

**Concentric Roof Termination (Optional Kit)** 



**Two-Pipe Venting Options** 

Figure 4-6(a) Lx150-200

**Two-Pipe Side Wall Termination** 

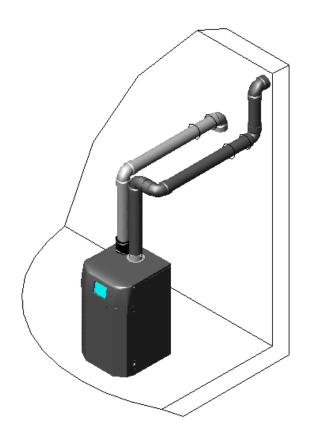


Figure 4-6(b) All Models

**Two-Pipe Roof Termination** 

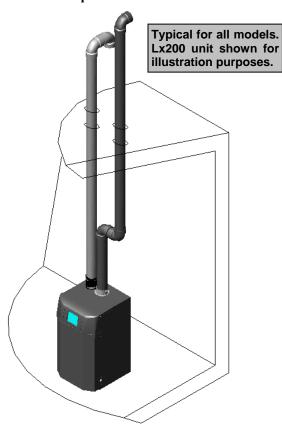
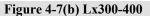
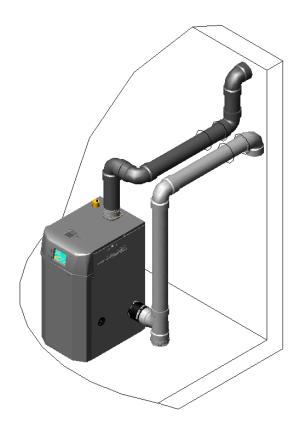


Figure 4-7(a) Lx300-400

**Two-Pipe Side Wall Termination** 



**Two-Pipe Side Wall Termination (Optional Kit)** 



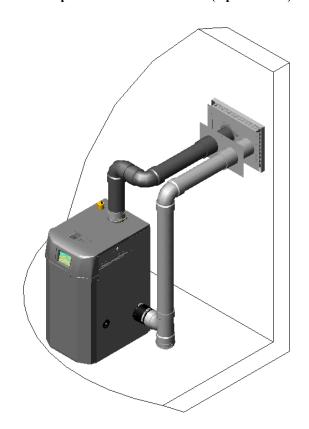
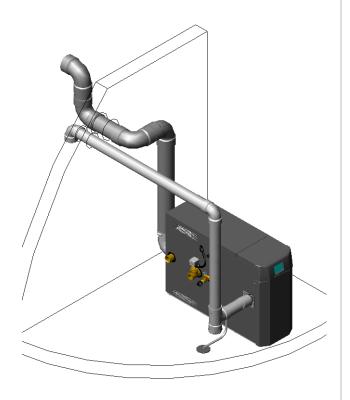
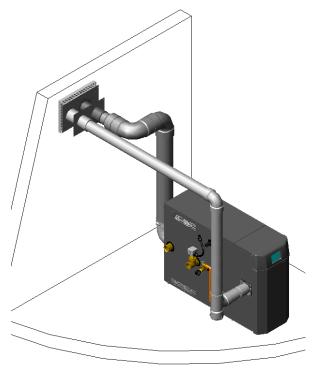


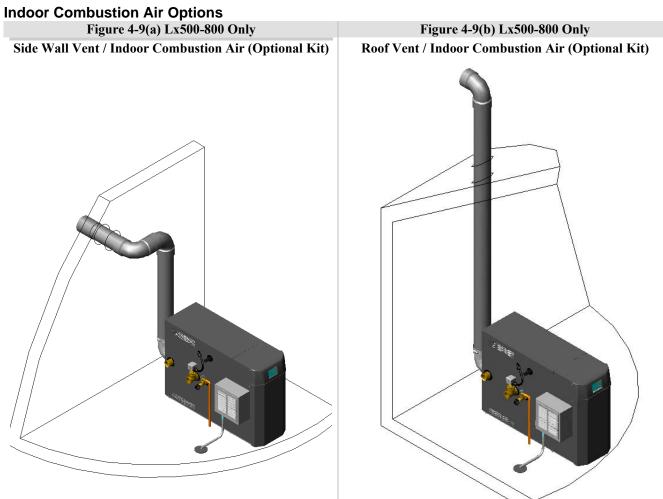
Figure 4-8(a) Lx500-800

**Two-Pipe Side Wall Termination** 

Figure 4-8(b) Lx500-800 **Two-Pipe Side Wall Termination (Optional Kit)** 







#### Indoor Combustion Air Requirements (Lx500-800 Only)

Drawing combustion air from the room can result in competition for combustion air with other fuel burning appliances, ventilation air systems or exhaust sources. See Table 4-8 for a list of design considerations and installation guidelines. Check with applicable codes and authorities regarding specific application requirements.

▲ WARNING

MERV Filter – The Indoor Combustion Air Kit comes with a 2" MERV 7 filter which is mandatory for appliance operation. Do not operate the unit using indoor combustion air without the filter installed. Failure to comply may result in property damage, serious injury or death.

Mandatory Interlocks - Required between motorized dampers and burner ignition controls to ensure adequate supply or make-up air is provided. The Lx500-800 come equipped with auxiliary proving capability. Simply remove the jumper on the Low Voltage barrier labeled Aux. Proof (T2-7,8) and replace with field supplied end switch incorporated with motorized damper and/or louver controls.

Wall Openings - Outdoor opening for louvers/grilles must be sized so that the minimum unobstructed area will provide adequate air flow at high fire, known as the FREE AREA and is expressed in square inches/Btuh. Free Area (FA) is determined by taking the area of the wall opening less any obstructions. Common louver free areas range from 35% to 60% of the wall opening, meaning 65% to 40% is obstructed by the frame and blades.

Table 4-8 Indoor Combustion Air Guidelines

Parameters	Method / Type	Requirements	NFPA 54 Part 9.3 / CSA B149 Part 8.0	Comments	
Supply Air <sup>1</sup>	Ventilation	applicable codes	locate combustion air openings lower	see "Combustion Air Methods"; see "Air Competition"	
	Combustion Air	five methods (below)	than ventilation air openings		
Combustion Air Methods	Indoor Air	by volume	infiltration or air changes/hour	see "Air Competition"	
	Outdoor Air	by opening area	1 or 2 permanent openings	see "Outdoor Opening"	
	Comb Indoor/Outdoor	see indoor/outdoor air	calculate each method separately	see "Indoor Air" / "Outdoor Air"	
	Engineered Air	adequate air	approved engineered design	subject to approval by authority having jurisdiction	
	Mechanical Air	outdoor air supplied @ 0.35cfm/1000Btuh	interlocks mandatory		
Air Competition	Exhaust Fans	provide make-up air	supply = exhaust + combustion air	fuel burning appliances must not share combustion air with other appliances or compete for air with exhaust sources	
	Other Appliances <sup>2</sup>	adequate air for all	supply = collective combustion air		
Competition	Building Ventilation	additional air	supply = ventilation + combustion air		
Interlocks	Damper interlock <sup>3</sup>	on driven member	combustion air must be proven prior	interlocks required by ASME CSD-1, Part CG-260	
	Fan interlock <sup>4</sup>	with appliance burner	to igniting appliance burner		
Louvers, Grilles, & Dampers	Fixed	fully open position		see "Outdoor Opening"	
	Automatically adjustable	interlocks required	opening must be sized to provide the Required Free Area		
	Manually adjustable	not permitted	required Free Fred		
Outdoor Opening	Opening Free Area <sup>5</sup>	unrestricted flow	Opening FA must be $\geq$ Required FA	see "Free Area, Required"	
	Opening Nominal	gross dimensions	for Combustion Air.		
Free Area, Required	Calculate Required FA for Combustion Air	1 sq. in./4000 Btuh	Required FA for Lx800 = $(1/4000)$ x 800,000 Btuh = <b>200 sq. in.</b>	see "Free Area, Opening Size" and/or "Free Area, Duct Area"	
Nominal, Opening Size	Known FA, specified	Opening FA	Nominal larger than Opening FA.	salaat lauvar/arilla/dampar with	
	Unknown FA, assumed	wood 25%; metal 75%	Nominal=Required FA/Assumed FA N = 200  sq. in. / 75% = 276  sq. in.	select louver/grille/damper with Opening FA = Required FA	
Free Area,	Vertical ducts	1/4000	vertical duct area = FA	combustion air ducts, minimum	
Duct Area	Horizontal ducts	1/2000	horizontal duct area = FA / 2	dimension = 3"	

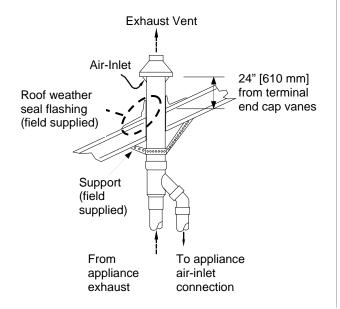
- Placing ventilation and combustion air openings too close to each other may result in short circuiting of air flow.
- Combustion air for each appliance must be calculated separately. The outdoor opening size can be a single opening large enough for the collective total of each appliance in the room or a separate opening for each appliance.
- Louvers/dampers must be fixed open or interlocked with fuel burning equipment to prove air flow during operation.
- Screens/grilles over air openings create air flow resistance decreasing the effective area of unrestricted flow. "Free Area" (FA) is the minimum unobstructed area needed for adequate air flow at high fire expressed in square inches/Btuh.
- Each appliance must be interlocked with the mechanical air supply system in the boiler room to prevent burner operation when the fan is not operating.

#### Labeling and Identification - Roof Terminations

#### Figure 4-10 All Models

#### **Concentric Vent Roof Top Termination**

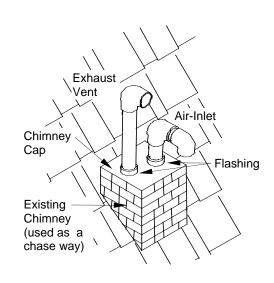
To prevent water leakage, install adequate roof weather seal flashing (not included) around roof penetration as shown.



#### Figure 4-11 All Models

#### **Two-Pipe Roof Top Termination**

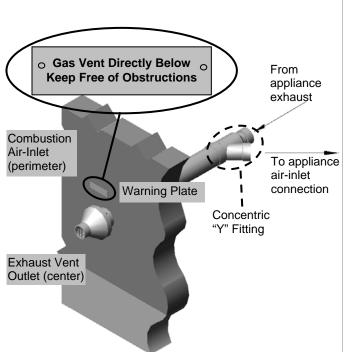
Two-pipe terminations typically penetrate the roof surface. An alternative is to use an existing chimney as a chase way. See Figure 4-22 for more details.



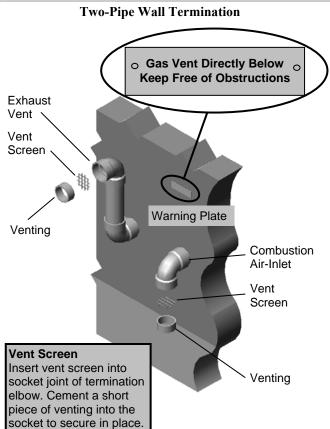
## Labeling and Identification - Wall Terminations

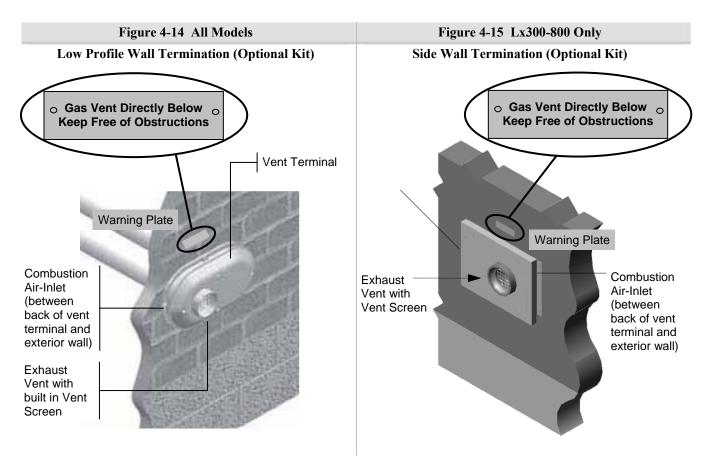
## Figure 4-12 All Models

#### **Concentric Vent Wall Termination (Optional Kit)**



## Figure 4-13 All Models

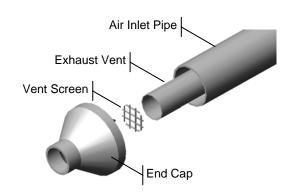




#### Labeling and Identification - Optional Vent Termination Kits

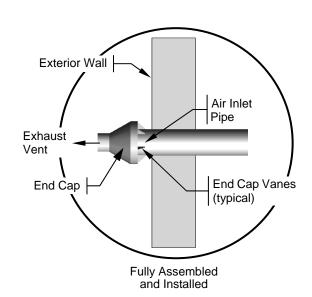
#### Figure 4-16 Lx150-800

#### **Concentric Vent Termination Kit**



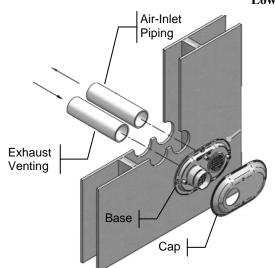
#### **Concentric Vent Termination Kit**

Insert vent screen between exhaust vent and the end cap as shown. Vent screen included with kit. The End Cap must be secured to the vent pipe via cement or stainless steel screws. Refer to Figure 4-14 for more details.



#### Figure 4-17 Lx150-800

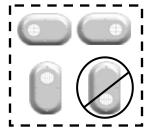
#### **Low Profile Termination Kit**



#### **Low Profile Termination Kit**

The vent /air-inlet pipes are field supplied. Vent screens are build in. Major components provided in Low Profile Kit include: base, cap, s.s. screws, and plastic anchors.

#### Approved Orientation

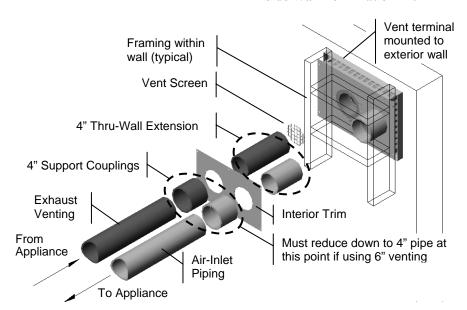




Fully Assembled and Installed

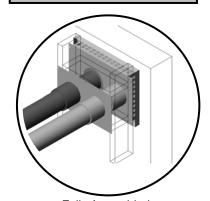
Figure 4-18 Lx300-800

#### Side Wall Termination Kit



#### **Side-Wall Termination Kit**

The Vent /Air-Inlet pipes are field supplied. Major components provided in Side-wall Kit include: vent screen, interior trim, and vent terminal.

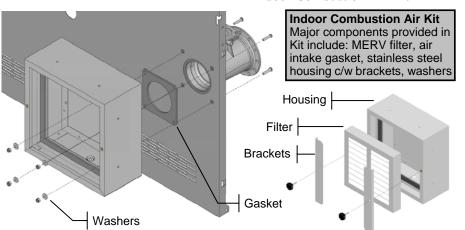


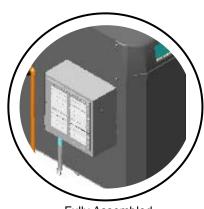
Fully Assembled and Installed

#### Labeling and Identification - Optional Air Intake Kit

#### Figure 4-19 Lx500-800

#### **Indoor Combustion Air Kit**





Fully Assembled and Installed

#### **Venting Rules and Guidelines**

- 1. **Prevailing Winds:** Ensure the vent is located where it will not be exposed to normal prevailing winds.
- 2. Combustion Air-Intake Contamination: Air for combustion must be drawn from outdoors from an area free of dust and contaminants. Combustion air containing chemicals such as chloride, fluoride, bromine or iodine or dust and debris will cause corrosion damage of the heat exchanger voiding your NTI warranty. Refer to Table 4-1 for a list of corrosive products and contaminants sources to avoid.
- 3. Vertical Separation: The exhaust must be a minimum of 18" [457 mm] above the air inlet, and the air inlet must always be a minimum of 12" [305 mm] plus snow allowance above any surface that will support snow. (Two feet plus snow allowance is highly recommended). Consult your weather office, for the maximum typical snowfall for your region.
  - *Example*: New Brunswick Canada typical maximum snowfall is 19", thus the inlet must be (12"+19") = 31" above grade and exhaust must be (31"+18") = 49" above grade.
- **4. Horizontal Separation:** The horizontal distance between the inlet and exhaust must be a minimum of 4" [102 mm] center to center. When the horizontal distance between the inlet and exhaust is greater than 12" [305 mm], the <u>difference in horizontal distance</u> must be determined and the vertical separation increased by the same amount.

Example: The horizontal distance (HD) = 24" [610 mm], and the vertical separation (VSmin) = 18" [457 mm], the new vertical separation (VSnew) can be calculated using the following equation:

VSnew = (HD - 12") + VS, where VSnew = (24" - 12") + 18" = 30".

(If the horizontal distance is greater than 6' [1.83 m], no additional vertical spacing is required. Vertical separation is never required to be greater than 36" [915 mm].

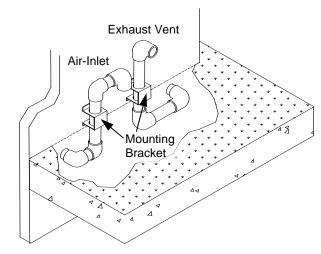
- **5. Wall Flashing:** Under normal operating conditions this appliance will produce a plume of white gases, and should be taken into consideration when selecting an adequate location. A 36" [915 mm] diameter stainless, plastic, or vinyl shield can be used to flash the exterior of the residence.
- **6. Flue Gas Hazard:** Position the vent termination where vapors cannot make accidental contact with people and pets or damage nearby shrubs and plants.
- 7. Elbow Extensions: Elbows on outside of wall must be no more than ½" [13 mm] away from the wall.
- 8. Vent Sloping: All indoor exhaust piping must be on a slope back to the appliance a minimum of ½" per linear foot of vent [6.25 mm per linear 305 mm]. For applications where excessive condensation is possible ½" per linear foot [13 mm per linear 305 mm] is recommended.
- **9. Vent Supports:** Where required Vent and Air-intake piping shall be secured to the wall for more rigidity. All interior vent pipe shall be supported a minimum of every 36" [915 mm]. Where 6" diameter pipe is used, support a minimum of every 48" [1.22 m].
- 10. Roof Exhaust: In all roof applications the discharge must point away from the pitch of the roof.
- 11. Roof Flashing: Install adequate flashing where the pipe enters the roof, to prevent water leakage.
- 12. Rain Cap: Install and seal a rain cap over existing chimney openings, in vacant chimney applications.
- 13. Venting Below Grade: For installations that exit the wall below grade refer to Figure 4-20.
- 14. Vent Screens: Install factory supplied vent screens on the outside of the last elbow for both the inlet and exhaust vent terminal elbows. Install the screen into the female opening of the elbow. Then cut a small piece of pipe to sandwich the screen into the elbow. NOTE: ensure that the small piece of pipe cut, does not extend past the end of the elbow. Two screens are provided in the package. See Figures 4-13. Vent screens are included in Optional Termination Kits unless noted otherwise. See Figure 4-16 through 4-18 for Vent Termination Kit details.
- **15. Pipe Sizing:** It is extremely important that the intake and exhaust vent piping be adapted to the appropriate size immediately upon exiting the appliance cabinet. Refer to Table 4-2.
- **16. Condensate Hazard:** Do not locate vent over public walkways, driveways or parking lots. Condensate could drip and freeze resulting in a slip hazard or damage to vehicles and machinery.
- 17. Warning Plate: Install the warning plate "Gas Vent Directly Below", directly above (within 4 ft [1.22 m] vertically) the location of the air inlet pipe, so it is visible from at least 8 ft [2.4 m] away. See Figure 4-20.
- **18. Wall Thickness:** Direct vent terminations are designed to work with any standard wall thickness. Installation guidelines for min/max wall thickness are as follows: Min.= 1" [25mm], Max.= 60" [1.52 m].
- 19. Venting Options: Due to potential moisture loading (build-up) along the exterior wall, sidewall venting may not be the preferred venting option. Refer to Figures 4-5(b), 4-6(b), 4-9(b) for roof top venting options.
- **20. Indoor Combustion Air:** Auxiliary proving and pre-ignition interlocks may be required when using this air intake option in lieu of direct venting combustion air. See Table 4-8 for Guidelines.

#### Figure 4-20 All Models

#### **Venting Below Grade**

For installations that exit the wall below grade:

- Excavate site to a point below where the pipes are to exit as shown.
- 2. Ensure that the wall is fully sealed where the pipes penetrate the wall.
- 3. The Vent/Air-intake piping MUST be secured to the side of the building above grade, as shown, to provide rigidity.
- 4. NTI Provides a mounting bracket (P/N 82075) for securing the exhaust pipes.
- 5. Ensure that the Vent/Air-Intake clearances are maintained, see Section 5.0 for details.

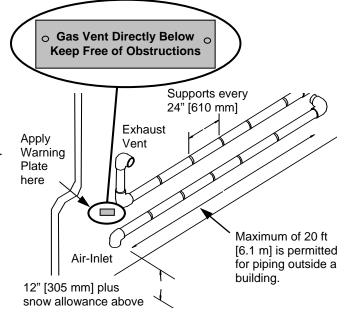


#### Figure 4-21 All Models

#### **Outdoor Horizontal Venting**

Vent piping outside the Building is permitted under the following conditions:

- 1. The maximum length outside the building is 20 feet [6.1 m]. Note that outdoor length must be included in the overall vent length calculation.
- 2. 3" pipe can only be used for Lx150-200 models; 4" pipe must be used for Lx300-600 models; and 6" pipe must be used for Lx700-800 models.
- 3. All normal termination clearances are maintained.
- 4. All exterior exhaust vent pipes are insulated with 1/2" [13 mm] thick, Closed Cell Foamed **Polyolefin Tubing** (i.e., "Tundra Seal Plus" or equivalent).
- 5. The pipe is supported every 24" [610 mm].
- 6. The exhaust and inlet are sloped back to the appliance 1/2" elevation for every linear foot [13 mm for every linear 305 mm].

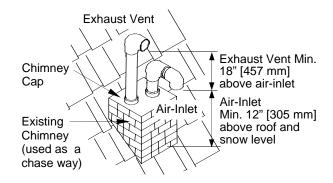


#### Figure 4-22 All Models

#### **Existing Chimney Chase Way**

It is permissible to use an existing chimney as a chase way to run the Vent/Air-Intake piping as long as:

- 1. The chimney is not being used by any other appliance.
- 2. Flue gases don't enter the vacant chimney.
- 3. Only Trinity certified venting materials are used, see Section 4.0.
- 4. Vent lengths are within the maximums specified.
- 5. The top of the chimney is capped and the Vent/Air-Inlet pipes are flashed to prevent leakage into the vacant chimney.



#### 5.0 VENT AND AIR-INTAKE TERMINATION CLEARANCES

**▲** WARNING

The quick reference table below is to be read in conjunction with the numbered notes as indicated, Figures 5-1 through 5-6, and the Venting Rules and Guidelines in Section 4.0.

The instructions detailed in this section are a combination of Trinity Lx specific and National Gas Code restrictions. Compliance alone doesn't insure a satisfactory installation as good common sense must also be applied. Failure to follow these instructions may result in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

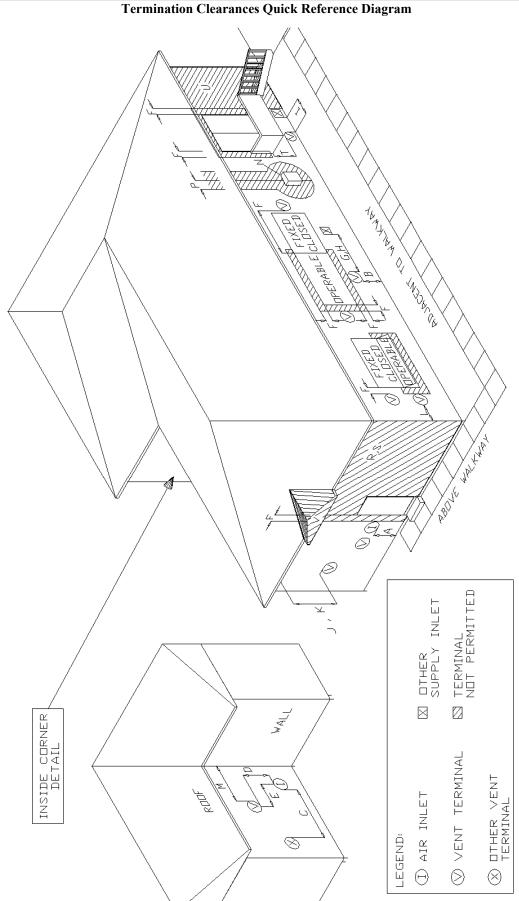
**Table 5-1 Termination Clearances Quick Reference Table** 

Clearances to Air-Inlet Termination		Canada <sup>1</sup>		USA <sup>2</sup>	
		Min. Distance		Min. Distance	
A Above grade/roofline and snow level <sup>8</sup>	12 in.	305 mm	12 in.	305 mm	
B Above roof line - Concentric Vent <sup>6, 11, 13</sup>	24 in.	610 mm	24 in.	610 mm	
C To exhaust vent from any other appliance	36 in.	915 mm	12 in.	305 mm	
Clearances to Exhaust Vent Termination	Min. Distance		Min. Distance		
D Minimum vertical separation above air inlet <sup>9</sup>	18 in.	457 mm	18 in.	457 mm	
E Minimum horizontal separation from air inlet <sup>3</sup>	4 in.	102 mm	4 in.	102 mm	
F Window, door or building opening	36 in.	915 mm	12 in.	305 mm	
G To combustion air inlet from any other appliance	36 in.	915 mm	12 in.	305 mm	
H Non-mechanical air supply inlet to building	36 in.	915 mm	12 in.	305 mm	
I Mechanical air supply inlet to building <sup>4</sup>	6 ft.	1.83 m	3 ft.	915 mm	
J Soffit, overhang, eave or parapet	24 in.	610 mm	24 in.	610 mm	
K Soffit vent or vent opening in an overhang, eave or parapet		1.83 m	6 ft.	1.83 m	
L Outside corner <sup>10</sup>	-	-	-	-	
M Inside corner of an L-shaped structure (including walls and fences)	36 in.	915 mm	36 in.	915 mm	
N Electric meters, gas meters, regulators and relief equipment	6 ft.	1.83 m	4 ft.	1.22 m	
P Each side of center line above or below meters, regulators and relief devices <sup>5</sup>	36 in.	915 mm	36 in.	915 mm	
Q Above a paved sidewalk, driveway, or parking lot on public property if adjacent <sup>12</sup>	7 ft.	2.13 m	7 ft.	2.13 m	
R Above a sidewalk, driveway, or parking lot on public property	x	X	х	x	
S Above a sidewalk, driveway on private property between / serving both dwellings	x	X	Х	X	
T Under a concrete veranda, porch, deck, or balcony <sup>7</sup>	24 in.	610 mm	24 in.	610 mm	
U Above, under or near exterior stairs	X	x	X	X	
V Into a canopy or carport	X	X	X	x	

#### **Notes:**

- 1 Canadian installations must comply with the current CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and local building codes.
- 2 US installations must comply with current ANSI Z223.1/ NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code and local building codes.
- 3 Horizontal separation center-to-center (c.c.) 4"-12" (102-305 mm). Refer to "Venting Rules and Guidelines" for horizontal separation > 12" c.c. as it may impact vertical separation clearances.
- 4 US installations require exhaust vents to be a minimum of 3 ft above a mechanical air supply inlet if within 10 ft [3 m] horizontally.
- 5 Horizontal clearance must be observed up to a height of 15 ft [4.6 m] above/below the meter, regulator, or relief devices.
- 6 Concentric Vent must protrude from the roof precisely 24" [610 mm] measuring from the terminal end-cap vanes.
- 7 Permitted if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is made of concrete and a minimum of two sides are fully open beneath.
- 8 24" is the recommended snow level allowance above grade/roofline or any surface that will support snow, debris, or ice (i.e. for roof venting clearances roofline and snow level). If living in a snowfall region, consult your local weather office for the maximum typical snowfall for your area.
- 9 Note that the vent must maintain a minimum vertical distance above the air inlet. Example: Vent height = 18" (457 mm) above air inlet + 12" (305 mm) for air inlet above grade/roof line and snow level = 30" (762 mm) above grade and snow level.
- 10-Clearances to an outside corner to be in accordance with local installation codes.
- 11-In Canada, concentric vent materials are subject to approval by local inspectors. See Termination Kits in Section 4.0.
- 12-Above public walkways, driveways or parking lots if adjacent to it and condensate cannot drip, freeze, or create a hazard.
- 13-Contact the manufacturer for special exemptions relating to multiple appliance installations using concentric vents.
- **x** Not permitted by National gas code(s) and/or recommended by appliance manufacturer.

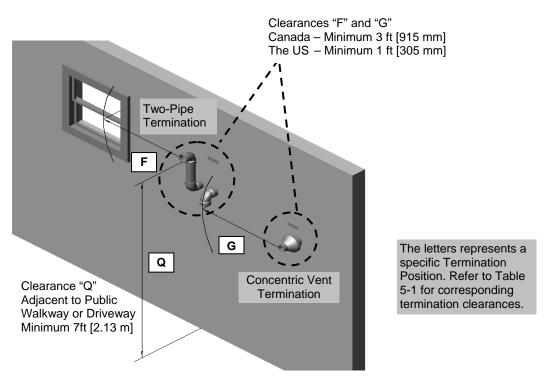
Figure 5-1 All Models

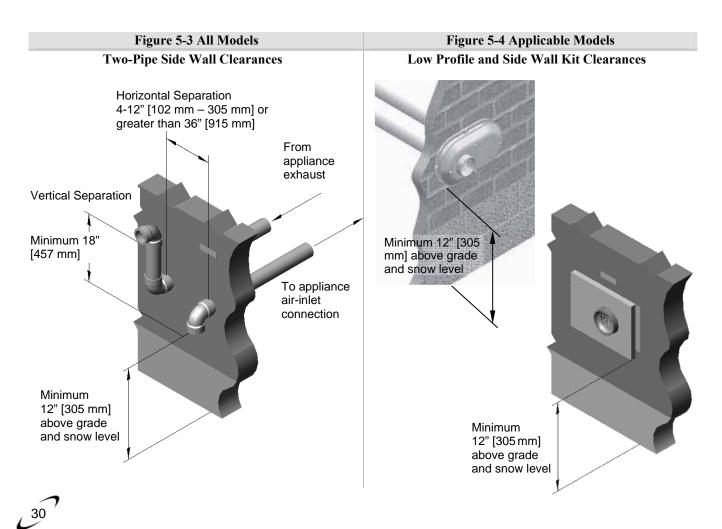


#### **Illustrations of Termination Clearances**

#### Figure 5-2 All Models

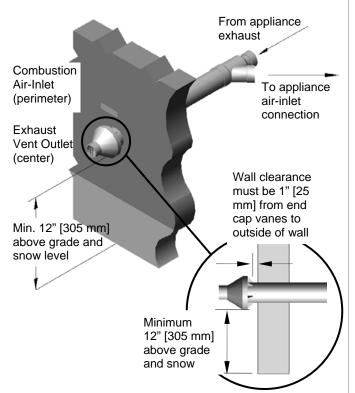
#### **Side Wall Termination - Clearances Above Grade**





## Figure 5-4 Lx150-800

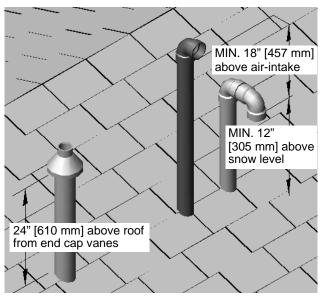
#### **Concentric Vent Side Wall Clearances**



#### Figure 5-6 All Models

#### **Roof Top Termination Clearances**

Trinity Lx can also be vented through the roof. The same clearances required for two-pipe sidewall terminations apply to roof-top terminations. Twopipe roof terminations are typical for all models; however, some termination kits are model specific.



Extra precaution must be taken to adequately support the weight of the Vent/Air-Intake WARNING piping in applications using roof-top terminations. Failure to follow these instructions may result in venting or appliance component failure resulting in flue gas spillage leading to property damage, serious injury or death.

Under no circumstances may an existing chimney or chase-way be used to vent or DANGER provide combustion intake air to a Trinity Lx. Failure to follow these instructions will result in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

#### Removing an Existing Boiler from Common Venting System

Do not install the Trinity Lx into a common venting system with any other appliances. Failure to comply with this warning will cause flue gas spillage and leech carbon monoxide emissions into the surrounding air resulting in serious injury or death.

When an existing boiler is removed from a common venting system, the common **▲** WARNING venting system is likely to be too large for proper venting of the remaining appliances connected to it. Instructions have been provided on how to remove the existing boiler and how to resize the remaining venting system. Failure to follow these instructions may result in property damage, serious injury or death.

At the time of removal of an existing boiler, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation.

#### Steps to Removing an Existing Boiler

- 1. Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- 2. Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch. Verify that there is no blockage, restriction, leakage, corrosion or other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- 3. Insofar as is practical, close fireplace dampers, all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan.
- 4. Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously.
- 5. Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from a cigarette, cigar or pipe.
- 6. After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas burning appliance to their previous condition of use.
- 7. Any improper operation of the common venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in Part 11 of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

#### 6.0 CONDENSATE DRAIN

This unit produces liquid condensate in the heat exchanger and venting system as a product of combustion. Steps must be taken to ensure that condensate does not collect in the venting system; therefore, all exhaust piping must slope back to the appliance a minimum 1/4" per linear foot of vent. Condensate must be drained from the unit into a household drain.

NOTICE

Check with your municipality, or local gas company to determine if the disposal of combustion condensate is permitted in your area (e.g. in the State of Massachusetts the condensate must be neutralized prior to entering a drain).

The following are important notes that must be taken into consideration when constructing the condensate drain system (See Figure 6-1 for further details):

- DO NOT install condensate lines outside. A frozen or blocked drain will cause the condensate to fill the combustion chamber. This will result in a no heat condition, as the unit will shut down, and damage to the flame sensor, and components can occur.
- **NEVER** use copper, steel, or galvanized piping in the construction of the condensate disposal system as condensate is very corrosive and will corrode most metallic drains and sewer pipes.
- When a condensate pump is used or required, select a pump that is designed for residential furnaces.

If the combustion chamber has been flooded due to the condensate drain backing up, or **▲** WARNING for any other reason, the combustion chamber door must be removed and the inside of the appliance must be inspected for component damage, e.g. the internal insulation at the front and back of the chamber. Failure to follow these instructions may result in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

# Figure 6-1 All Models **Condensate Drain Piping**

#### **Drain Vent**

Do not block or install piping into the top branch of the condensate drain tee.

#### **Drain Pipe**

Connection to the bottom of the condensate drain tee must be made using 1/2" Schedule 40 PVC pipe. Secure using appropriate PVC cement. All piping must be below the level where the condensate leaves the boiler.

#### Floor Drain

Check with your local authorities regarding disposal of condensate (regulation may require the use of a neutralizer).

#### 7.0 INSTALLING GAS PIPING

**▲** WARNING

The Trinity Lx is factory equipped to operate with Natural Gas, the installation of a conversion kit is required prior to operating with Propane Gas. The Natural to LP

Conversion Kit (see Table 7-1) must be installed prior to installing the gas piping to the appliance. Failure to properly convert the unit to operate with Propane may result in property damage, serious injury or death.

**▲** WARNING

Liquefied Petroleum (LP) propane gas is heavier than air. Do not install the appliance in a pit or similar location that will permit heavier than air gas to collect. Check with Local

Codes as they may require appliances fueled with LP gas be provided with an approved means of removing unburned gases from the room. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.

Table 7-1 Natural Gas to LP Propane Conversion Kit

Series	Model	Kit Number				
Trinity Lx	150, 150E, 200, 300	82650-1				
Trinity Lx	400	83017-1				
Trinity Lx	500	84386-1				
General Notes:						
Lx600-800 - Do not convert to propane. Use Natural Gas only.						

#### Installation

Refer to the current National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or CAN/CGA B149.1 installation codes, and local codes for gas piping requirements and sizing. Pipe size running to the unit depends on:

- Length of pipe.
- Number of fittings.
- Type of gas.
- Maximum input requirement of all gas appliances in the residence.

#### **Ensure that:**

- The gas line connection to the appliance does not apply any weight to the gas valve. NTI recommends using approved flexible gas piping (if acceptable by local codes) to connect the appliance to the gas supply (See Figure 7-1 for details).
- You plan the installation so that the piping does not interfere with the vent pipe, or the removal of the valve, burner, and serviceable components.
- The Appliance shall be installed such that the gas ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain etc.) during installation and servicing.
- The gas piping is large enough for all the appliances in the home. No appreciable drop in line pressure should occur when any unit (or combination of units) lights or runs. Use common gas-line sizing practices.
- Always use a pipe-threading compound that is resistant to propane (LP) gas solvent action. Apply sparingly to all male threads, starting at two threads from the end. Over doping or applying dope to the female end, can result in a blocked gas line.
- DO NOT TIGHTEN FITTINGS WITHOUT SUPPORTING THE GAS VALVE as damage to the gas valve or combustion blower can occur.
- Install a manual "Equipment Shut-Off Valve" as shown in Figure 7-1. Valve must be listed by a nationally recognized testing lab.
- The gas line piping can safely be removed from the appliance for servicing, by strategically placing the gas line shutoff and union; see example in Figure 7-1.
- All gas piping, including gas components in the appliance, are checked for leaks using a "Bubble Test", prior to operating the appliance.

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Strain on the gas valve and fittings may result in vibration, premature component failure and leakage and may result in a fire, explosion, property damage, serious injury or death.



Flexible gas piping cannot be used within the appliance cabinet and cannot pass through the cabinet wall, use rigid piping as shown in Figure 7-1. Failure to follow these instructions may result in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

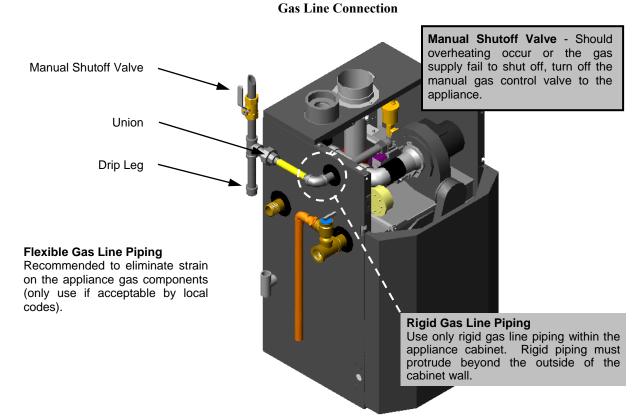


Do not use an open flame to test for gas leaks. Failure to follow these instructions may result in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

WARNING

When performing a pressure test on the gas line piping, be sure the appliance is disconnected or isolated if the test pressure is expected to exceed 1/2 PSI (14" w.c.), as damage to the valve could occur resulting in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

**Figure 7-1 Lx150-800 (Typical)** 



#### 8.0 LIGHTING THE APPLIANCE



Before Start-up refer to Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for Plastic Venting in Section 4.0. Failure to follow these instructions can result in explosions, injury or death.



Prior to turning the gas supply on and lighting the appliance, ensure all aspects of the installation are complete and in conformance with the instructions provided in this

manual, including the Vent/Air-Intake, Condensate Drain, and System Water Piping. Failure to precisely follow these instructions will cause a fire or explosion resulting in property damage, serious injury or death.

WARNING

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors & liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance. Failure to follow instructions could result in explosion causing property damage, serious injury or death.



If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, serious injury or death.

**A WARNING** 

Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance. Failure to follow instructions could result in explosion causing property damage, serious injury or death.

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY, READ BEFORE OPERATING

- A) This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- B) BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch.
- Do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C) Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D) Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

#### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above very carefully.
- 2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
- 3. This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- 4. Turn the manual gas valve to the OFF position. Remove front access panel.
- 5. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
- 6. Turn the manual gas valve ON. Wait an additional five (5) minutes smelling for gas.
- 7. Replace the front access panel.
- 8. Set thermostat to highest setting. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.
- 9. Ignition sequence is automatic. Combustion will occur after a brief fan purge.
- 10. If ignition does not occur, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

#### TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE APPLIANCE

- STOP! Read the safety information above very carefully.
- 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
- 3. Turn the manual gas valve to the OFF position.



The initial lighting of the appliance must be performed by a licensed Gas Technician. Failure to follow instructions may result in property damage, serious injury or death.

- Ensure the appliance is wired in accordance with this manual.
- Ensure the gas shut-off valve is turned on, and that the gas system has been fully tested for leaks.
- Ensure the system is completely filled with water, and that ALL the air is purged out.



Allow primers/cements to cure for 8 hours prior to Start-up. If curing time is less than 8 hours, first perform Steps 2 through 6 of Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for

**Plastic Venting** in Section 4.0. Failure to follow these instructions can result in explosion, serious injury or death.

## **Initial Start-Up**

- 1. Turn on power to the Trinity Lx and turn-up the Thermostat(s). The appliance should run through a purge, and combustion should occur. (The control system has a built in ignition retry, allowing the system to try at least three times, before locking-out.)
- 2. With the unit operating at full capacity, verify that the gas line pressure is 5.5-10.5 inches w.c. for Natural gas, and 9-13 inches w.c. for Propane (See Section 9.0 for details).
- 3. Using an appropriate Oxygen or Carbon Dioxide analyzer, take a sample of the flue gas. The sample must fall within the acceptable ranges for Carbon Dioxide, which is 8.8% - 9.8% for Natural gas, and 9.8%-10.8% for propane (See Section 9.0 for details).
- 4. Perform at least three lights in succession to ensure proper operation.
- 5. After the three successive lights, unplug the flame probe, and allow the unit to cycle again. Ensure that it tries to light, and locks out on safety reset. Once you have successfully activated the flame safety system, replace the wire on the flame sensor, and reconfirm proper lighting.



If the unit fails to light consistently and smoothly, contact NTI for technical assistance at 1-800-688-2575. Never allow the appliance to operate if the ignition or operation of the burner is rough or erratic. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.



The flame probe uses a single electrode located in the burner door at the 6 O'clock position. DO NOT remove the wire from the dual electrode located in the burner door at

the 3 O'clock position; this device is used for spark igniting and delivers a high voltage potential which would result in an EXTREME ELECTRICAL SHOCK possibly causing serious injury or death.

### Re-lighting Unit

- 1. Stop and read these instructions very carefully.
- Set the thermostat to the lowest setting, and then turn off all power to the appliance.
- This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device that automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- 4. Turn the gas shut-off valve to the off position, and then remove the front cover.
- 5. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then check for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas "Stop" and follow "B" above. If you don't detect any gas proceed to the next step.
- 6. Turn the gas shut-off valve to the on position, wait an addition five (5) minutes and check for gas.
- 7. Replace the front cover.
- 8. Set the thermostat to the highest setting, and then turn on all power to the appliance.
- 9. Ignition sequence is automatic, combustion will occur after a brief fan purge. Ignition will retry 3 times.
- 10. If ignition does not occur, "Turn off the gas and electricity to the appliance" and contact a professional service technician, or gas supplier.

## **Turning Off The Appliance**

- 1. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting, and then turn off all power to the appliance.
- 2. Turn the gas shut-off valve to the off position.

#### 9.0 GAS VALVE AND BURNER SET-UP



The Trinity Lx gas valve must be set-up by a licensed Gas Technician. Improper set-up may result in incorrect operation, damage to components or property, injury or death.

#### **Gas Line Pressure**

The appliance gas valve is equipped with a line pressure test port; see Figures 9-1 through 9-4. Use the following procedure to measure the gas line pressure to the appliance to ensure if falls within the range given in Table 9-1:

- 1. Turn the supply of gas to the appliance off.
- 2. Open the bleed screw of the line pressure test port approximately 1-1/2 turns (Lx150-500 models). This port is directly connected to the gas line feeding the appliance. For Lx600-800 models, replace 1/8" NPT plug in the inlet flange of the gas valve with a hose barb fitting suitable for manometer tubing used. See Figure 9-4.
- 3. Force 1/4" ID tubing over the housing of the line pressure test port; install the other end of the tubing to an appropriate line pressure test gauge or manometer. Ensure both ends of the tubing make a tight connection.
- 4. Open the supply of gas to the appliance and check for gas leaks.
- 5. Observe the line pressure under static conditions and compare it to Table 9-1. The pressure will be greatest under static conditions.
- 6. With all other gas appliances in the applications running, operate the burner to the maximum firing rate (see Table 9-2) and compare the observed line pressure with Table 9-1. The pressure will be lowest during the maximum flow of gas.
- 7. Adjust the gas line pressure to ensure the parameters in Table 9-1 are attained under all conditions. If possible adjust the line pressure to the "Nominal/Desired" value listed in Table 9-1, while the unit is operating at the maximum modulation rate, see Table 9-2.
- 8. Continue observing the gas line pressure until the completion of the combustion analyses, incase adjustments need to be made.
- 9. Upon completion of the line pressure testing, return the bleed screw of the Line Pressure Test Port to the closed position. For the Lx600-800, replace the installed hose barb fitting with the factory 1/8" NPT plug; use NG/LP approved thread sealant.

**NOTICE** The line pressure is a function of the gas supply and is affected solely by field provided parameters such as line size and regulator settings. Under no circumstances can the appliance gas valve influence or be used to adjust the gas line pressure.



Failure to close the bleed screw of the Line Pressure Test Port will cause a severe leakage of gas, resulting in a fire or explosion causing property damage, serious injury or death.

**Table 9-1 Line Pressure and Combustion Parameters** 

Gas	Line l	Pressure (inches	wc)	CO <sub>2</sub>	<b>(%)</b> <sup>1</sup>	CO (ppm)
Gas	Nominal/Desired	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Max.
Natural	7	4 <sup>2</sup>	10.5	8.8	9.8	175
Propane	11	8	13	9.8	10.8	175

#### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> It is permissible to have higher CO<sub>2</sub> values with the burner operating at the minimum modulation rate.

<sup>2</sup> The minimum permissible line pressure when operating with Natural Gas is 5.5 inches wc for model Lx500.

**Table 9-2 Minimum and Maximum Modulation Rates** 

<b>Modulation Rates</b>	Lx150	Lx150E	Lx200	Lx300	Lx400	Lx500	Lx600	Lx700	Lx800
Minimum (rpm)	1150	925	925	1250	1550	1400	1050	1250	1250
Maximum (rpm)	5850	4450	5950	5850	7250	6400	4350	4300	5300

**▲** WARNING

**Carbon Monoxide** - Never leave the appliance operating if emitting Carbon Monoxide (CO) concentrations in excess of 175ppm. Failure to comply may result in injury of death.

Manifold Pressure - DO NOT adjust or measure the Manifold Pressure of the appliance. Correct manifold pressure is factory set. Field adjustment could result in improper burner operation resulting in fire, explosion, property damage or death.

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Figure 9-1 Lx150-300 Gas Valve and Venturi Assembly

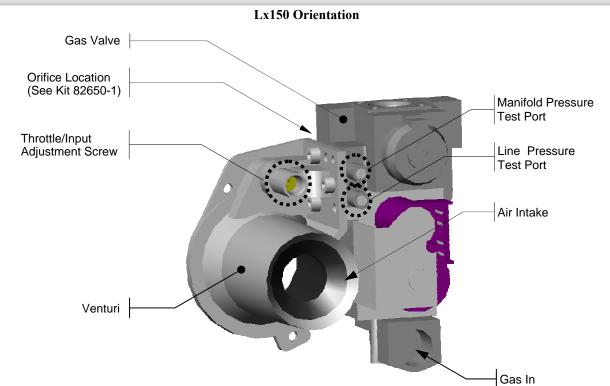


Figure 9-2 Lx150-300 Gas Valve and Venturi Assembly



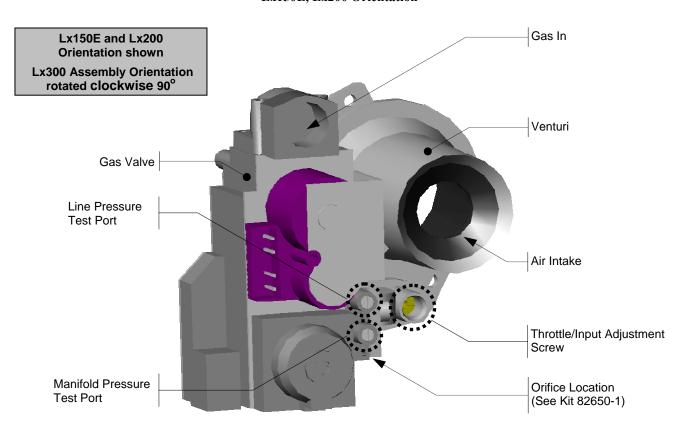


Figure 9-3 Lx400 Gas Valve and Venturi Assembly

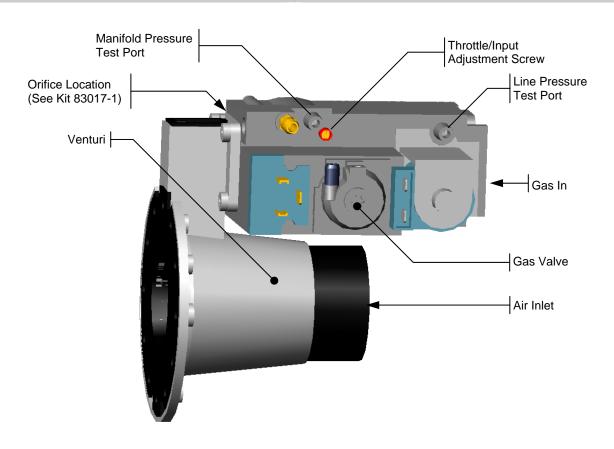
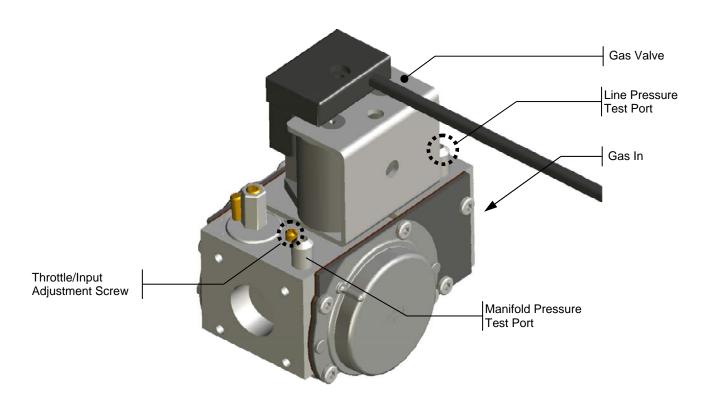


Figure 9-4 Lx500 Gas Valve and Venturi Assembly





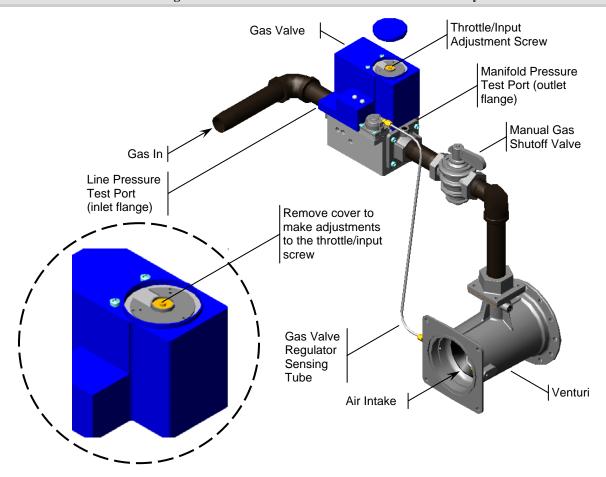


Figure 9-5 Lx600-800 Gas Valve and Venturi Assembly

## **Adjustment**

Input Screw Adjustments - The appliance is equipped with a Throttle/Input Adjustment Screw, located on the Gas Valve and Venturi Assembly. The Throttle screw is used to adjust the flow of gas leaving the gas valve, entering the Venturi and hence entering the combustion air stream. By turning the adjustment screw in, clockwise, the flow of gas is reduced and the combustion becomes leaner, thus reducing the concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> in the flue gases. To increase the CO<sub>2</sub> the Throttle screw must be adjusted out, counterclockwise, thus increasing the flow of gas from the gas valve to the combustion air stream. See Figure 9-6 for screw direction.

Lx150-300 Adjustments - The throttle screw for models Lx150-300 is a multiple turn valve. Typical adjustment required for Natural Gas is 0-1 full turns in or out from the factory setting. Typical adjustment for LP Gas is 0-3 full turns in or out from the factory setting upon inserting the LP orifice as per the applicable Propane conversion instructions. See Figures 9-1 and 9-2 for throttle screw location.

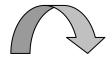
**Lx400** Adjustments - The throttle screw for the Lx400 is a geared valve with a 4:1 ratio. Adjusting the throttle screw 4 complete turns will return the valve to the original location, 2 turns from fully open will completely close the valve. Typical adjustment required is 0-1/4 turn in or out from the factory setting. See Figure 9-3 for throttle screw location.

Lx500 Adjustments – The throttle screw for the Lx500 is a multiple turn valve. Typical adjustment required for Natural Gas is 0-1 full turns in or out from the factory setting. To adjust combustion for Propane Gas, turn the throttle screw all the way in (clockwise until it stops), then turn the throttle screw out (counterclockwise) 4-1/2 turns and set with a combustion analyzer. See Figure 9-4 for throttle screw location.

Lx600-800 Adjustments - Remove the cap and adjust the input screw by turning it clockwise to decrease gas flow and counter-clockwise to increase gas flow. Typical adjustment required is 0-1/8 turns in or out. See Figure 9-5 for throttle screw location.

### Figure 9-6 Throttle/Input Adjustment Screw (All Models)

Decrease Gas - Turn Clockwise



Increase Gas - Turn Counter Clockwise



IF FOR ANY REASON THE INPUT SCREW IS ADJUSTED, A "COMBUSTION ANALYZER" MUST BE USED TO ENSURE SAFE AND PROPER OPERATION OF THE GAS VALVE.



Adjustments to the Throttle screw may only be made by a qualified gas technician, while using a calibrated combustion analyzer capable of measuring CO<sub>2</sub> and CO. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.



Adjustments to the Throttle screw may only be performed if the gas line pressure is maintained above minimum levels throughout the duration of the test; see Table 9-1. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.

Combustion Calibration - To calibrate burner operation, perform the following procedure using a calibrated combustion analyzer capable of measuring CO<sub>2</sub> and CO from Natural and Propane Gas burning appliances:

- 1. Operate the unit at the maximum modulation rate, see Table 9-2.
- 2. Ensure the gas line pressure is maintained within tolerance, see Table 9-1.
- 3. While at the maximum modulation rate, measure the CO<sub>2</sub> and CO; adjust as necessary, using the Throttle Screw, to be within the limits listed in Table 9-1.
- 4. Operate the unit at the minimum modulation rate (Table 9-2). Ensure the combustion remains smooth and CO<sub>2</sub> and CO remain within the limits (Table 9-1). If not, do not adjust further, contact NTI for assistance.

# Flue Gas Analysis and Adjustment

Each Trinity Lx is factory set to operate with Natural Gas, for appliances field converted to operate with Propane Gas, a flue gas analysis and adjustment is mandatory. See Table 7-1 and propane conversion instructions.



Models Lx150-400 require the installation of an LP orifice prior to operating with Propane Gas, see Propane conversion instructions for more details. To convert the

Lx500 to operate with Propane Gas requires field calibration of the throttle/input screw; see "Lx500 Adjustments" in Section 9.0 and Propane conversion instructions. Models Lx600-800 only operate with Natural Gas; conversion to Propane is not an option. Failure to follow these instructions will result in property damage, personal injury or death.

**A** WARNING

Failure to perform the flue gas analysis and adjustment detailed in this section may result in erratic and unreliable burner operation, leading to reduced efficiency, increased fuel consumption, reduced component life, heat exchanger combustion deposits, and general unsafe operation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.

Analysis - Trinity Lx flue gas test ports are located in the flue outlet adapter assembly. Test port access is either from inside the appliance cabinet (Lx150-200, Figure 9-5) or from outside the appliance cabinet (Lx300-800, Figures 9-6 and 9-7). Remove the test port plug, perform flue gas analysis, and adjust throttle/input screw as required until CO<sub>2</sub> and CO levels are within acceptable limits, see Table 9-1 Line Pressure and Combustion Parameters. Once flue gas sampling completed, re-install test port plug. For model with a threaded plug, seal threads with Teflon tape before reinstalling plug.



Failure to re-install the test port plug will result in damage to the unit, property damage, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.

Figure 9-7 Lx150-200 Models

### Flue Gas Sampling Using Test Port

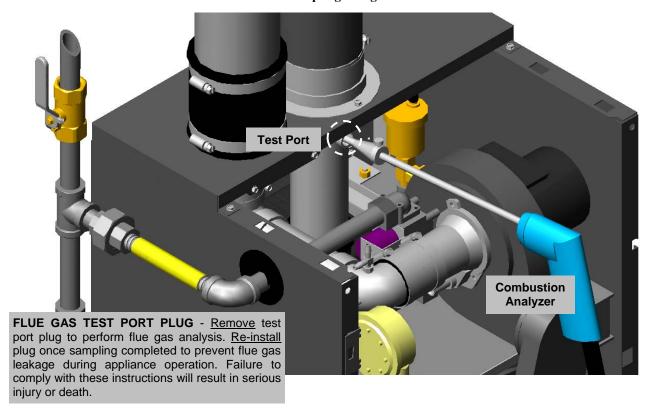


Figure 9-8 Lx300-400 Models

## Flue Gas Sampling Using Test Port

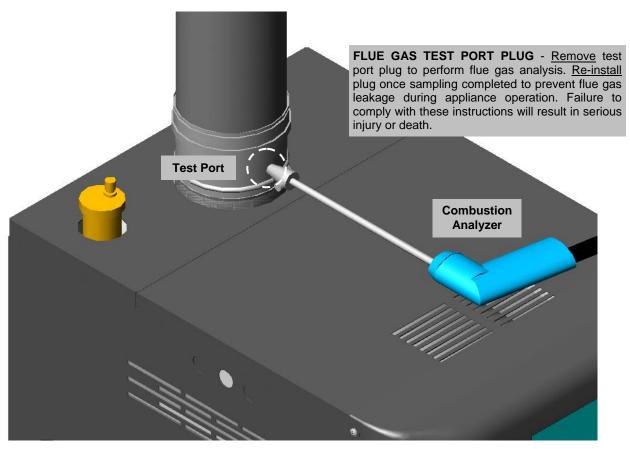


Figure 9-9 Lx500-600 Models

## Flue Gas Sampling Using Test Port

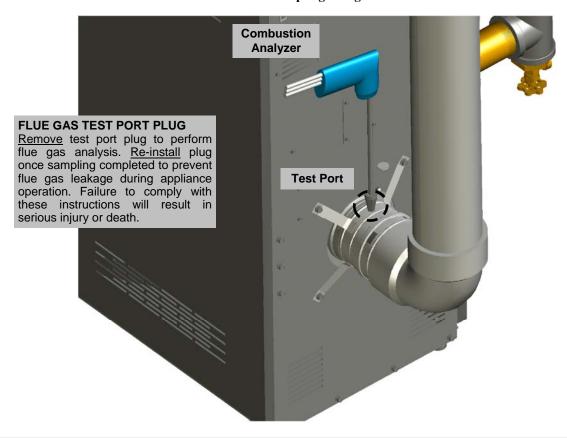
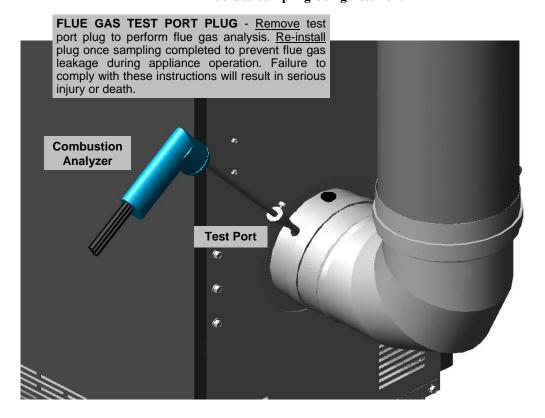


Figure 9-10 Lx700-800 Models

# Flue Gas Sampling Using Test Port



#### 10.0 WIRING SCHEMATICS

Figure 10-1(a) Lx150-400 Models

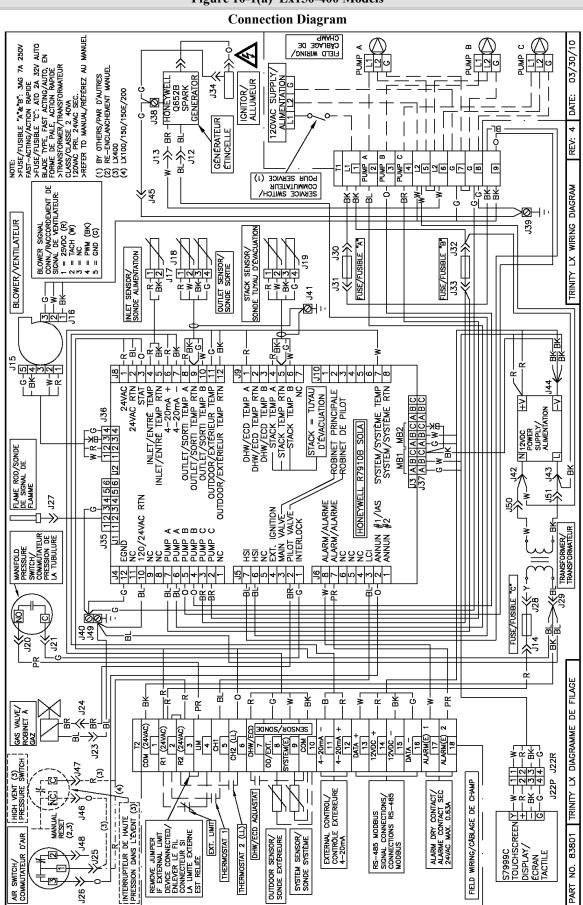


Figure 10-1(b) Lx150-400 Models

#### Ladder/Logic Diagram

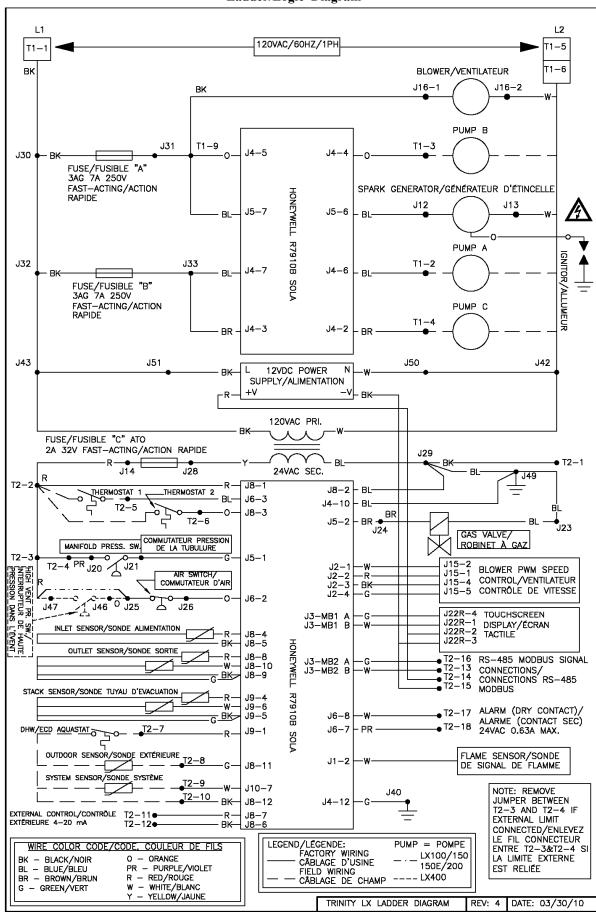
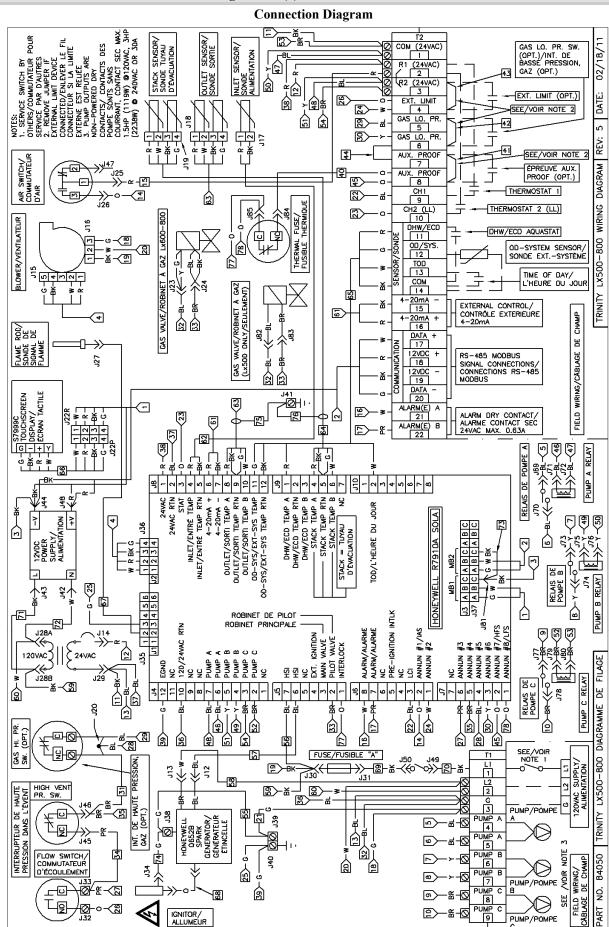
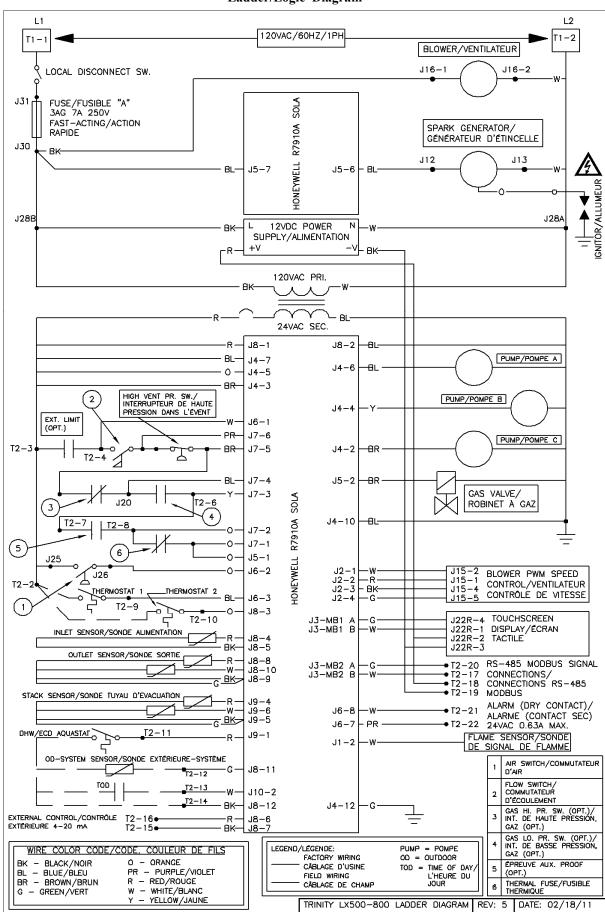


Figure 10-2(a) Lx500-800 Models



#### Figure 10-2(b) Lx500-800 Models

#### Ladder/Logic Diagram



11.	0 I	NSTALLATION CHECKLIST
Ins	1. 2.	If operating on Propane Gas, convert appliance using appropriate Kit number. See Table 7-1.  Locate the appliance in accordance with Section 3.0 of this manual.  Install the Vent/Air-Intake piping in accordance with Sections 4.0 and 5.0 of this manual. Ensure all joints are secured and cemented properly. Both the Vent and Air-Intake pipes must terminate outdoors. Perform the Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for Plastic Venting in Section 4.0.  Lx500-800 Only - If using Indoor Combustion Air Kit, see Section 4.0 and Table 4-8 and for special instructions.
	5.	Connect the condensate drain in accordance with Section 6.0 of this manual.  Connect the gas supply in accordance with Section 7.0 of this manual.  Install the plumbing in accordance with the appropriate Applications Manual (Boiler or Water Heater) Flush/cleanse the internals of the heating system.
		<b>Boiler Application</b> - treat system water with Fernox F1 Protector. See Table 2-1 in Appendix B. Connect field wiring in accordance with Section 9.0 of this manual. Advise home/building owner of their responsibilities with respect to maintaining the appliance.
		The building owner is responsible for keeping the Vent/Air-Intake termination free of snow, ice, or other potential blockages and for scheduling routine maintenance on the ce (see Section 12.0). Failure to properly maintain the appliance may result in serious injury or death.
4		Allow primers/cements to cure for 8 hours prior to Start-up. If curing time is less than 8 hours, first perform Steps 2 through 6 of <b>Mandatory Pre-commissioning Procedure for Venting</b> in Section 4.0. Failure to follow these instructions can result in explosion, serious injury or death.
	2. 3.	Turn gas shut-off valve to the ON position. Turn Power on to appliance. Set Controller to the desired settings. Turn thermostat up, Ignition will occur.
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	System is free of gas leaks. System is free of water leaks. Water pressure is maintained above 15 PSI. All air is purged from the heating system piping. Ensure proper water flow rate; unit must not kettle, bang, hiss or flash the water to steam. Ensure gas line pressure is in accordance with Section 9.0. System is free of combustion leaks. Unit must operate smoothly. Ensure the flue gas combustion readings are within the tolerances listed in Table 9-1. Each ignition must be smooth. Verify that all condensate lines are clean and drain freely.
Be	1.	Remove line pressure gauge from gas valve, tighten bleed screw, test screw for leaks. See Section 9.0. Install plug into the flue gas test port and test for leaks, see Section 9.0.
П	3	Allow the appliance to complete at least one heating cycle, or to operate for at least 15 minutes

- Allow the appliance to complete at least one heating cycle, or to operate for at least 15 minutes.
- ☐ 4. Always verify proper operation after servicing.

# **Instructions to Installing Contractor**

- ☐ 1. Ensure that the customer receives the Warranty Documentation included with the installation manual.
- □ 2. Leave the manual with the customer so they know when to call for annual maintenance and inspection.

WARNING This appliance must have water flowing through it whenever the burner is firing. Failure to comply may damage the unit, void the warranty, and cause serious injury or death.

Allowing the appliance to operate with a dirty combustion chamber will adversely affect its operation and void the warranty. Failure to clean the heat exchanger on a frequency that matches the need of the application may result in fire, property damage, or death.

Table 11-1 Hot Water Boiler Checklist for Controls and Safety Devices

	atifaction and Departing	Input Btuh Applicable Paragraph						
Certification and Reporting Requirements		400,000 to 2,500,000	ASME CSD-1	CAN 1-3.1-77	Compliance Means/Measures			
Or	Operating Controls							
	Forced Circulation Flow Switch (in lieu of LWCO)	Required	CW-130(a), CW-210(a)	-	Flow Switch - Factory installed.			
	Water Temperature	Required	CW-410(b)	2.15.5	Separate sensing elements and switching contacts for temperature and high limit. ASME CSD-1 compliant.			
	High Gas Pressure Switch <sup>2,4</sup>	Optional	CF-162	2.10 - 2.12	Canada - Only required on High			
	Low Gas Pressure Switch <sup>2,4</sup>	Optional	CF-162	2.10 - 2.12	Pressure Gas Trains (> 5 psig).			
Va	lve Train for Low Pressure G	as						
	Manual Shut-off Valves	Required (2)	CF-150 (a),(b),(d)	2.10.3.2, 2.10.3.3, 2.10.3.4	Lubed plug-type, lever handle. Down Stream - Factory installed. Up Stream - Factory supplied; Field installed.			
	Valve Leak Tests	Required (2)	CF-150(d)	2.13	Capped ports fitted.			
	Gas Pressure Regulator	Required	CF-160, Fig. B-3	2.10.1	Integral vent limiter, regulator part of Combo Gas Valve.			
	Valve Closing Time <sup>4</sup>	5 sec, max	CF-180(e)	2.4.2, 2.10.2.2.4	Less than 1 sec.			
Sa	fety Controls and Relief Valv	/es						
	Low Water Fuel Cutoff <sup>2</sup> Water Tube Boilers	N/A	CW-130	2.15.1	LWCO not required on water tube boilers; flow switch is mandatory. If required by other codes, must be installed as a Limit.			
	Water Temperature, High Limit <sup>2</sup>	Limit	CW-410(c)	2.15.1	ASME CSD-1 compliant.			
	Safety Relief Valve	Required	CW-510	-	Factory supplied; Field installed.			
	Approved Safety Shut-off Valve	Required	CF-180(b)1	2.10.2	2xSSOV in one valve body, series valves, independently operated.			
	Combustion Air Switch <sup>4</sup>	Recycle	CF-220(a)	2.8.3	Action on loss of combustion air			
	High Gas Pressure Switch <sup>2,4</sup>	N/A or Limit	CF-162	2.10 - 2.12	In Canada, only required on High			
	Low Gas Pressure Switch <sup>2,4</sup>	N/A or Limit	CF-162	2.10 - 2.12	Pressure Gas Trains (>5 psig).			
	Pre-ignition Purging <sup>4</sup>	4 air changes in 90 sec	CF-210	-	Auto Pre-purge.			
	Flame Safeguard (Primary)	Required	CF-310	2.4.1, 2.4.2	Manual Reset as per CG-610.			
	Flame Detector	Required	CF-310	2.4.1, 2.4.2	Manual Reset as per CG-610.			
	Combustion Air <sup>1</sup>	Optional	CG-260	2.8	See Table 4.8 in this manual.			

### **Notes:**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If drawing combustion air from the room supply, interlocking fan-damper-burner is required to prove combustion air. Damper interlock not required if louver (grilled) fixed in the open position. Not required for direct vent systems.

<sup>2</sup> If switch installed, functioning of switch shall cause safety shutdown and lockout requiring a manual reset.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Controller meets requirements for power up with lockout. Manual Reset from controller or touchscreen display only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Refer to ASME CSD-1, Table CF-3 for additional requirements or details.

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### 12.0 ANNUAL MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

This unit must be inspected at the beginning of every heating season by a Qualified Technician.

Alliaai ilispeetioli olleeniist	Annual	Insp	ection	Checklist
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- □ 1. Lighting is smooth and consistent, and the combustion fan is noise & vibration free.
- □ 2. The condensate freely flows from the unit, and is cleaned of sediment.
- ☐ 3. Relief Valve and air vents are not weeping.
- ☐ 4. Low water cut off is flushed (if applicable)
- □ 5. Examine all venting for evidence of leaks. Ensure vent screens are cleaned and clear of debris.
- ☐ 6. Check the burner plate for signs of leaking.
- ☐ 7. The combustion chamber must be inspected and cleaned.
- □ 8. Listen for water flow noises indicating a drop in appliance water flow rate. Important Boilers Only - The hydronic system may need to be flushed to eliminate hard water scale (Use Fernox DS-40 Descaler, NTI PN: 83450. See Table 2-1 in Appendix B - Boiler Applications).



Boiler Only - Boiler system cleansers and corrosion inhibitors must not be used to flush contaminants from water heaters or potable water systems.

# **Combustion Chamber Cleaning Procedure**

Units operating with LP Gas or in an industrial environment will have to be cleaned a minimum of once per year. Other applications will require the combustion chamber to be cleaned after the first year of operation, with subsequent cleanings scheduled based on the condition of the combustion chamber at the time. Unless a step is identified as model specific, the following combustion chamber cleaning procedure is the same for all models.

IMPORTANT

Crystalline Silica - Read carefully the warnings and handling instructions pertaining to Refractory Ceramic Fibers before commencing any service work in the combustion chamber. Take all necessary precautions and use recommended personal protective equipment as required.

# Cleaning Checklist

- □ 1. Initiate a post-purge cycle to clear any gas from the combustion chamber, then turn gas valve off.
- □ 2. Lx300-800: Danger Explosion Hazard. To disconnect the metallic tubing between the blower and the high-vent pressure switch, loosen the compression fitting at the high-vent pressure switch with a 1/2" wrench. At the blower end, support the brass fitting body with a 1/2" wrench to keep it from rotating while loosening the compression fitting nut with a 9/16" wrench. Remove tubing assembly from blower.
- □ 3. Access the combustion chamber by removing the aluminum burner door assembly of the appliance.
- □ 4. Remove the insulation disc located in the back of the combustion chamber to avoid damaging it during the cleaning process. The disc is held in place with a 2.5mm "Allen-head" screw.
- □ 5. Use a vacuum with a high efficiency filter to remove any loose debris or dust.
- ☐ 6. Wet the inside of the combustion chamber with water. Use a garden hose with a trigger nozzle to direct pressurized water through the gaps between the heat exchanger tubes. The water should pass in-between the heat exchanger tubes and exit via the condensate drain. This process may require the use of some dry rags or plastic to protect electrical components from being damaged by dripping or spraying water.
- □ 7. Use a nylon or other non-metallic brush to loosen the incrustations and any other contaminates that have remained stuck on and in-between the tubes.
- □ 8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 until the heat exchanger is clean and water from the condensate drain runs clear.
- □ 9. Re-install the insulation disc to the back of the combustion chamber (see Table 13-1, Item 31 for part #).
- □ 10. Inspect the insulation disc located on the back-side of the burner door. Replace if damaged (see Table 13-1, Item 33 for part # by applicable model).
- ☐ 11. Re-install the burner door, gas-supply and Air-inlet pipe, check for gas leaks.
- $\square$  12. Lx300-800: Reconnect the metallic tubing between the blower and the high-vent pressure switch. Ensure the brass fitting body at the blower remains stationary and does not rotate during reconnection.
- □ 13. Perform the Operational Check List detailed in Section 11.0.

Explosion Hazard (Lx300-800) - The metallic tubing connecting the blower and the ⚠ DANGER high-vent pressure switch contains Fuel/Air Mixture. Refer to Combustion Chamber

Cleaning Procedure for instructions on connecting and disconnecting the metallic tubing. Failure to follow these instructions will result in serious injury or death.



Replace any gaskets or insulation discs that show any signs of damage and do not re-use. Failure to follow these instructions may result in fire, property damage or death.

# Refractory Ceramic Fibers (RFC)

Personal Protective Equipment Recommended - Read the following warnings and handling instructions carefully before commencing any service work in the combustion chamber. The insulating material on the inside of the burner door and at the back of the combustion chamber contain *Refractory Ceramic Fibers* and should not be handled without personal protective equipment.

Potential Carcinogen - Use of Refractory Ceramic Fibers in high temperature applications (above 1000°C) can result in the formation of Crystalline Silica (cristobalite), a respirable silica dust. Repeated airborne exposure to crystalline silica dust may result in chronic lung infections, acute respiratory illness, or death. Crystalline silica is listed as a (potential) occupational carcinogen by the following regulatory organizations: International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). Failure to comply with handling instructions in Table 14-1 may result in serious injury or death.

Crystalline Silica - Certain components confined in the combustion chamber may contain this potential carcinogen. Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, serious injury (exposure to hazardous materials) or death. Refer to Table 12-1 for handling instruction and recommended personal protective equipment. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier (who must read and follow the supplied instructions before installing, servicing, or removing this appliance. This appliance contains materials that have been identified as carcinogenic, or possibly carcinogenic, to humans).

Table 12-1 Handling Instructions for Refractory Ceramic Fibers (RCF)

<ul> <li>Wear long-sleeved clothing, gloves, and safety goggles or glasses.</li> <li>Wear a respirator with a N95-rated filter efficiency or better. <sup>1</sup></li> <li>Use water to reduce airborne dust levels when cleaning the combustion chamber.</li> <li>Do not dry sweep silica dust. Pre-wet or use a vacuum with a high efficiency filter.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Use water to reduce airborne dust levels when cleaning the combustion chamber.</li> <li>Do not dry sweep silica dust. Pre-wet or use a vacuum with a high efficiency filter.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>When installing or removing RFCs, place the material in a sealable plastic bag.</li> <li>Remove contaminated clothing after use. Store in sealable container until cleaned.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing separately from other laundry.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>If irritation persists after implementing first aid measures consult a physician.</li> <li>Skin - Wash with soap and water.</li> <li>Eyes - Do not rub eyes; flush with water immediately.</li> <li>Inhalation - Breathe in fresh air; drink water, sneeze or cough to clear irritated passage ways.</li> </ul>
•

## **Notes:**

For more information on Refractory Ceramic Fibers, the risks, recommended handling procedures and acceptable disposal practices contact the organization(s) listed below:

Canada (CCOHS): Telephone directory listing under Government Blue Pages Canada—Health and Safety—Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety; or website http://www.ccohs.ca.

United States (OSHA): Telephone directory listing under United States Government—Department of Labor—Occupational Safety and Health Administration; or website http://www.osha.gov.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Respirator recommendations based on CCOHS and OSHA requirements at the time this document was written. Consult your local regulatory authority regarding current requirements for respirators, personal protective equipment, handling, and disposal of RCFs.

# 13.0 PARTS LIST

For a list of parts that corresponds to the item numbers in the bubbles, refer to Table 13-1. Note that that some item numbers may appear more than once in the parts list depending on which model number is being referenced.

Building Owners - Replacement parts are available from your stocking wholesaler. Contact your local Installer or Wholesaler for assistance with parts.

Wholesalers - Contact NY Thermal Inc. directly when ordering replacement parts, 1-506-657-6000.

**Installers** - Contact NY Thermal Inc. directly if technical assistance required, 1-800-688-2575.

# Residential Models (Lx150-400)

Figure 13-1 Lx150-200 Models

### Cabinet, Vent and Air-Intake Parts

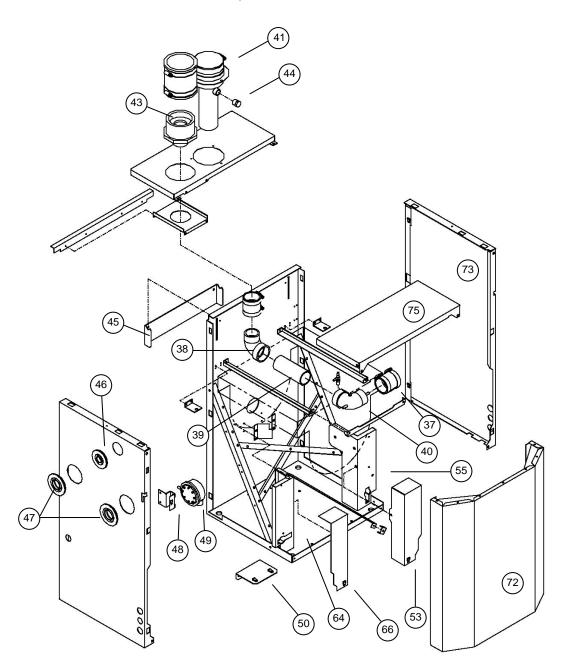


Figure 13-2 Lx150-200 Models

Heat Exchanger, Gas Valve, Blower and Burner Assembly

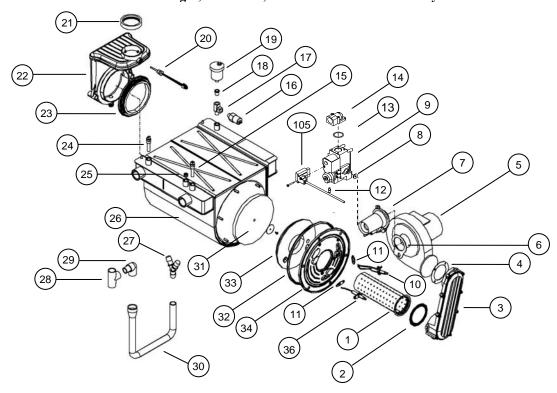


Figure 13-3 Lx150-400 (Common)

**Electrical Housing, Controller, and Display Module** 

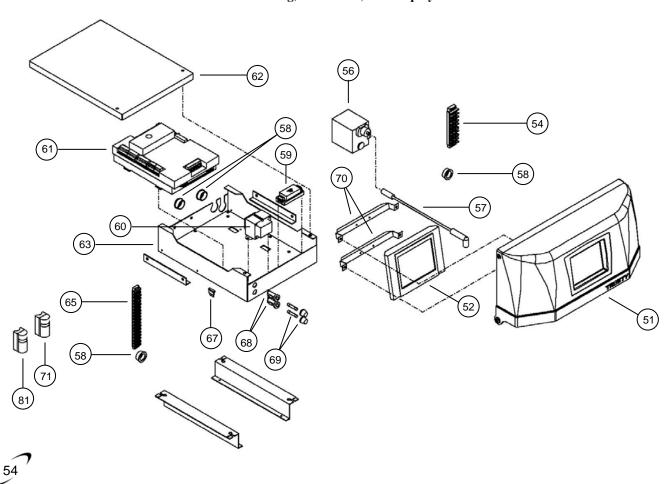


Figure 13-4 Lx300-400 Models

# **Cabinet, Vent and Air-Intake Parts**

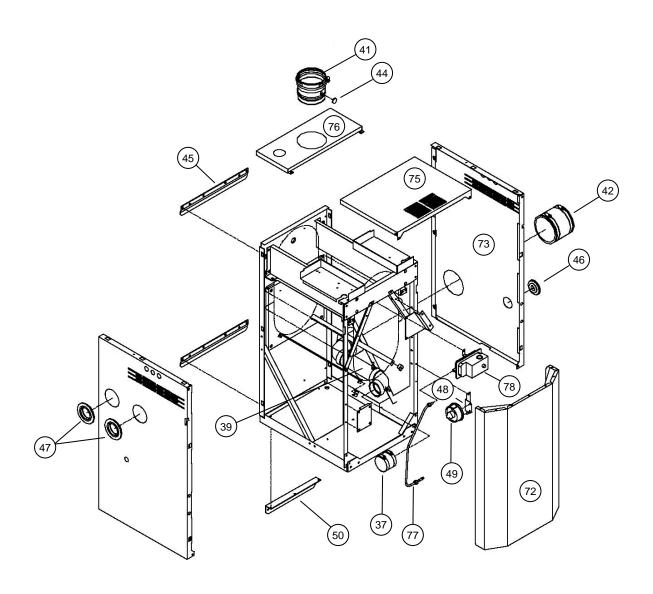
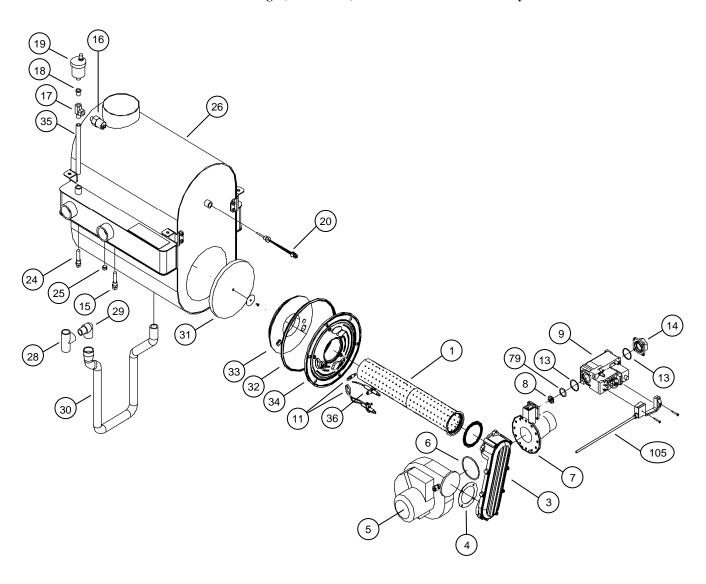


Figure 13-5 Lx300-400 Models

Heat Exchanger, Gas Valve, Blower and Burner Assembly



# Commercial Models (Lx500-800)

Figure 13-6 Lx500-800 Model

# **Cabinet, Vent and Air-Intake Parts**

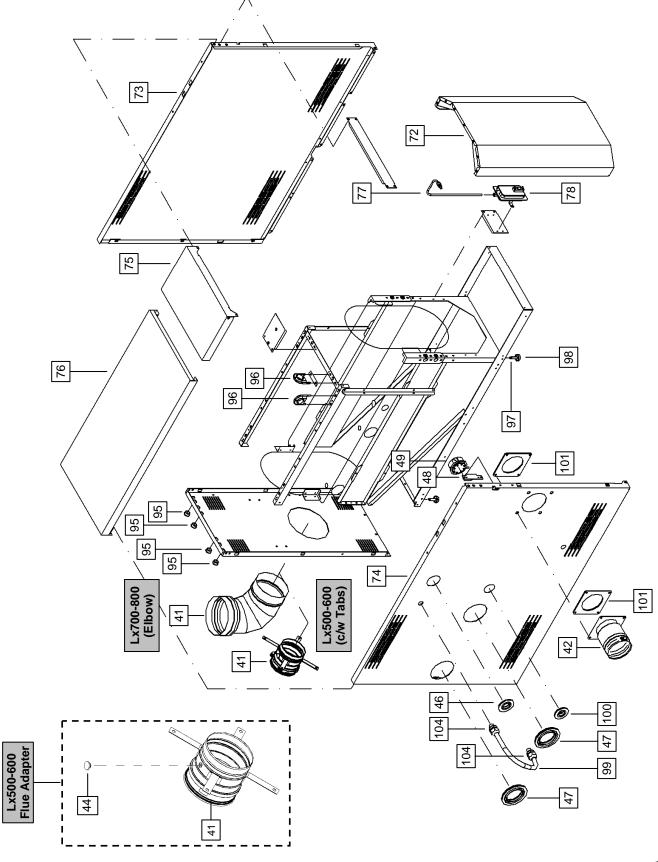


Figure 13-7 Lx500 Model

# Heat Exchanger, Gas Valve, Blower and Burner Assembly

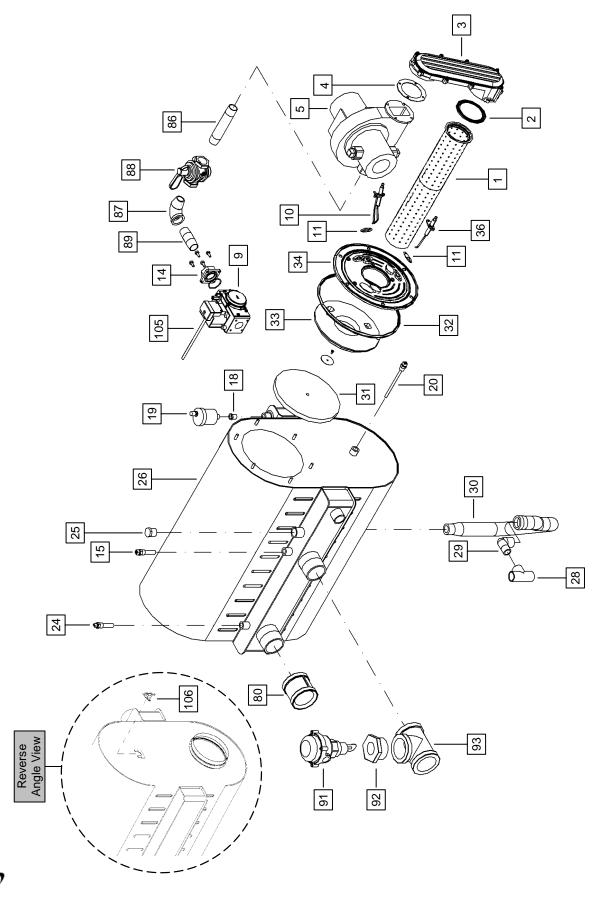


Figure 13-8 Lx600-800 Model

# Heat Exchanger, Gas Valve, Blower and Burner Assembly

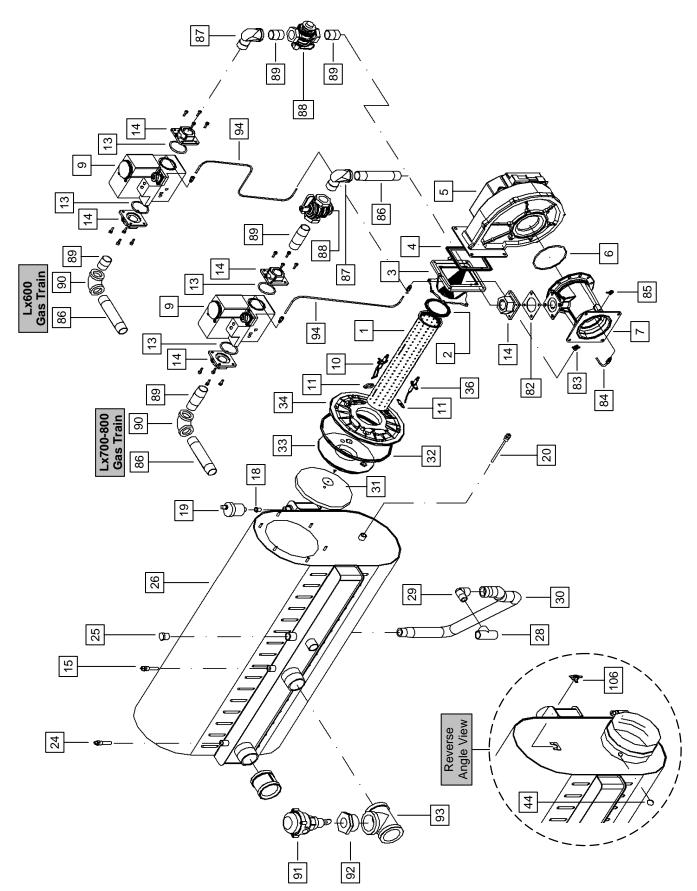


Figure 13-9 Lx500-800 Model

# **Electrical Housing, Controller, and Display Module**

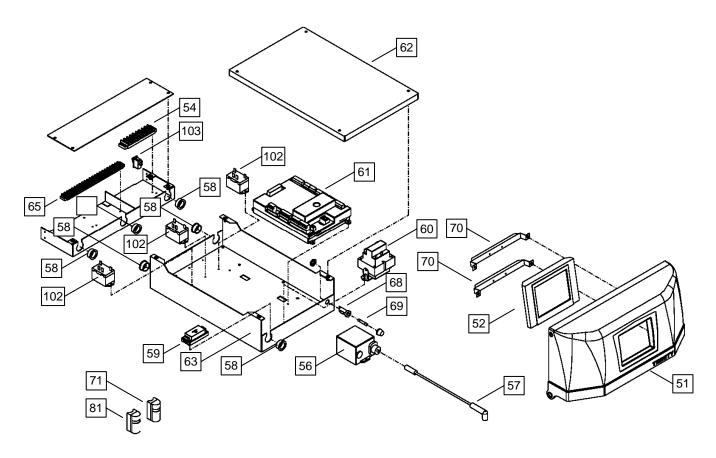


Table 13-1 Parts List: Lx150-800 Models

Item	Part #	Models	Description
1	82657	150	Premix burner 135.8 (Lx100-150; not Lx150E)
1	82658	150E, 200	Premix burner, 200.6 (Lx150E, Lx200)
1	84207	300	Premix burner, (Lx300)
1	83173	400	Premix burner, 327 (Lx400)
1	84382	500	Premix burner (Lx500)
1	84383	600	Premix burner (Lx600)
1	84134	700, 800	Premix burner (Lx700-800)
2	82761	150-500	Premix Burner Gasket (Lx150-500)
2	84133	600-800	Premix Burner Gasket (Lx600-800)
3	82771	150, 150E, 200	Extended Air Tube (Lx100-200)
3	83195	300-500	Extended Air Tube (Lx300-500)
3	84132	600, 700, 800	Conical Air-Gas Inlet Pipe / Stabilor (Lx600-800)
4	82766	150-500	Blower Gasket (Lx150-500)
4	84026	600-800	Blower Gasket (Lx600-800)
5	82052	150	EBM Blower RG130 (Lx100-150, not Lx150E)
5	82661	150E, 200, 300	EBM Blower RG148/1200-3633 (Lx150E-300)
5	82994	400	EBM Blower RG148/Enhanced (Lx400)
5	84322	500	EBM Blower NRG137 (Lx500)
5	84006	600-800	EBM Blower G1G170 (Lx600-800)
6	82054-2	150, 150E, 200, 300	CVI Venturi Gasket (Lx150-300)
6	83106	400	O-ring, Venturi to Blower (Lx400)

Section	Item	Part #	Models	Description
Record	6	84084	600-800	O-ring, Venturi to Blower (Lx600-800)
The stands				
Record   R				ì
Result		1		
8         82650         150,150E,200         CVI 5.20mm Orifice #45,900.444.107B (Lx150-200)           8         84157         300         CVI 6.20mm Orifice (Lx300)           8         82933         400 (NG)         Gas Valve Orifice, 8.0mm, NG (Lx400)           8         83017         400 (LP)         Gas Valve Orifice, 6.2mm, LP (Lx400)           9         82054         150-300         Gas Valve (CVI) VK8115F1134B (Valve Only) (Lx150-300)           9         84918         500         Gas Valve VR30C TLx500)           9         84012         600-800         Gas Valve VR30C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         83870         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual – c/w gasket (Lx150-500)           10         84154         600-800         Ignition Electrode, Dual (Lx600-800)           11         82774         All Models         Flame Probe Gasket (Lx Series)           12         82600         150,150E, 200,300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83194         400         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Adapter 45900-400-138B, 3/4* NPT (Lx400)				· · ·
8         84157         300         CVI 6.20mm Orifice (Lx300)           8         82993         400 (NG)         Gas Valve Orifice, 8.0mm, NG (Lx400)           9         82054         150-300         Gas Valve Orifice, 6.2mm, LP (Lx400)           9         82989         400         Gas Valve (CVI) VK8115F1134B (Valve Only) (Lx150-300)           9         84318         500         Gas Valve GB-ND 057 (Lx500)           9         84012         600-800         Gas Valve V8730C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         84378         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual - c/w gasket (Lx150-500)           10         84154         600-800         Ignition Electrode, Dual (Lx600-800)           11         82774         All Models         Flame Probe Gasket (Lx Series)           12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83194         400         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200         Gas Valve Adapter 1"NPT (Lx600-800)           14<				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
8         82993         400 (NG)         Gas Valve Orifice, 8.0mm, NG (Lx400)           8         83017         400 (LP)         Gas Valve Orifice, 6.2mm, LP (Lx400)           9         82054         150-300         Gas Valve (CVI) VK8115F1134B (Valve Only) (Lx150-300)           9         82989         400         Gas Valve VR8615VB 1044B (Lx400)           9         84318         500         Gas Valve GB-ND 057 (Lx500)           9         84318         500         Gas Valve VR8615VB 1044B (Lx400)           9         84012         600-800         Gas Valve VR8730C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         83870         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual (Lx600-800)           11         82744         All Models         Flame Probe Gasket (Lx Series)           12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83883         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring Gasket (Lx150-300)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         82965         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)				
8         83017         400 (LP)         Gas Valve Orifice, 6.2mm, LP (Lx400)           9         82054         150-300         Gas Valve (CVI) VK8115F1134B (Valve Only) (Lx150-300)           9         82989         400         Gas Valve VR8615VB 1044B (Lx400)           9         84318         500         Gas Valve VR70D 57 (Lx500)           9         84012         600-800         Gas Valve V8730C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         83870         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual - c/w gasket (Lx150-500)           11         82774         All Models         Ignition Electrode, Dual (Lx600-800)           12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83883         150, 150E, 200, 300         CVI Gas Valve Inlet O-ring Gasket (Lx150-300)           13         83194         400         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 45900-400-138B, 34* NPT (Lx400)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)				· · · ·
9         82054         150-300         Gas Valve (CVI) VK8115F1134B (Valve Only) (Lx150-300)           9         82989         400         Gas Valve VR8615VB 1044B (Lx400)           9         84318         500         Gas Valve VR8615VB 1044B (Lx400)           9         84012         600-800         Gas Valve VR8730C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         83870         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual - c/w gasket (Lx150-500)           10         84154         600-800         Ignition Electrode, Dual (Lx600-800)           11         82774         All Models         Flame Probe Gasket (Lx Series)           12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83383         150, 150E, 200, 300         CVI Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve CVI) 1/2" NPT elbow #45,900,400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         82391         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (L			, ,	
9         82989         400         Gas Valve VR8615VB 1044B (Lx400)           9         84318         500         Gas Valve GB-ND 057 (Lx500)           9         84012         660-800         Gas Valve V8730C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         83870         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual - c/w gasket (Lx150-500)           10         84154         600-800         Ignition Electrode, Dual - c/w gasket (Lx150-300)           11         82774         All Models         Flame Probe Gasket (Lx Series)           12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83883         150, 150E, 200, 300         CVI Gas Valve Inlet O-ring Gasket (Lx150-300)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series		1	· ´	
9         84318         500         Gas Valve GB-ND 057 (Lx500)           9         84012         600-800         Gas Valve V8730C 1023B (Lx600-800)           10         83870         150-500         Ignition Electrode, Dual - c/w gasket (Lx150-500)           10         84154         600-800         Ignition Electrode, Dual (Lx600-800)           11         82774         All Models         Flame Probe Gasket (Lx Series)           12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83831         150, 150E, 200, 300         CVI Gas Valve Inlet O-ring Gasket (Lx150-300)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve (CVI) 1/2" NPT elbow #45,900,400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         84991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sens				•
Sample   S		1		
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11				
12         82600         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve Regulator Vent Adapter (Lx150-300)           13         83883         150, 150E, 200, 300         CVI Gas Valve Inlet O-ring Gasket (Lx150-300)           13         83194         400         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve (CV1) 1/2" NPT elbow #45.900.400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         82991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83628         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         1/4" x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           20         84039 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
13         83883         150, 150E, 200, 300         CVI Gas Valve Inlet O-ring Gasket (Lx150-300)           13         83194         400         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600-800         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve (CV1) 1/2" NPT elbow #45.900.400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         82991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900-400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           18         83007         All Models         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150				· /
13         83194         400         Gas Valve Connector O-ring, Large (Lx400)           13         84138         600–800         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve (CV1) 1/2" NPT elbow #45.900.400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         82991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600–800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           17         82698         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         84039         500–800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue				
13         84138         600–800         Gas Valve Inlet O-ring (Lx600-800)           14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve (CV1) 1/2" NPT elbow #45.900.400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         82991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600–800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           18         83007         All Models         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)           20         84039         500-800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Trini				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
14         82065         150, 150E, 200, 300         Gas Valve (CV1) 1/2" NPT elbow #45.900.400-132B (Lx150-300)           14         82991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           17         82698         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           24         83605		1		
14         82991         400         Gas Valve Adapter 45900400-138B, 3/4" NPT (Lx400)           14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           17         82698         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           23         82764         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           24         83605         All				
14         84321         500         Gas Valve Adapter 253-517, 3/4" NPT, c/w screws and O-ring (Lx500)           14         84035         600-800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           18         83007         All Models         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           20         84039         500-800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           23         82764         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           25         83706         150, 150E, 200,				
14         84035         600–800         Gas Valve Adapter, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)           15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           18         83007         All Models         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)           20         84039         500–800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)           23         82764         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           24         83605         All Models         Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)           25         83706         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           25         84075         500–800         Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commer				
15         83606         All Models         Outlet Sensor, Dual (Lx Series)           16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           17         82698         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           20         84039         500-800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)           23         82764         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           24         83605         All Models         Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)           25         83706         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           25         84075         500-800         Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Co		1		•
16         83223-1         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Low Water Pressure Switch, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           17         82698         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)           20         84039         500-800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)           23         82764         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           24         83605         All Models         Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)           25         83706         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           25         84075         500-800         Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)           26         83395         150 (CAN)         Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100				
17         83462         150, 150E, 200         Street Tee, Brass, 1/4" (Lx150-200)           17         82698         300, 400         1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)           18         83007         All Models         1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)           19         82539         All Models         Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)           20         83608         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)           20         84039         500-800         Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)           21         82765         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)           22         82763         150, 150E, 200         Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)           23         82764         150, 150E, 200         Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)           24         83605         All Models         Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)           25         83706         150, 150E, 200, 300, 400         Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)           25         84075         500-800         Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)           26         83395         150 (CAN)         Heat Exchanger ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only           26         83396         150E, 200         Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx1				
17       82698       300, 400       1/4" NPT Brass Tee (Lx300-400)         18       83007       All Models       1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)         19       82539       All Models       Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)         20       83608       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)         20       84039       500-800       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)         21       82765       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)         22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				
18       83007       All Models       1/4"x 1/8" Bushing Brass (Lx Series)         19       82539       All Models       Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)         20       83608       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)         20       84039       500-800       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)         21       82765       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)         22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)		1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
19       82539       All Models       Automatic Air Vent 1/8" (Lx Series)         20       83608       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)         20       84039       500-800       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)         21       82765       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)         22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				
20       83608       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx150-400)         20       84039       500-800       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)         21       82765       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)         22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)		1		-
20       84039       500–800       Flue Sensor, Dual (Lx Commercial)         21       82765       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)         22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500–800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				
21       82765       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Outlet Gasket (Lx150-200)         22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)		1	, , , ,	
22       82763       150, 150E, 200       Composite Flue Box (Lx150-200)         23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23       82764       150, 150E, 200       Trinity Flue Box to Heat Exchanger Gasket (Lx150-200)         24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
24       83605       All Models       Inlet Sensor, Single (Lx Series)         25       83706       150, 150E, 200, 300, 400       Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)         25       84075       500-800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				•
25     83706     150, 150E, 200, 300, 400     Plug, Brass, 1/4" NPT (Lx150-400)       25     84075     500-800     Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)       26     83395     150 (CAN)     Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only       26     83012     150 (US)     Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only       26     83396     150E, 200     Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				
25       84075       500–800       Plug, Brass, 1/2" NPT (Lx Commercial)         26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) – Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) – US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				
26       83395       150 (CAN)       Heat Exchanger (CAN - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - Canada Only         26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) - US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)		1		
26       83012       150 (US)       Heat Exchanger-ASME (US - Lx100-150, not Lx150E) – US Only         26       83396       150E, 200       Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				-
26 83396 150E, 200 Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx150E-200)				
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
L ZO L 1540ZZ L 500 L Heat Exchanger-ASME (LX300)	26	84022	300	Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx300)
26 82926 400 Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx400)				
26 84311 500 Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx500)				
26 84312 600 Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx600)				-
26 84005 700, 800 Heat Exchanger-ASME (Lx700-800)		1		
27 83042 150, 150E, 200 Y-Drain Fitting 5/8", White (Lx150-200)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
28 83721 All Models Tee, PVC, 1/2", Sch.40, White (Lx Series)		1		-
29 83720 All Models Elbow, Street, PVC, 1/2", Sch.40, White (Lx Series)				
30 83715 150, 150E, 200 Condensate Drain Tube (Lx150-200)				

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Item	Part #	Models	Description
30	83907	300, 400	Condensate Drain Tube (Lx300-400)
30	84313	500, 600	Condensate Drain Tube (Lx500-600)
30	83996	700, 800	Condensate Drain Tube (Lx700-800)
31	83112	All Models	Trinity Divider Plate Insulation c/w Washer & Screw (Lx Series)
32	82770	150–500	Burner Door Viton Gasket (Lx150-500)
32	84136	600–800	Burner Door Viton Gasket (Lx600-800)
33	83808	150, 150E, 200, 500	Burner Door Ceramic Disc (Lx150-200,500)
33	83950	300, 400	Burner Door Ceramic Disc (Lx300-400)
33	84137	600–800	Burner Door Ceramic Disc (Lx600-800)
34	83885	150, 150E, 200, 500	Cast Alum Burner Door (Lx150-200,500)
34	83949	300, 400	Cast Alum Burner Door (Lx300-400)
34	84135	600–800	Cast Alum Burner Door (Lx600-800)
35	83934	300, 400	Nipple, 1/4" x 6", Brass 113-B6 (Lx300-400)
36	82762	150–500	Flame Rod (Lx150-500)
36	84155	600–800	Flame Rod (Lx600-800)
37	82099	150, 150E, 200, 300	1-1/2" MJ Coupling (Lx150-300)
37	83951	400	2" Gear Clamp Assembly (Lx400)
38	83425	150, 150E, 200	Elbow, Street 90, PVC Sys 15,1-1/2" (Lx150-200)
39	83426-1	150 (US)	1-1/2" PVC Pipe, Sys 15, 1.75" Long (Lx150 US)
39	83426-2	150E, 200	1-1/2" PVC Pipe, Sys 15, 4.5" Long (Lx150E-200)
39(a)	84208	300	1-1/2" Air Metering Assembly (Lx300)
39(b)	84209	300	2" PVC Air Inlet Assembly (Lx300)
39	83952	400	Air Inlet Assembly (Lx400)
40	83425-1	150, 150E, 200	Air Metering Elbow (Lx150-200)
41	83712	150, 150E, 200	Flue Outlet Adapter (Trinity Lx 3" PVC), c/w plug (Lx150-200)
41	83213	300, 400	Flue Outlet Adapter (Lx300-600)
41	84387	500, 600	Flue Outlet Adapter c/w Tabs (Lx500-600)
41	84052	700, 800	Flue Outlet Adapter (Lx700-800)
42	82882	300, 400	Coupling, Rubber, 4", Fernco (Lx300-400)
42	84051	500–800	Air Inlet Adapter SS (Lx Commercial)
43	83477	150, 150E, 200	Bushing, PVC Sch. 40, 3"x1.5" (Lx150-200)
44	83712-1	150, 150E, 200	3/8" Stainless Steel Plug (Lx150-200)
44	84054	300–800	Exhaust Test Plug (Lx300-800)
45	83873	150, 150E, 200	TiS Wall Mount Bracket 2 (Lx150-200)
45	83953	300, 400	Wall Mounting Clip (Lx300-400)
46	83505	150, 150E, 200, 300	Grommet, Vinyl, 1/2" IPS (Lx150-300)
46	83923	400	Grommet, Vinyl, 3/4" IPS (Lx400)
46	83506	600–800	Grommet, Vinyl, 3/4 II S (LX400)  Grommet, Vinyl, 1" IPS (1030) (Lx600-800)
47	83506	150, 150E, 200	Grommet, Vinyl, 1 178 (1030) (Ex000-800)  Grommet, Vinyl, 1-3/8" OD
47	83924	300, 400	Grommet, Vinyl, 1-3/8 OD Grommet, Vinyl, 2" OD (Lx300-400)
47	84097	500–800	Grommet, Vinyl, 2 OD (Ex300-400)  Grommet, Vinyl, 2 1/2" IPS (3125) (Lx Commercial)
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48	83874	150, 150E, 200	TiS Air Switch Support Clip II (Lx150-200)
48	83954	300, 400	Air Switch Brooket (Lx300-400)
48	84139	600–800	Air Switch Bracket (Lx600-800)
49	82662	All Models	Air Switch Huba 604.E021180 set @ .15" w.c. (Lx Series)
50	83875	150, 150E, 200	TiS Wall Stand-Off - Bottom (Lx150-200)
50	83955	300, 400	Wall Mounting Support, Bottom (Lx300-400)
51	83508	All Models	Display Molding (Lx Series)
52	83592	All Models	Trinity Touch Screen Display (Lx Series)
53	83876	150, 150E, 200	Electrical J-box Cover R1, Left (Lx100-200)

Item	Part #	Models	Description
54	83872	All Models	Barrier Strip, Line Voltage (Lx Series)
55	83877	150, 150E, 200	Electrical J-box, Line Voltage (Lx150-200)
56	83707	All Models	Ignition Coil Q652B1006/B (Lx Series)
57	83724	All Models	Spark Igniter Wire, 12" (Lx Series)
58	82250	All Models	SNAP BUSHING, 1" (Lx Series)
59	83592-1	All Models	Power Supply – Touch Screen (Lx Series)
60	83190	150, 150E, 200, 300, 400	Transformer, 24V, 40VA (Lx150-400)
60	84047	500-800	Transformer, 24V, 75VA (Lx Commercial)
61	83589	150, 150E, 200, 300, 400	ICP Honeywell Sola Controller R7910B1015/B (Lx150-400)
61	84034	500-800	ICP Honeywell Sola Controller R7910A1001 (Lx Commercial)
62	83878	150, 150E, 200, 300, 400	Drawer Cover (Lx150-400)
62	84140	500-800	Control Panel Cover (Lx Commercial)
63	83879	150, 150E, 200, 300, 400	Drawer (Lx150-400)
63	84141	500-800	Control Panel (Lx Commercial)
64	83880	150, 150E, 200	Electrical J-box, Low Voltage (Lx150-200)
65	83871	150, 150E, 200, 300, 400	Barrier Strip, Low Voltage (Lx150-400)
65	84065	500–800	Barrier Strip, Low Voltage (Lx Commercial)
66	83876-1	150, 150E, 200	Lx150-200 Electrical J-box Cover R1 (Right) (Lx150-200)
67	83517	150, 150E, 200, 300, 400	Fuse, Matrix/Lx, 2 Amp (Lx150-400)
68	83881	All Models	Fuse Holder, 20 Amp at 250VAC Max (Lx Series)
69	83837	All Models	Fuse, Littlefuse 7A, 250VAC, Fast Blow (Lx Series)
70	83882	All Models	Touch Screen Display Support (Lx Series)
71	81027-1	All Models	Outdoor Sensor, 10K (Lx Series)
72	83886	150, 150E, 200	Front Cover (Lx150-200)
72	83956	300, 400	Front Cover (Lx300-400)
72	84372	500	Front Cover (Lx500)
72	84142	600-800	Front Cover (Lx600-800)
73	83887	150, 150E, 200	Right Side (Lx150-200)
73	84210	300	Right Side (Lx300)
73	83957	400	Right Side R1 (Lx400)
73	84373	500	Right Side (Lx500)
73	84374	600	Right Side (Lx600)
73	84143	700, 800	Right Side (Lx800)
74	83888	150 (CAN)	Left Side (Lx150 CAN)
74	83888-1	150 (US)	Left Side (Lx150 US, not 150E)
74	83888-2	150E, 200	Left Side (Lx150E-200)
74	84211	300	Left Side (Lx300)
74	83958	400	Left Side (Lx400)
74	84375	500	Left Side (Lx500)
74	84376	600	Left Side (Lx600)
74	84144	700, 800	Left Side (Lx700-800)
75	83889	150, 150E, 200	Front Top (Lx150-200)
75	84212	300	Front Top (Lx300)
75	82959	400	Front Top (Lx400)
75	84377	500	Top (Lx500)
75	84378	600	Top (Lx600)
75	84145	700, 800	Front Top (Lx700-800)
76	83890	150, 150E, 200	Top Panel Back R1 (Lx150-200)
76	83960	300, 400	Rear Top (Lx300-400)
76	84146	700, 800	Rear Top (Lx700-800)

Item	Part #	Models	Description
77	83961	300, 400	Fuel-Air Metallic Tubing with Ends (Lx400)
77	84379	500	Fuel-Air Metallic Tubing with Ends (Lx500)
77	84147	600–800	Fuel-Air Metallic Tubing with Ends (Lx600-800)
78	83915	300, 400	High-Vent Pressure Switch, AFS460-367 (Lx300-400)
78	84380	500	High -Vent Pressure Switch, ANA124-406 (Lx500)
78	84053	600–800	High -Vent Pressure Switch, ANA124-381 (Lx600-800)
79	83962	400	Gas Valve Orifice O-ring, Large (Lx400)
80	84057	500-800	Coupling, 2", Brass (Lx Commercial)
81	84010	All Models	System Sensor, Pipe Sensor TSA00A4 (Lx Series)
82	84087	600–800	Gasket, Cork (Lx600-800)
83	84045	600-800	Cross, Brass, M5 Thread To Barb (Lx600-800)
84	84148	600–800	Air Metering Tube (Lx600-800)
85	84044	600-800	Elbow, Brass, M5 to Barb (Lx600-800)
86	84388	500	Nipple, 3/4" x 5", Black Iron (Lx500)
86	84061	700, 800	Nipple, 1" x 6", Black Iron (Lx700-800)
87	84389	500	Elbow, 3/4", 90 deg., Street, Black Iron (Lx500)
87	84063	600-800	Elbow, 1", 90 deg., Street, Black Iron (Lx600-800)
88	84347	500	Manual Shutoff Valve, 3/4" NPT (Lx500)
88	84025	600–800	Manual Shutoff Valve, 1" NPT (Lx600-800)
89	84390	500	Nipple, 3/4" x 2", Black Iron (Lx500)
89	84391	600	Nipple, 1" x Close, Black Iron (Lx600)
89	84062	700, 800	Nipple, 1" x 3-1/2", Black Iron (Lx700-800)
90	84064	700, 800	Elbow, 1", 90 deg., Black Iron (Lx700-800)
91	84102	500-800	Flow switch, FS8-W, Paddles – 2-1/2" (Lx Commercial)
92	84099	500-800	Bushing, 2" x 1", Brass (Lx Commercial)
93	84058	500-800	Tee, 2" x 2" x 2", Brass (Lx Commercial)
94	84381	600	Gas Valve Regulator Sensing Tube (Lx600)
94	84149	700, 800	Gas Valve Regulator Sensing Tube (Lx700-800)
95	84095	500-800	Plug, 7/8" Black Dome (Lx Commercial)
96	84069	600–800	Clamp, U-bolt, 1" IPS (Lx600-800)
97	84072	500-800	Leg Leveler, 3/8-16 x 1/5" (Lx Commercial)
98	84073	500-800	Leg Leveler Hex Base Cap (Lx Commercial)
99	84150	500-800	Flow Switch Wiring Conduit (Lx Commercial)
100	83923	500-800	Grommet, Vinyl, 3/4" IPS (1020) (Lx Commercial)
101	84346	500	Grommet, Vinyl (3375), Air Intake (Lx500)
101	84011	600–800	Gasket, Air Intake 3/16" (Lx600-800)
102	84056	500-800	Relay, Omron (Lx Commercial)
103	84043	500-800	Rocker Switch, Black (Lx Commercial)
104	84130	500-800	Flow Switch Wiring Conduit Fitting (Lx Commercial)
105	82064	150-300	Gas Valve Harness, CVI (Lx150-300)
105	83016	400	Gas Valve Harness (Lx400)
105	84319	500	Gas Valve Harness, Dungs (Lx500)
106	84392	500-800	Thermal Fuse, Heat Exchanger Exterior (Lx Commercial)



#### 14.0 TROUBLESHOOTING



Observe the following precautions when servicing the appliance. Failure to comply with these may result in fire, property damage, serious injury or death.

# **Servicing the Appliance**

- Disconnect or shut off all energy sources to the appliance: 120VAC power, water and gas.
- Identify and mark wires before disconnecting or removing them.
- Never bypass electrical fuses or limit devices except temporarily for testing.
- Use proper personal protective equipment (PPE) i.e. eye protection, safety footwear.

These procedures should only be performed by qualified service personnel, when abnormal operation of the appliance is suspected. The appliance incorporates a sophisticated microprocessor based control which normally responds appropriately to varying conditions. If the appliance operation appears to be incorrect, or it is not responding at all to a demand for heat, the following is suggested to determine and correct the problem.



Before undertaking any troubleshooting procedures it is highly recommended to have available a digital multimeter(s) capable of measuring AC and DC volts, Amperes,

Resistance (ohms) and Continuity.

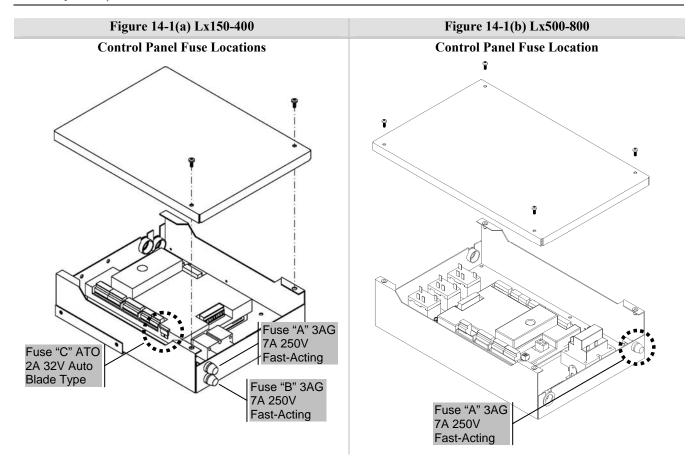
# Check 120VAC and 24VAC at the Appliance

First, verify the following:

- There is 120V being supplied to the appliance:
  - The circuit breaker in the electrical panel supplying power to the appliance is not tripped.
  - The service switch (if applicable) is in the ON position.
- There is a heat call from the thermostat:
  - Verify 24VAC to thermostat.
  - The thermostat is placed at a sufficiently high setting to create a call for heat to the appliance.

To check for the presence of 120VAC and 24VAC at the appliance follow this procedure:

- Remove the appliance front cover.
- 120VAC
  - Remove the Line Voltage junction box cover. First remove the #10 pan-head Phillips screw securing the cover to the junction box. Lift the cover to release it from the appliance base and withdraw the cover from the appliance cabinet. This will expose the Line Voltage barrier strip.
  - With an AC voltmeter set on the appropriate scale, measure the voltage across the L1 and L2 terminals (terminals 1 and 5).
  - If 120VAC is not detected, check the electrical service as suggested above. If the service is verified, inspect the circuit wiring from the panel to the appliance for broken or disconnected conductors.
- 24VAC (only check if 120VAC supply is verified).
  - Remove the Low Voltage junction box cover. First remove the #10 pan-head Phillips screw securing the cover to the junction box. Lift the cover to release it from the appliance base and withdraw the cover from the appliance cabinet. This will expose the Low Voltage barrier strip.
  - With an AC voltmeter set on the appropriate scale, measure the voltage across the R and C terminals (terminals 3 and 1).
  - If 24VAC is not detected, check Fuse "C" (see below).



#### **Fuses**

There are three (3) fuses associated with the Trinity Lx150-400 controller but only one (1) with the Lx500-800 controller. Check these fuses before replacing the controller or any other electrical component; if the fuse is blown, it will prevent the protected device(s) from functioning.

To check, and if necessary replace, the fuses:

- Remove all 120VAC power from the appliance. Be careful to check that the unit is not powered from more than one source e.g. a UPS (uninterruptible power supply).
- Remove the front cover.
- On models Lx150-400 the control panel is located below the heat exchanger. Fuses "A" and "B" are accessible by removing the spring-loaded knurled knob of their respective holders. Push the knob toward the panel, and twist approximately 1/4 turn counter-clockwise.
- To access Fuse "C", remove the two #10 pan-head Phillips screws and lift the top cover from the panel. The auto blade type fuse is installed in an "inline" style fuse holder.
- On models Lx500-800, the control panel is located above the heat exchanger toward the back of the unit. Fuse "A" is accessible by removing the spring-loaded knurled knob from its holder. Push the knob toward the panel, and twist approximately 1/4 turn counter-clockwise.

After inspecting and if necessary replacing fuses, replace the panel cover and front cover. Restore power to the appliance and confirm proper operation.



Only replace fuses with identical parts, see Figures 14-1(a) and (b). Failure to follow this warning may result in component failure, fire, property damage, serious injury or death.



#### **Display**

A blank screen does not necessarily indicate a problem; the display may be configured to automatically blank the screen after a pre-set interval. Simply touch the screen to activate it. Confirm that 120V power is being supplied to the appliance. Then, if the screen does not become active, check Figures 14-2 and 14-3 and follow the verification procedures as outlined below:

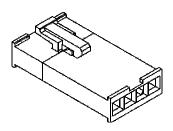
## Figure 14-2 All Models

#### **Controller Connection Verification**

Ensure the display is connected to the controller via its 4-conductor signal cable by following the procedure below:

- 1. Remove the unit front cover.
- 2. Remove the two #10 pan-head Phillips screws securing the plastic display housing to the cabinet.
- 3. Pivot the housing down until its bottom edge rests against the extended air tube or cabinet sides.
- 4. Verify that the two mating 4-position single-row Molex housings are securely connected as illustrated.

# 4-Position Display Plug



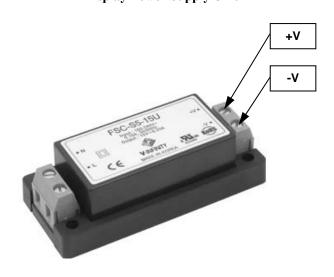
## Figure 14-3 All Models

### **Display Power Supply Verification**

Ensure that the display power supply is operating properly by following the procedure below:

- 1. Using a DC voltmeter, check for 12VDC across the +V and -V terminals of the power supply
- 2. Remove the unit front cover.
- 3. Remove the two #10 pan-head Phillips screws and lift the panel cover off.
- 4. Locate the 12VDC power supply at the front right corner of the panel.
- 5. Measure the voltage across the +V and -Vterminals on the right-hand end of the supply.
- 6. If 12VDC is not detected across +V and -V, replace the power supply with NTI PN83592-1.

#### **Display Power Supply Unit**



CAUTION

DO NOT drop the plastic housing or allow it to swing down freely, it may be damaged by forceful impact.

Summary and Diagnostics Display – The Trinity Lx controller and Touchscreen display provides detailed operational and diagnostic information for aid in troubleshooting. When power is applied to the appliance the initial page displayed is the Summary page. Information presented on the Summary page includes Demand source, Burner state, status of sensors and pumps, and so forth. Any current Alert or Lockout condition is also displayed. Accessible from the Summary page are the Diagnostics pages. Refer to the controller manual for more information.

**Lockout and Alert History** – The controller maintains a record of the fifteen (15) most recent events for both Lockouts and Alerts. To display the logs, touch the History button on the Summary page (refer to Section 7.0 in *Appendix A - Controller and Touchscreen Display Instructions*). In any situation where malfunction is suspected, always check the Alerts and Lockouts history. Entries recorded in the history provide useful information for determining the cause of the malfunction.

**Optional Plug In Module (PIM)** – The Trinity Lx controller has an optional removable plug in memory module called a PIM (NTI P/N 83998). The PIM is not supplied with the boiler and must be ordered separately if backup and restore options are desired. A copy of the non-safety configuration parameters can be stored (backed-up) to the PIM to be restored at a later date (i.e. if the controller settings are subsequently changed) or copied to another boiler of the same model. The PIM can be useful to a heating technician who wishes to modify many of the factory settings and copy those settings to multiple boilers. (Note: the PIM may be inserted and removed from the controller with power applied). Restore the settings to the new controller with the following procedure:

- To display the Summary page, touch the Home icon at the upper left corner of the screen.
- Touch the Configure button at the lower left corner of the Summary page.
- Touch the Display Setup button at the lower right corner of the Configuration page.
- Touch the Program Module button located near the center of the Display Setup page.
- Touch the Login button at the lower right and enter the correct password; "sola".
- Touch the Restore Parameters button.
- Confirm the restore operation by touching the Yes button.

**Table 14-1 Troubleshooting Chart** 

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Display shows "System	Blown 24VAC fuse	Check Fuse "C" using procedure above.
Disconnected" constantly	Faulty 24VAC transformer	Check Power LED on controller. Verify 24VAC to controller by measuring voltage at terminals J8
		1 & 2. If no 24VAC detected and Fuse "C" ok, replace transformer.
	Faulty controller	If 24VAC present at controller terminals J8 1 & 2, check Power LED on controller. Verify that connector J8 is securely plugged into the controller. Recycle power to appliance, if controller does not operate, replace the controller.
Burner not operating	Heat demand satisfied; no call for heat	Check Demand and Set points via Touchscreen. Check thermostat and DHW aquastat (if applicable) setting.
	Appliance outlet temperature exceeded "Off Hysteresis"	Check outlet temperature, setpoint and hysteresis settings via Touchscreen. By design, if the outlet temperature exceeds the demand setpoint plus the Off Hysteresis, the burner shuts down.
	Hold or Delay	Check Summary page on Touchscreen for specific cause of hold or delay.
	Lockout	Check Summary page on Touchscreen for lockout code.
	Burner switch off	Check Summary page, if Demand indicates "Burner switch off" go to diagnostics burner test page and switch on.

Table 14-1 Troubleshooting Chart				
PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION		
Lockout 9 – Flame bias out of range	4-20mA input being overdriven.	If using 4-20mA input, check to ensure current is not greater than 21mA.		
Hold 27 – Flame rod shorted	A flame circuit shorted to ground	Check to ensure condensate drain is not blocked.		
to ground detected	may show up as a flame circuit	Check to ensure no voltage applied to R & T		
	timeout. Zero-ohm shorts can	terminals. If using 4-20mA input, check to ensure		
	display as Hold 27.	current is not greater than 21mA.		
Hold 61 – Anti short-cycle	Demand off	Check demand. Delay is to prevent rapid cycling of burner.		
Hold 62 – Fan speed not	Burner ignition	Hold 62 is normally seen for a brief period prior to burner ignition.		
proved	Dlower problem	If Hold 62 persists for 15 seconds or more, check		
	- Blower problem - Faulty controller			
	- Faulty controller	"Fan speed" on Touchscreen. If "LOW RPM",		
		"HIGH RPM" or rapidly changing RPM value is		
		displayed, try connecting another blower. If		
	XXXX 1.C	problem remains, replace controller.		
	Wiring defect	Inspect blower wiring, ensure connectors at		
H.H.G. LOLOFF G.	D. I	controller and blower are securely attached.		
Hold 63 – LCI OFF (Limit	Replacement control incorrectly	LCI must be set to "enable" on all Lx models,		
control input)	configured.	excluding Lx150/150E units with a serial number		
		of 49351 or lower and Lx200/400 units with a		
		serial number of 48251 or lower. See instructions		
Hald 65 Intermed Air	No analism named analism	included with replacement controller.		
Hold 65 – Interrupted Air Switch OFF	No problem, normal operation	Hold 65 will normally be displayed momentarily during the drive to light-off.		
	Blown fuse	Check Fuse "A", blown fuse prevents blower		
		from operating.		
	Faulty blower	If Fuse "A" is good and blower remains off, check		
		120VAC supply to blower, if present replace		
		blower. If blower is on proceed to next step.		
	Blocked venting	Check for blockage of the exhaust vent.		
	Blocked air inlet	Check for blockage of the air inlet.		
	Disconnected, damaged or blocked	Inspect the clear vinyl tubing connecting the air		
	tubing	switch + and – ports to the air metering elbow.		
		Condensation or other foreign matter may be		
		obstructing the tubing, preventing the switch from		
		sensing differential pressure caused by air flow		
		through the metering elbow.		
	Incorrect air switch setting	Contact NTI technical support.		
	Faulty air switch	If venting and air inlet are clear, temporarily		
		jumper the air switch. If the unit lights and		
		operates smoothly – replace air switch. If the unit		
		fails to light or lights but runs rough or abruptly		
		<u>shuts down</u> – check boiler internals for blockage.		
		WARNING Only jumper the air switch for		
		diagnosing purposes.		
	Incorrect air switch wiring	Check that the red and orange wires are connected		
		to quick connect tabs 3 and 1 respectively.		
Hold 66 – Interrupted air	Incorrect air switch setting	Contact NTI technical support.		
switch ON (and blower is off)	Incorrect air switch wiring	Check that the red and orange wires are connected to quick connect tabs 3 and 1 respectively.		
	Faulty air switch	Disconnect red and orange wires from air switch		
		and check for open circuit between terminals 1 &		
		3. If continuity detected, replace air switch.		

**Table 14-1 Troubleshooting Chart** 

Table 14-1 Troubleshooting C		CORRECTIVE ACTION	
PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
Hold 66 – Interrupted air switch ON (and blower is on)	- Blower problem - Faulty controller	Check low voltage wiring from blower to controller. Check VDC signal from red–green and black-green; if not 28-32VDC and 0 VDC respectfully – replace controller. If signal is correct – replace blower.	
Hold 67 – ILK OFF	Insufficient water pressure	Ensure at least 15PSI at appliance outlet. Refer to Supplementary Documentation section 2.0 System Piping.	
	External Limit Tripped	Indication that an external limit (wired to "LIM") is open. Not a problem with boiler, check external limit.	
Hold 79 – Outlet High Limit	CH or DHW settings	Check if CH and/or DHW set point temperature plus off hysteresis exceeds 210°F (99°C).	
	CH or DHW pump problem	See "Inoperative CH or DHW pump" below.	
Lockout 81 – Delta T limit OR Appliance making banging or hissing sounds	Insufficient water flow	<ul> <li>Check Fuse "A"</li> <li>Check appliance pump.</li> <li>Ensure plumbing is correct. Refer to Supplementary Documentation section 2.0 System Piping. Check that water pressure is at least 15PSI.</li> <li>Boilers Only - Boiler heat transfer surfaces may be fouled with scale or magnetite. Clean with Fernox DS-40 Descaler and Cleanser. See Table 2-1 in Appendix B.</li> </ul>	
Lockout 82 – Stack limit	Dirty heat exchanger	Inspect and if required clean the combustion chamber and/or heat exchanger. Refer to 14.0 Annual Manintenance and Inspection and Supplementary Documentation section 2.0 System Piping.	
	Faulty sensor	Check resistance of stack sensor and compare to thermistor resistance chart, see Table 14-2.	
Lockout 85 – Inlet/Outlet Inversion Limit	Pump flowing in the wrong direction	Ensure water circulation is flowing into the boiler at the fitting closest to the wall.	
Lockout 88 – Outlet T Rise limit	Insufficient water flow	See Lockout 81.	
Hold 91– Inlet sensor fault	Sensor disconnected	<ul> <li>Verify that 2-position Molex connector on wiring harness is securely attached to mating connector on inlet sensor.</li> <li>Inspect sensor wiring.</li> </ul>	
	Faulty sensor	Check resistance of sensor and compare to thermistor resistance chart, see Table 14-2.	
Hold 92 – Outlet sensor fault	Sensor disconnected  Faulty sensor	<ul> <li>Verify that 4-position Molex connector on wiring harness is securely attached to mating connector on outlet sensor.</li> <li>Inspect sensor wiring.</li> <li>Check resistance of sensor and compare to</li> </ul>	
W 1105 G	·	thermistor resistance chart, see Table 14-2.	
Hold 95 – Stack sensor fault	Sensor disconnected	<ul> <li>Verify that 4-position Molex connector on wiring harness is securely attached to mating connector on stack sensor.</li> <li>Inspect sensor wiring.</li> </ul>	
	Faulty sensor	Check resistance of sensor and compare to thermistor resistance chart, see Table 14-2.	



Table 14-1 Troubleshooting ( PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
Hold 110 – Ignition failure occurred (failure to prove flame after 3 ignition attempts)	Spark cable disconnected	Ensure that the high voltage spark cable is securely connected to the spark generator and the igniter electrode. Check that the green ground wire is securely attached to the ¼" quick connect tab on the igniter electrode.	
	Insufficient gas line pressure	Ensure the manual gas shutoff valve is open. Refer to manual section 9.0 GAS VALVE AND BURNER SETUP.	
	Flame rod disconnected	Verify that the flame rod signal wire is securely attached to the flame rod, which is located bottom center of the burner door.	
	No 120VAC to Spark Generator	Check wiring from controller to spark generator. With an AC voltmeter measure voltage across J5-6 and ground (the controller chassis is connected to the 120VAC supply ground) during trial for ignition.	
	Faulty Spark Generator	During trial for ignition check for arc on spark electrode via the observation port located next to the spark electrode in the burner door. If the spark generator is receiving 120VAC and no spark is observed, replace the spark generator.	
	No 24VAC to Gas Valve	Check the wiring harness for loose or interrupted connections of the gas valve wiring. With an AC voltmeter, measure the voltage from controller terminals J5-2 to J4-10. There should be 24VAC present during trial for ignition.	
	Faulty Gas Valve	The gas valve emits an audible click when it switches on or off. If the controller is providing 24VAC to the gas valve, and the wiring is intact, it should be possible to detect if the valve is responding.	
Lockout 113 – Flame circuit timeout	A flame circuit shorted to ground may show up as a flame circuit timeout. High resistance shorts can display as Lockout 113.	Check to ensure condensate drain is not blocked. Check to ensure no voltage applied to R & T terminals. If using 4-20mA input, check to ensure current is not greater than 21mA.	
Alert 128 - Modulation rate was limited due to IAS was	Blocked venting	Check for blockage of the exhaust vent.	
open (Air switch open while burner firing)	Blocked air inlet	Check for blockage of the air inlet.	
Alert 248 – CH outdoor temperature was invalid	Outdoor sensor not connected	The Trinity Lx is factory set with Outdoor Reset enabled. Connect outdoor sensor or disable Outdoor Reset.	
	Outdoor sensor wiring	Check wiring of outdoor sensor. Wires should connect to Low Voltage barrier terminals 11 & 12.	
	Faulty sensor	Check sensor. Should be free of ice and snow. Check resistance of sensor and compare to thermistor resistance chart, see Table 14-2.	
Alert 311 – Run was	Blocked venting	Check for blockage of the exhaust vent.	
terminated due to interrupted air flow switch was off	Blocked air inlet	Check for blockage of the air inlet.	
	Disconnected, damaged or blocked tubing	Inspect the clear vinyl tubing connecting the air switch + and – ports to the air metering elbow. Condensation or other foreign matter may be obstructing the tubing, preventing the switch from sensing differential pressure caused by air flow through the metering elbow.	
	Incorrect air switch setting	Contact NTI technical support.	
	Blown fuse	Check Fuse "A".	

**Table 14-1 Troubleshooting Chart** 

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION		
Inoperative CH and/or DHW	Blown fuse	Check Fuse "B".		
pump	Faulty controller	If Fuse "B" not blown, and controller is operating, navigate to pump diagnostic on display. Manually switch pump on, check for 120VAC at pump connection terminal on line voltage barrier strip. If 120VAC not detected, replace controller.		
	Faulty pump	If 120VAC supplied to pump, and pump does not operate, replace pump.		
Blower operating at high speed while burner off	Blower signal cable disconnected	<ul> <li>Verify that the 5-position Molex connector on the wiring harness is securely connected to its mating connector on the blower.</li> <li>Check that the 4-position Molex connector on wiring harness is securely connected to its mating connector on the controller.</li> </ul>		
	No 24VAC to controller	Check Power LED on controller.		
		<ul> <li>Check Fuse "C".</li> <li>With an AC voltmeter measure voltage at terminals J8 1 &amp; 2, 24VAC should be present.</li> </ul>		
Blower not operating	Blower signal cable disconnected	Verify that the 5-position Molex connector on the wiring harness is securely connected to its mating connector on the blower.		
	Blower power disconnected	Verify that the 3-position Molex connector on the wiring harness is securely connected to its mating connector on the blower.		
	Blown fuse	Check Fuse "A" using the procedure described above. Fuse "A" protects the blower as well as the ignition spark generator and appliance pump.		
	Faulty blower	Measure voltage across pins 1 & 2 (black and white wires) of 3-position connector on wiring harness. If 120VAC detected, replace power connector and remove 5-position signal connector. Blower should rotate at high speed. If blower does not rotate, replace blower.		

Table 14-2 Thermistor Resistance vs. Temperature

Temp °F (°C)	Resistance Ohms (Ω)	Temp °F (°C)	Resistance Ohms (Ω)
-22 (-30)	176,133	122 (50)	3,603
-4 (-20)	96,761	131 (55)	2,986
14 (-10)	55,218	140 (60)	2,488
32 (0)	32,650	149 (65)	2,083
41 (5)	25,390	158 (70)	1,752
50 (10)	19,900	167 (75)	1,481
59 (15)	15,710	176 (80)	1,258
68 (20)	12,490	185 (85)	1,072
77 (25)	10,000	194 (90)	918
86 (30)	8,057	203 (95)	789
95 (35)	6,531	212 (100)	680
104 (40)	5,327	230 (110)	506
113 (45)	4,369	-	-

	Hold and Lockout Codes	
Code	Description	Note
0	None	Hold / No lockout
1	Unconfigured safety data	Lockout
2	Waiting for safety data verification	Lockout
3	Internal fault: Hardware fault	Hold
4	Internal fault: Safety Relay key feedback error	Hold
5	Internal fault: Unstable power (DCDC) output	Hold
6	Internal fault: Invalid processor clock	Hold
7	Internal fault: Safety relay drive error	Hold
8	Internal fault: Zero crossing not detected	Hold
9	Internal fault: Flame bias out of range	Hold
10	Internal fault: Invalid Burner control state	Lockout
11	Internal fault: Invalid Burner control state flag	Lockout
12	Internal fault: Safety relay drive cap short	Hold
13	Internal fault: PII shorted to ILK	Hold / Lockout
14	Internal fault: HFS shorted to LCI	Hold / Lockout
15	Internal fault: Safety relay test failed due to feedback ON	Lockout
16	Internal fault: Safety relay test failed due to safety relay OFF	Lockout
17	Internal fault: Safety relay test failed due to safety relay not OFF	Lockout
18	Internal fault: Safety relay test failed due to feedback not ON	Lockout
19	Internal fault: Safety RAM write	Lockout
20	Internal fault: Flame ripple and overflow	Hold
21	Internal fault: Flame number of sample mismatch	Hold
22	Internal fault: Flame bias out of range	Hold
23	Internal fault: Bias changed since heating cycle starts	Hold
24	Internal fault: Spark voltage stuck low or high	Hold
25	Internal fault: Spark voltage changed too much during flame sensing time	Hold
26	Internal fault: Static flame ripple	Hold
27	Internal fault: Flame rod shorted to ground detected	Hold
28	Internal fault: A/D linearity test fails	Hold
29	Internal fault: Flame bias cannot be set in range	Hold
30	Internal fault: Flame bias shorted to adjacent pin	Hold
31	Internal fault: SLO electronics unknown error	Hold
32	Internal fault: Safety Key 0	Lockout
33	Internal fault: Safety Key 1	Lockout
34	Internal fault: Safety Key 2	Lockout
35	Internal fault: Safety Key 3	Lockout
36	Internal fault: Safety Key 4	Lockout
37	Internal fault: Safety Key 5	Lockout
38	Internal fault: Safety Key 6	Lockout
39	Internal fault: Safety Key 7	Lockout
40	Internal fault: Safety Key 8	Lockout
41	Internal fault: Safety Key 9	Lockout
42	Internal fault: Safety Key 10	Lockout
43	Internal fault: Safety Key 11	Lockout
44	Internal fault: Safety Key 12	Lockout
45	Internal fault: Safety Key 13	Lockout
46	Internal fault: Safety Key 14	Lockout
47	Flame rod to ground leakage	Hold
48	Static flame (not flickering)	Hold

Table 14-3 Hold and Lockout Codes

Table 14-3 Hold and Lockout Codes		
Code	Description	Note
49	24VAC voltage low/high	Hold
50	Modulation fault	Hold
51	Pump fault	Hold
52	Motor tachometer fault	Hold
53	AC inputs phase reversed	Lockout
54-57	RESERVED	-
58	Internal fault: HFS shorted to IAS	Lockout
59	Internal fault: Mux pin shorted	Lockout
60	Internal fault: HFS shorted to LFS	Lockout
61	Anti short cycle	Hold
62	Fan speed not proved	Hold
63	LCI OFF	Hold
64	PII OFF	N/A
65	Interrupted Airflow Switch OFF	Hold
66	Interrupted Airflow Switch ON	Hold
67	ILK OFF	Hold
68	ILK ON	N/A
69	Pilot test hold	Hold
70	Wait for leakage test completion	Hold
71-77	RESERVED	-
78	Demand lost in run	Hold
79	Outlet high limit	Hold
80	DHW high limit	Disabled
81	Delta T limit	Hold / Lockout
82	Stack limit	Lockout
83-90	RESERVED	-
91	Inlet sensor fault	Hold
92	Outlet sensor fault	Hold
93	DHW sensor fault	Hold
94	Header sensor fault	Hold
95	Stack sensor fault	Hold
96	Outdoor sensor fault	Hold
97	Internal fault: A2D mismatch	Lockout
98	Internal fault: Exceeded VSNSR voltage tolerance	Lockout
99	Internal fault: Exceeded 28V voltage tolerance	Lockout
100	Pressure sensor fault	Hold
101-104	RESERVED	_
105	Flame detected out of sequence	Hold / Lockout
106	Flame lost in MFEP	Lockout
107	Flame lost early in run	Lockout
108	Flame lost early in run	Lockout
109	Ignition failed	Lockout
110	Ignition failure occurred	Hold
111	Flame current lower than WEAK threshold	Hold
112	Pilot test flame timeout	Lockout
113	Flame circuit timeout	Lockout
114-121	RESERVED	-
122	Light off rate proving failed	Lockout
123	Purge rate proving failed	Lockout
123	1 - 0.50 two proving tuned	Lockout

Table 14-3 Hold and Lockout Codes

Table 14-3 Hold and Lockout Codes		
Code	Description	Note
124	High fire switch OFF	Hold
125	High fire switch stuck ON	Hold
126	Low fire switch OFF	Hold
127	Low fire switch stuck ON	Hold
128	Fan speed failed during pre-purge	Hold / Lockout
129	Fan speed failed during pre-ignition	Hold / Lockout
130	Fan speed failed during ignition	Hold / Lockout
131	Fan movement detected during standby	Hold
132	Fan speed failed during run	Hold
133-135	RESERVED	-
136	Interrupted Airflow Switch failed to close	Hold
137	ILK failed to close	Hold
138-148	RESERVED	-
149	Flame detected	Hold / Lockout
150	Flame not detected	Hold
151	High fire switch ON	Hold / Lockout
152	Combustion pressure ON	Hold / Lockout
153	Combustion pressure OFF	Hold / Lockout
154	Purge fan switch ON	Hold / Lockout
155	Purge fan switch OFF	Hold / Lockout
156	Combustion pressure and Flame ON	Hold / Lockout
157	Combustion pressure and Flame OFF	Lockout
158	Main valve ON	Lockout
159	Main valve OFF	Lockout
160	Ignition ON	Lockout
161	Ignition OFF	Lockout
162	Pilot valve ON	Lockout
163	Pilot valve OFF	Lockout
164	Block intake ON	Lockout
165	Block intake OFF	Lockout
166-171	RESERVED	-
172	Main relay feedback incorrect	Lockout
173	Pilot relay feedback incorrect	Lockout
174	Safety relay feedback incorrect	Lockout
175	Safety relay open	Lockout
176	Main relay ON at safe start check	Lockout
177	Pilot relay ON at safe start check	Lockout
178	Safety relay ON at safe start check	Lockout
179-183	RESERVED	-
184	Invalid BLOWER/HSI output setting	Lockout
185	Invalid Delta T limit enable setting	Lockout
186	Invalid Delta T limit response setting	Lockout
187	Invalid DHW high limit enable setting	Lockout
188	Invalid DHW high limit response setting	Lockout
189	Invalid Flame sensor type setting	Lockout
190	Invalid interrupted air switch enable setting	Lockout
191	Invalid interrupted air switch start check enable setting	Lockout
192	Invalid Igniter on during setting	Lockout
193	Invalid Ignite failure delay setting	Lockout

Table 14-3 Hold and Lockout Codes

Table 14-3 Hold and Lockout Codes		
Code	Description	Note
194	Invalid Ignite failure response setting	Lockout
195	Invalid Ignite failure retries setting	Lockout
196	Invalid Ignition source setting	Lockout
197	Invalid Interlock open response setting	Lockout
198	Invalid Interlock start check setting	Lockout
199	Invalid LCI enable setting	Lockout
200	Invalid light off rate setting	Lockout
201	Invalid Light off rate proving setting	Lockout
202	Invalid Main Flame Establishing Period time setting	Lockout
203	Invalid MFEP flame failure response setting	Lockout
204	Invalid NTC sensor type setting	Lockout
205	Invalid Outlet high limit response setting	Lockout
206	Invalid Pilot Flame Establishing Period setting	Lockout
207	Invalid PII enable setting	Lockout
208	Invalid pilot test hold setting	Lockout
209	Invalid Pilot type setting	Lockout
210	Invalid Post-purge time setting	Lockout
211	Invalid Power up with lockout setting	Lockout
212	Invalid Pre-ignition time setting	Lockout
213	Invalid Pre-purge rate setting	Lockout
214	Invalid Pre-purge time setting	Lockout
215	Invalid Purge rate proving setting	Lockout
216	Invalid Run flame failure response setting	Lockout
217	Invalid Run stabilization time setting	Lockout
218	Invalid Stack limit enable setting	Lockout
219	Invalid Stack limit response setting	Lockout
220	Unconfigured Delta T limit set point setting	Lockout
221	Unconfigured DHW high limit set point setting	Lockout
222	Unconfigured Outlet high limit set point setting	Lockout
223	Unconfigured Stack limit set point setting	Lockout
224	Invalid DHW demand source setting	Lockout
225	Invalid Flame threshold setting	Lockout
226	Invalid Outlet high limit set point setting	Lockout
227	Invalid DHW high limit set point setting	Lockout
228	Invalid Stack limit set point setting	Lockout
229	Invalid Modulation output setting	Lockout
230	Invalid CH demand source setting	Lockout
231	Invalid Delta T limit delay setting	Lockout
232	Invalid Pressure sensor type setting	Lockout
233	Invalid IAS closed response setting	Lockout
234	Invalid Outlet high limit enable setting	Lockout
235	Invalid Outlet connector type setting	Lockout
236	Invalid Inlet connector type setting	Lockout
237	Invalid DHW connector type setting	Lockout
238	Invalid Stack connector type setting	Lockout
239	Invalid Header connector type setting	Lockout
240	Invalid Outdoor connector type setting	Lockout
241-255	RESERVED	-
255	1	

1 abie 14	-4 Alert Codes	
Code	Description	Action/Response
0	None (No alert)	
1	Alert PCB was restored from factory defaults	
2	Safety configuration parameters were restored from factory defaults	
3	Configuration parameters were restored from factory defaults	
4	Invalid Factory Invisibility PCB was detected	
5	Invalid Factory Range PCB was detected	
6	Invalid range PCB record has been dropped	
7	EEPROM lockout history was initialized	
8	Switched application annunciation data blocks	
9	Switched application configuration data blocks	
10	Configuration was restored from factory defaults	
11	Backup configuration settings was restored from active configuration	
12	Annunciation configuration was restored from factory defaults	
13	Annunciation configuration was restored from backup	
14	Safety group verification table was restored from factory defaults	
15	Safety group verification table was updated	
16	Invalid Parameter PCB was detected	
17	Invalid Range PCB was detected	
18	Alarm silence time exceeded maximum	
19	Invalid safety group verification table was detected	
20-26	RESERVED	
27	Safety processor was reset	
28	Application processor was reset	
29	Burner switch was turned OFF	
30		
31	Burner switch was turned ON	
	Program Module (PM) was inserted into socket	
32	Program Module (PM) was removed from socket	
33	Alert PCB was configured	
34	Parameter PCB was configured	
35	Range PCB was configured	
36	Program Module (PM) incompatible with product was inserted into socket	
37	Program Module application parameter revision differs from application processor	
38	Program Module safety parameter revision differs from safety processor	
39	PCB incompatible with product contained in Program Module	
40	Parameter PCB in Program Module is too large for product	
41	Range PCB in Program Module was too large for product	
42	Alert PCB in Program Module was too large for product	
43	IAS start check was forced on due to IAS enabled	
44	Low voltage was detected in safety processor	
45	High line frequency occurred	
46	Low line frequency occurred	
47	Invalid subsystem reset request occurred	
48	Write large enumerated Modbus register value was not allowed	
49	Maximum cycle count was reached	
50	Maximum hours count was reached	
51	Illegal Modbus write was attempted	
52	Modbus write attempt was rejected (NOT ALLOWED)	
53	Illegal Modbus read was attempted	
54	Safety processor brown-out reset occurred	

**Table 14-4 Alert Codes** 

Codo	Description	Action/Degrange
Code	Description	Action/Response
55	Application processor watchdog reset occurred	
56	Application processor brown-out reset occurred	
57	Safety processor watchdog reset occurred	
58	Alarm was reset by the user at the control	
59	Burner control firing rate was > absolute max rate	
60	Burner control firing rate was < absolute min rate	
61	Burner control firing rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
62	Burner control was firing with no fan request	
63	Burner control rate (non-firing) was > absolute max rate	
64	Burner control rate (non-firing) was < absolute min rate	
65	Burner control rate (non-firing) was absent	
66	Burner control rate (non-firing) was invalid, % vs. RPM	
67	Fan off cycle rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
68	Set point was over ridden due to sensor fault	
69	Modulation was over ridden due to sensor fault	
70-74	RESERVED	
75	Absolute max fan speed was out of range	
76	Absolute min fan speed was out of range	
77	Fan gain down was invalid	
78	Fan gain up was invalid	
79	Fan minimum duty cycle was invalid	
80	Fan pulses per revolution was invalid	
81	Fan PWM frequency was invalid	
82-89	RESERVED	
90	Modulation output type was invalid	
91	Firing rate control parameter was invalid	
92	Forced rate was out of range vs. min/max modulation	
93	Forced rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
94	Slow start ramp value was invalid	
95	Slow start degrees value was invalid	
96	Slow start was ended due to outlet sensor fault	
97	Slow start was end due to reference set point fault	
98	CH max modulation rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
99	CH max modulation rate was > absolute max rate	
100	CH modulation range (max minus min) was too small (< 4% or 40 RPM)	
101	DHW max modulation rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
102	DHW max modulation rate was > absolute max rate	
103	DHW modulation range (max minus min) was too small (< 4% or 40 RPM)	
104	Min modulation rate was < absolute min rate	
105	Min modulation rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
106	Manual rate was invalid, % vs. RPM	
107	Slow start enabled, but forced rate was invalid	
108	Analog output hysteresis was invalid	
109	Analog modulation output type was invalid	
110	IAS open rate differential was invalid	
111	IAS open step rate was invalid	
112-114	RESERVED	
115	Fan was limited to its minimum duty cycle	
116	Manual rate was > CH max modulation rate	

	-4 Alert Codes	
Code	Description	Action/Response
117	Manual rate was > DHW max modulation rate	
118	Manual rate was < min modulation rate	
119	Manual rate in Standby was > absolute max rate	
120	Modulation commanded rate was > CH max modulation rate	
121	Modulation commanded rate was > DHW max modulation rate	
122	Modulation commanded rate was < min modulation rate	
123	Modulation rate was limited due to outlet limit	
124	Modulation rate was limited due to Delta-T limit	
125	Modulation rate was limited due to stack limit	
126	Modulation rate was limited due to anti-condensation	
127	Fan Speed out of range in RUN	
128	Modulation rate was limited due to IAS was open	
129	Slow start ramp setting of zero will result in no modulation rate change	
130	RESERVED	
131	CH demand source was invalid	
132	CH P-gain was invalid	
133	CH I-gain was invalid	
134	CH D-gain was invalid	
135	CH OFF hysteresis was invalid	
136	CH ON hysteresis was invalid	
137	CH sensor type was invalid	
138	CH hysteresis step time was invalid	
139	CH remote control parameter was invalid	
140	CH ODR not allowed with remote control	
141-145	RESERVED	
146	CH control was suspended due to fault	
147	CH header temperature was invalid	
148	CH outlet temperature was invalid	
149	CH steam pressure was invalid	
150-156		
157	DHW demand source was invalid	
158	DHW P-gain was invalid	
159	DHW I-gain was invalid	
160	DHW D-gain was invalid	
161	DHW OFF hysteresis was invalid	
162	DHW ON hysteresis was invalid	
163	DHW hysteresis step time was invalid	
164	DHW sensor type was invalid	
165	Inlet sensor type was invalid for DHW	
166	Outlet sensor type was invalid for DHW	
167-170	RESERVED	
171	DHW control was suspended due to fault	
172	DHW temperature was invalid	
173	DHW inlet temperature was invalid  DHW inlet temperature was invalid	
174	DHW inlet temperature was invalid  DHW outlet temperature was invalid	
	•	
175-182	RESERVED	
183	Lead Lag P-gain was invalid	
184	Lead Lag I-gain was invalid	
185	Lead Lag D-gain was invalid	

**Table 14-4 Alert Codes** 

Code	Description	Action/Degrange
186	Lead Lag OFF hysteresis was invalid	Action/Response
187		
188	Lead Lag ON hysteresis was invalid  Lead Lag slave enable was invalid	
189	Lead Lag hysteresis step time was invalid	
	RESERVED	
190-203 204		
	Lead Lag master was suspended due to fault	
205	Lead Lag slave was suspended due to fault	
	Lead Lag header temperature was invalid	
207	Lead Lag was suspended due to no enabled Program Module installed	
208	Lead Lag slave session has timed out	
209-221	RESERVED	
222	CH frost protection temperature was invalid	
223	CH frost protection inlet temperature was invalid	
224	DHW frost protection temperature was invalid	-
225-230	RESERVED	
231	LL set point was invalid	
232	LL time of day set point was invalid	
233	LL outdoor temperature was invalid	
234	LL ODR time of day set point was invalid	
235	LL ODR time of day set point exceeded normal set point	
236	LL max outdoor set point was invalid	
237	LL min outdoor set point was invalid	
238	LL min water set point was invalid	
239	LL outdoor temperature range was too small (minimum 12 C / 22 F)	
240	LL water temperature range was too small (minimum 12 C / 22 F)	
241-245	RESERVED	
246	CH set point was invalid	
247	CH time of day set point was invalid	
248	CH outdoor temperature was invalid	-
249	CH ODR time of day setpoint was invalid	
250	CH ODR time of day set point exceeds normal set point	-
251	CH max outdoor set point was invalid	
252	CH min outdoor setp oint was invalid	
253	CH min water set point was invalid	
254	CH outdoor temperature range was too small (minimum 12 C / 22 F)	
255	CH water temperature range was too small (minimum 12 C / 22 F)	
256-260	RESERVED	
261	DHW set point was invalid	
262	DHW time of day set point was invalid	
263-271	RESERVED	
272	Abnormal Recycle: Pressure sensor fault	
273	Abnormal Recycle: Safety relay drive test failed	
274	Abnormal Recycle: Demand off during Pilot Flame Establishing Period	
275	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Drive to Purge Rate	
276	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Measured Purge Time	
277	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Drive to Light off Rate	
278	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Pre-Ignition test	
279	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Pre-Ignition time	
280	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Main Flame Establishing Period	

Table 14-4 Alert Codes		
Code	Description	Action/Response
281	Abnormal Recycle: LCI off during Ignition period	
282	Abnormal Recycle: Demand off during Drive to Purge Rate	
283	Abnormal Recycle: Demand off during Measured Purge Time	
284	Abnormal Recycle: Demand off during Drive to Light off Rate	
285	Abnormal Recycle: Demand off during Pre-Ignition test	
286	Abnormal Recycle: Demand off during Pre-Ignition time	
287	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was on during Safe Start check	
288	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was on during Drive to Purge Rate	
289	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was on during Measured Purge Time	
290	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was on during Drive to Light off Rate	
291	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was not on at end of Ignition period	
292	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was lost during Main Flame Establishing Period	
293	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was lost early in Run	
294	Abnormal Recycle: Flame was lost during Run	
295	Abnormal Recycle: Leakage test failed	
296	Abnormal Recycle: Interrupted air flow switch was off during Drive to Purge Rate	
297	Abnormal Recycle: Interrupted air flow switch was off during Measured Purge Time	
298	Abnormal Recycle: Interrupted air flow switch was off during Drive to Light off Rate	
299	Abnormal Recycle: Interrupted air flow switch was off during Pre-Ignition test	
300	Abnormal Recycle: Interrupted air flow switch was off during Pre-Ignition time	
301	Abnormal Recycle: Interrupted air flow switch was off during Main Flame Establishing Period	
302	Abnormal Recycle: Ignition failed due to interrupted air flow switch was off	
303	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Drive to Purge Rate	
304	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Measured Purge Time	
305	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Drive to Light off Rate	
306	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Pre-Ignition test	
307	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Pre-Ignition time	
308	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Main Flame Establishing Period	
309	Abnormal Recycle: ILK off during Ignition period	
310	Run was terminated due to ILK was off	
311	Run was terminated due to interrupted air flow switch was off	
312	Stuck reset switch	
313	Run was terminated due to fan failure	
314	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Drive to Purge Rate	
315	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Measured Purge Time	
316	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Drive to Light off Rate	
317	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Pre-Ignition test	
318	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Pre-Ignition time	
319	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Ignition period	
320	Abnormal Recycle: Fan failed during Main Flame Establishing Period	
321	Abnormal Recycle: Main Valve off after 10 seconds of RUN	
322	Abnormal Recycle: Pilot Valve off after 10 seconds of RUN	
323	Abnormal Recycle: Safety Relay off after 10 seconds of RUN	
324	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware flame bias	
325	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware static flame	
326	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware flame current invalid	
327	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware flame rod short	
328	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware invalid power	
329	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware invalid AC line	

**Table 14-4 Alert Codes** 

	-4 Alert Codes	1
Code	Description	Action/Response
330	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO flame ripple	
331	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO flame sample	
332	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO flame bias range	
333	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO flame bias heat	
334	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO spark stuck	
335	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO spark changed	
336	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO static flame	
337	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO rod shorted	
338	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO AD linearity	
339	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO bias not set	
340	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO bias shorted	
341	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware SLO electronics	
342	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware processor clock	
343	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware AC phase	
344	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware A2D mismatch	
345	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware VSNSR A2D	
346	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware 28V A2D	
347	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware HFS IAS shorted	
348	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware PII INTLK shorted	
349	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware HFS LCI shorted	
350	Abnormal Recycle: Hardware HFS LFS shorted	
351	Abnormal Recycle: Invalid zero crossing	
352	Abnormal Recycle: fault stack sensor	
353	Abnormal Recycle: stack limit	
354	Abnormal Recycle: delta T limit	
355	Abnormal Recycle: fault outlet sensor	
356	Abnormal Recycle: outlet high limit	
357	Abnormal Recycle: fault DHW sensor	
358	Abnormal Recycle: DHW high limit	
359	Abnormal Recycle: fault inlet sensor	
360	Abnormal Recycle: Check Parameters Failed	
361	Internal error: No factory parameters were detected in control	
362	Internal error: PID iteration frequency was invalid	
363	Internal error: Demand-Rate interval time was invalid	
364	Internal error: Factory calibration parameter for modulation was invalid	
365	Internal error: CH PID P-scaler was invalid	
366	Internal error: CH PID I-scaler was invalid	
367	Internal error: CH PID D-scaler was invalid	
368	Internal error: DHW PID P-scaler was invalid	
369	Internal error: DHW PID I-scaler was invalid	
370	Internal error: DHW PID I-scaler was invalid  Internal error: DHW PID D-scaler was invalid	
371	Internal error: Lead Lag master PID P-scaler was invalid	
372	Internal error: Lead Lag master PID I-scaler was invalid	
373	Internal error: Lead Lag master PID D-scaler was invalid	
374-459	RESERVED	
460	LCI demand lost in run	
461	Demand lost in run	
462	STAT demand lost in run	
463	Demand lost in run due to no flame	

Code	Description	Action/Response
464-	RESERVED	
467	Internal error: EEPROM write was attempted before EEPROM was initialized	
468	Internal error: EEPROM cycle count address was invalid	
469	Internal error: EEPROM days count address was invalid	
470	Internal error: EEPROM hours count address was invalid	
471	Internal error: Lockout record EEPROM index was invalid	
472	Internal error: Request to write PM status was invalid	
473	Internal error: PM parameter address was invalid	
474	Internal error: PM safety parameter address was invalid	
475	Internal error: Invalid record in lockout history was removed	
476	Internal error: EEPROM write buffer was full	
477	Internal error: Data too large was not written to EEPROM	
478	Internal error: Safety key bit 0 was incorrect	
479	Internal error: Safety key bit 1 was incorrect	
480	Internal error: Safety key bit 2 was incorrect	
481	Internal error: Safety key bit 3 was incorrect	
482	Internal error: Safety key bit 4 was incorrect	
483	Internal error: Safety key bit 5 was incorrect	
484	Internal error: Safety key bit 6 was incorrect	
485	Internal error: Safety key bit 7 was incorrect	
486	Internal error: Safety key bit 8 was incorrect	
487	Internal error: Safety key bit 9 was incorrect	
488	Internal error: Safety key bit 10 was incorrect	
489	Internal error: Safety key bit 11 was incorrect	
490	Internal error: Safety key bit 12 was incorrect	
491	Internal error: Safety key bit 13 was incorrect	
492	Internal error: Safety key bit 14 was incorrect	
493	Internal error: Safety key bit 15 was incorrect	
494	Internal error: Safety relay timeout	
495	Internal error: Safety relay commanded off	
496	Internal error: Unknown safety error occurred	
497	Internal error: Safety timer was corrupt	
498	Internal error: Safety timer was expired	
499	Internal error: Safety timings	
500	Internal error: Safety shutdown	



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